

**PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION**

**PLANO MUNICIPAL CENTER**

**1520 K AVENUE**

**November 5, 2007**

<b>ITEM NO.</b>	<b>EXPLANATION</b>	<b>ACTION TAKEN</b>
	<p><b>6:30 p.m. - Dinner - Planning Conference Room 2E</b></p> <p><b>7:00 p.m. - Regular Meeting - Council Chambers</b></p> <p><b>The Planning &amp; Zoning Commission may convene into Executive Session pursuant to Section 55.071 of the Texas Government Code to consult with its attorney regarding posted items in the regular meeting.</b></p> <p><b>1</b> Call to Order/Pledge of Allegiance</p> <p><b>2</b> Approval of Agenda as Presented</p> <p><b>3</b> Approval of Minutes for the October 15, 2007, Planning &amp; Zoning Commission Meeting</p> <p><b>4</b> <b>General Discussion:</b> The Planning &amp; Zoning Commission will hear comments of public interest. Time restraints may be directed by the Chair of the Planning &amp; Zoning Commission. Specific factual information, explanation of current policy, or clarification of Planning &amp; Zoning Commission authority may be made in response to an inquiry. Any other discussion or decision must be limited to a proposal to place the item on a future agenda.</p> <p><b><u>CONSENT AGENDA</u></b></p> <p><b>5a</b> <b>Revised Concept Plan:</b> Palomino Crossing Addition, Block 1, Lots 1-12 - Retail, restaurant, and office on 12 lots on 55.0± acres located at the southeast corner of Spring Creek Parkway and State Highway 121. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #14. <b>Applicant: Sealy Spring Creek Partners L.P.</b></p> <p><b>5b</b> <b>Conveyance Plat:</b> Palomino Crossing Addition, Block 1, Lots 1 &amp; 2 - Two conveyance lots on 55.0± acres located at the southeast corner of Spring Creek Parkway and State Highway 121. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #14. <b>Applicant: Sealy Spring Creek Partners L.P.</b></p>	

<p><b>5c TF</b></p>	<p><b>Revised Site Plan:</b> Capital One Addition, Block 1, Lots 2 &amp; 3 - General office on two lots on 47.6± acres located at the northwest corner of Preston Road and Hedgcoxe Road. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #8. <b>Applicant: Capital One</b></p>
<p><b>5d TF</b></p>	<p><b>Revised Preliminary Plat:</b> Capital One Addition, Block 1, Lots 2 &amp; 3 - General office on two lots on 47.6± acres located at the northwest corner of Preston Road and Hedgcoxe Road. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #8. <b>Applicant: Capital One</b></p>
<p><b>5e TF</b></p>	<p><b>Preliminary Plat:</b> Communications Parkway Substation, Block 1, Lot 1 - Electrical substation on one lot on 3.4± acres located on the east side of Communications Parkway, 900± feet north of Windhaven Parkway. Zoned Regional Employment with Specific Use Permit #586. Neighborhood #26. <b>Applicant: Oncor Electric Delivery Company</b></p>
<p><b>5f BT</b></p>	<p><b>Preliminary Plat:</b> Oak Point Park &amp; Nature Preserve, Block B, Lot 1 - Park on one lot on 155.6± acres located at the southeast corner of Jupiter Road and Los Rios Boulevard. Zoned Agricultural. Neighborhood #24. <b>Applicant: City of Plano</b></p>
<p><b>5g EH</b></p>	<p><b>Revised Site Plan:</b> Frito-Lay National Headquarters, Block 1, Lot 1 - General offices on one lot on 218.2± acres located generally at the southeast corner of Headquarters Drive and Spring Creek Parkway. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #14. <b>Applicant: Frito-Lay, Inc.</b></p>
<p><b>5h EH</b></p>	<p><b>Final Plat:</b> Stream Data Center, Block A, Lot 1 - Warehouse on one lot on 20.0± acres located on the west side of Pinecrest Drive, 91± feet north of Spring Creek Parkway. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #16. <b>Applicant: Pinecrest R.T.F. 1 L.P.</b></p>
<p><b>5i EH</b></p>	<p><b>Final Plat:</b> Turnpike Commons, Block 1, Lot 1 - Office-showroom/warehouse building on one lot on 3.3± acres located at the northeast corner of Wyngate Boulevard and Wynwood Drive. Zoned Research/Technology Center. Neighborhood #68. <b>Applicant: Wynwood Resources, Ltd.</b></p>
<p><b>5j EH</b></p>	<p><b>Revised Preliminary Site Plan:</b> Baylor Medical Center of Plano, Block A, Lot 1R - Hospital and medical office buildings on one lot on 22.5± acres located at the southeast corner of Allied Drive and Alliance Boulevard. Zoned Planned Development-138-Retail/General Office with Specific Use Permit #164. Neighborhood #55. <b>Applicant: Baylor Healthcare Systems</b></p>
<p><b><u>END OF CONSENT AGENDA</u></b></p>	

**PUBLIC HEARINGS**

- |          |  |
|----------|--|
| 6<br>EH  | <b>Public Hearing:</b> Zoning Case 2007-47 - Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #165 for Private Club on one lot on 0.9± acre located on the east side of U.S. Highway 75, 808± feet north of Parker Road. Zoned Corridor Commercial. <b>Applicant: City of Plano</b>  |
| 7<br>EH  | <b>Public Hearing:</b> Zoning Case 2007-48 - Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #176 for Private Club on one lot on 0.1± acre located on the west side of U.S. Highway 75, 838± feet north of Parker Road. Zoned Corridor Commercial. <b>Applicant: City of Plano</b>  |
| 8<br>TF  | <b>Public Hearing:</b> Zoning Case 2007-49 - Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #178 for Private Club on one lot on 0.1± acre located on the west side of U.S. Highway 75, 1,450± feet south of 15th Street. Zoned Corridor Commercial. <b>Applicant: City of Plano</b>  |
| 9<br>TF  | <b>Public Hearing:</b> Zoning Case 2007-50 - Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #182 for Private Club on one lot on 2.0± acres located at the northeast corner of U.S. Highway 75 and Plano Parkway. Zoned Corridor Commercial. <b>Applicant: City of Plano</b>  |
| 10<br>TE | <b>Public Hearing:</b> Zoning Case 2007-51 - Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #201 for Private Club on one lot on 0.1± acre located on the west side of U.S. Highway 75, 393± feet north of Enterprise Drive. Zoned Corridor Commercial. <b>Applicant: City of Plano</b>   |
| 11<br>TE | <b>Public Hearing:</b> Zoning Case 2007-52 - Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #202 for Private Club on one lot on 0.1± acre located at the northwest corner of Parker Road and Silverstone Drive. Zoned Planned Development-90-Retail. <b>Applicant: City of Plano</b>   |
| 12<br>BT | <b>Public Hearing:</b> Zoning Case 2007-53 - Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #204 for Private Club on one lot on 1.5± acres located on the east side of U.S. Highway 75, 380± feet north of Plano Parkway. Zoned Corridor Commercial. <b>Applicant: City of Plano</b>   |
| 13<br>BT | <b>Public Hearing:</b> Zoning Case 2007-54 - Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #205 for Private Club on one lot on 1.9± acres located on the north side of 15th Street, 168± feet west of U.S. Highway 75. Zoned Planned Development-469-Corridor Commercial. <b>Applicant: City of Plano</b>                       |
| 14<br>EH | <b>Public Hearing:</b> Zoning Case 2007-55 - Request to amend Planned Development-185-Regional Commercial development standards on 14.8± acres located at the northeast corner of Parker Road and Dallas North Tollway. Zoned Planned Development-185-Regional Commercial. <b>Applicant: Haggard Enterprises Limited</b> |

<p><b>15 BT</b></p>	<p><b>Public Hearing - Replat:</b> All Star Skate Addition, Block A, Lot 1R - Commercial amusement (indoor) on one lot on 3.1± acres located on the south side of 14th Street, 400± feet east of Jupiter Road. Zoned Retail with Specific Use Permit #482. Neighborhood #68. <b>Applicant: Branom Properties</b></p>
<p><b>16 BT</b></p>	<p><b>Public Hearing - Replat:</b> E.I.G. II Addition, Block 1, Lot 2R - Office and warehouse building on one lot on 2.0± acres located south of 10th Street, 208± feet west of N Avenue. Zoned Light Industrial-1. Neighborhood #67. <b>Applicant: OCS Family Limited Partnership</b></p>
<p><b>17 BT</b></p>	<p><b>Public Hearing - Replat:</b> Grainger Addition, Block 1, Lot 1R - Warehouse/Distribution center on one lot on 2.5± acres located on the north side of Plano Parkway, 415± feet east of Jupiter Road. Zoned Light Industrial-1. Neighborhood #68. <b>Applicant: W. W. Grainger, Inc.</b></p>
<p><b>18 BT</b></p>	<p><b>Public Hearing - Preliminary Replat:</b> United National Bank Addition, Block 1, Lots 1R &amp; 2R - Retail building and bank on two lots on 3.2± acres located at the northeast corner of Parker Road and Premier Drive. Zoned Corridor Commercial. Neighborhood #36. <b>Applicant: Comerica Bank and CVS Caremark Corporation</b></p>
<p><b>19 EH</b></p>	<p><b>Public Hearing - Revised Preliminary Replat &amp; Revised Site Plan:</b> United City Center Addition, Block 1, Lot 3R - Retail building on one lot on 0.7± acre located at the southeast corner of 15th Street and Independence Parkway. Zoned Planned Development-125-Retail/General Office. Neighborhood #65. <b>Applicant: Agnich Independence, LP</b></p>
<p><b>20 TF</b></p>	<p><b>Public Hearing - Replat:</b> The Shops at Legacy Town Center (North), Block C, Lots 1R &amp; 5 - Retail, restaurant, office, and multifamily residential on two lots on 13.0± acres located at the northeast corner of Dallas Parkway and Legacy Drive. Zoned Planned Development-65-Central Business-1. Neighborhood #8. <b>Applicant: The Karahan Companies</b></p>
<p><b><u>END OF PUBLIC HEARINGS</u></b></p>	
<p><b>21 SS</b></p>	<p><b>Discussion and Direction:</b> Comprehensive Plan Update - Discussion and direction on the update of the Land Use and Transportation Elements of the Comprehensive Plan. <b>Applicant: City of Plano</b></p>
<p><b>22 JZ</b></p>	<p><b>Discussion:</b> Discontinuation of Impact Fee Program - The Planning &amp; Zoning Commission will convene as the Impact Fee Advisory Committee. <b>Applicant: City of Plano</b></p>

**23  
TE**

**Discussion and Direction:** Selection of 2008 Work Session Meeting Dates - Discussion and direction on the selection of Planning & Zoning Commission work session dates and times for 2008. **Applicant: City of Plano**

**24**

**Items for Future Discussion** - The Planning & Zoning Commission may identify issues or topics that they wish to schedule for discussion at a future meeting.

**ACCESSIBILITY STATEMENT**

Plano Municipal Center is wheelchair accessible. A sloped curb entry is available at the main entrance facing Municipal Avenue, with specially marked parking spaces nearby. Access and special parking are also available on the north side of the building. Requests for sign interpreters or special services must be received forty-eight (48) hours prior to the meeting time by calling the Planning Department at (972) 941-7151.

**CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION  
PUBLIC HEARING PROCEDURES**

**The Planning & Zoning Commission welcomes your thoughts and comments on these agenda items. The commission does ask, however, that if you wish to speak on an item you:**

1. **Fill out a speaker card.** This helps the commission know how many people wish to speak for or against an item, and helps in recording the minutes of the meeting. **However, even if you do not fill out a card, you may still speak.** Please give the card to the secretary at the right-hand side of the podium before the meeting begins.
2. **Limit your comments to new issues dealing directly with the case or item.** Please try not to repeat the comments of other speakers.
3. **Limit your speaking time so that others may also have a turn.** If you are part of a group or homeowners association, it is best to choose one representative to present the views of your group. The commission's adopted rules on speaker times are as follows:

- 15 minutes for the applicant - After the public hearing is opened, the Chair of the Planning & Zoning Commission will ask the applicant to speak first.
- 3 minutes each for all other speakers, up to a maximum of 45 minutes. Individual speakers may yield their time to a homeowner association or other group representative, up to a maximum of 15 minutes of speaking time.

If you are a group representative and other speakers have yielded their 3 minutes to you, please present their speaker cards along with yours to the secretary.

- 5 minutes for applicant rebuttal.
- Other time limits may be set by the Chairman.

**The commission values your testimony and appreciates your compliance with these guidelines.**

For more information on the items on this agenda, or any other planning, zoning, or transportation issue, please contact the Planning Department at (972) 941-7151.

CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION  
CONSENT AGENDA ITEMS

November 5, 2007

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**Agenda Item No. 5a**

**Revised Concept Plan:** Palomino Crossing Addition, Block 1, Lots 1-12  
**Applicant:** Sealy Spring Creek Partners L.P.

Retail, restaurant, and office on 12 lots on 55.0± acres located at the southeast corner of Spring Creek Parkway and State Highway 121. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #14.

Recommended for approval subject to Fire Department approval of a variance to the 150-foot hose-lay requirement.

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**Agenda Item No. 5b**

**Conveyance Plat:** Palomino Crossing Addition, Block 1, Lots 1 & 2  
**Applicant:** Sealy Spring Creek Partners L.P.

Two conveyance lots on 55.0± acres located at the southeast corner of Spring Creek Parkway and State Highway 121. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #14.

Recommended for approval as submitted.

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**Agenda Item No. 5c**

**Revised Site Plan:** Capital One Addition, Block 1, Lots 2 & 3  
**Applicant:** Capital One

General office on two lots on 47.6± acres located at the northwest corner of Preston Road and Hedgcoxe Road. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #8.

The purpose of this revised site plan is to adjust the shared property line between Lots 2 and 3 in order to accommodate signage and to modify easements necessary for development.

Recommended for approval as submitted subject to Fire Department approval of a variance to the 150-foot hose-lay requirement.

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**Agenda Item No. 5d**  
**Revised Preliminary Plat:** Capital One Addition, Block 1, Lots 2 & 3  
**Applicant:** Capital One

General office on two lots on 47.6± acres located at the northwest corner of Preston Road and Hedgcoxe Road. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #8.

The purpose of the revised preliminary plat is to adjust the shared property line between Lots 2 and 3 in order to accommodate signage and to modify easements necessary for development.

Recommended for approval subject to additions and/or alterations to the engineering plans as required by the Engineering Department.

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**Agenda Item No. 5e**  
**Preliminary Plat:** Communications Parkway Substation, Block 1, Lot 1  
**Applicant:** Oncor Electric Delivery Company

Electrical substation on one lot on 3.4± acres located on the east side of Communications Parkway, 900± feet north of Windhaven Parkway. Zoned Regional Employment with Specific Use Permit #586. Neighborhood #26.

Recommended for approval subject to additions and/or alterations to the engineering plans as required by the Engineering Department.

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**Agenda Item No. 5f**  
**Preliminary Plat:** Oak Point Park & Nature Preserve, Block B, Lot 1  
**Applicant:** City of Plano

Park on one lot on 155.6± acres located at the southeast corner of Jupiter Road and Los Rios Boulevard. Zoned Agricultural. Neighborhood #24.

Recommended for approval subject to additions and/or alterations to the engineering plans as required by the Engineering Department.

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**Agenda Item No. 5g**  
**Revised Site Plan:** Frito-Lay National Headquarters, Block 1, Lot 1  
**Applicant:** Frito-Lay, Inc.

General offices on one lot on 218.2± acres located generally at the southeast corner of Headquarters Drive and Spring Creek Parkway. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #14.

The purpose of the revised site plan is to propose a new support building and add 3,500 square feet to an existing building.

Recommended for approval as submitted.

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**Agenda Item No. 5h**  
**Final Plat:** Stream Data Center, Block A, Lot 1  
**Applicant:** Pinecrest R.T.F. 1 L.P.

Warehouse on one lot on 20.0± acres located on the west side of Pinecrest Drive, 91± feet north of Spring Creek Parkway. Zoned Commercial Employment. Neighborhood #16.

Recommended for approval as submitted.

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**Agenda Item No. 5i**  
**Final Plat:** Turnpike Commons, Block 1, Lot 1  
**Applicant:** Wynwood Resources, Ltd.

Office-showroom/warehouse building on one lot on 3.3± acres located at the northeast corner of Wyngate Boulevard and Wynwood Drive. Zoned Research/Technology Center. Neighborhood #68.

Recommended for approval as submitted.

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**Agenda Item No. 5j**

**Revised Preliminary Site Plan:** Baylor Medical Center of Plano, Block A, Lot 1R

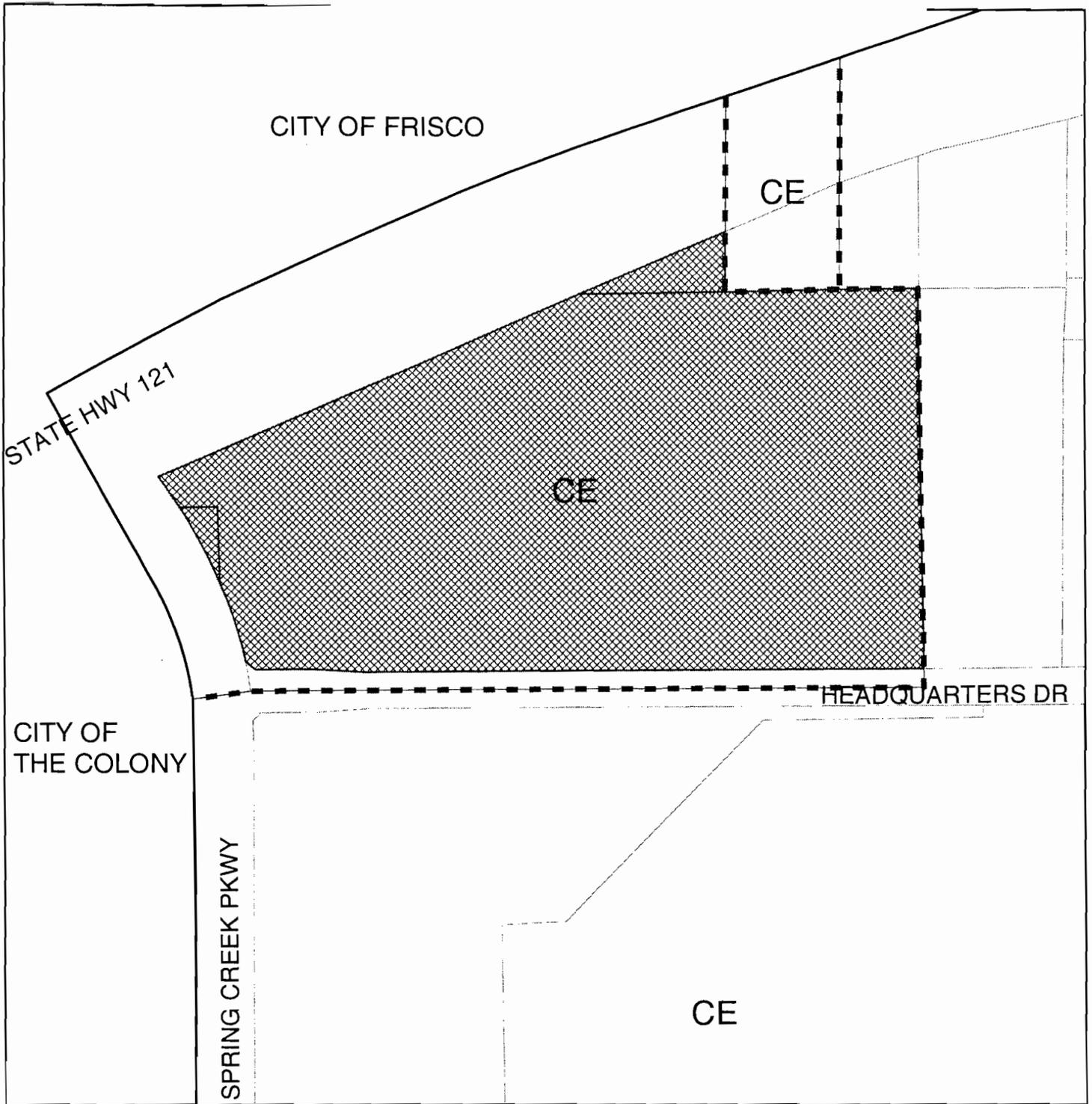
**Applicant:** Baylor Healthcare Systems

Hospital and medical office buildings on one lot on 22.5± acres located at the southeast corner of Allied Drive and Alliance Boulevard. Zoned Planned Development-138-Retail/General Office with Specific Use Permit #164. Neighborhood #55.

The purpose of the revised preliminary site plan is to extend the height of the proposed medical office building and parking garage.

Recommended for approval as submitted.

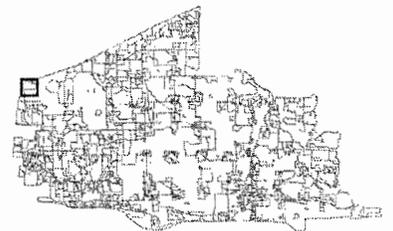
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Item Submitted: REVISED CONCEPT PLAN

Title: PALOMINO CROSSING ADDITION  
BLOCK 1, LOTS 1-12

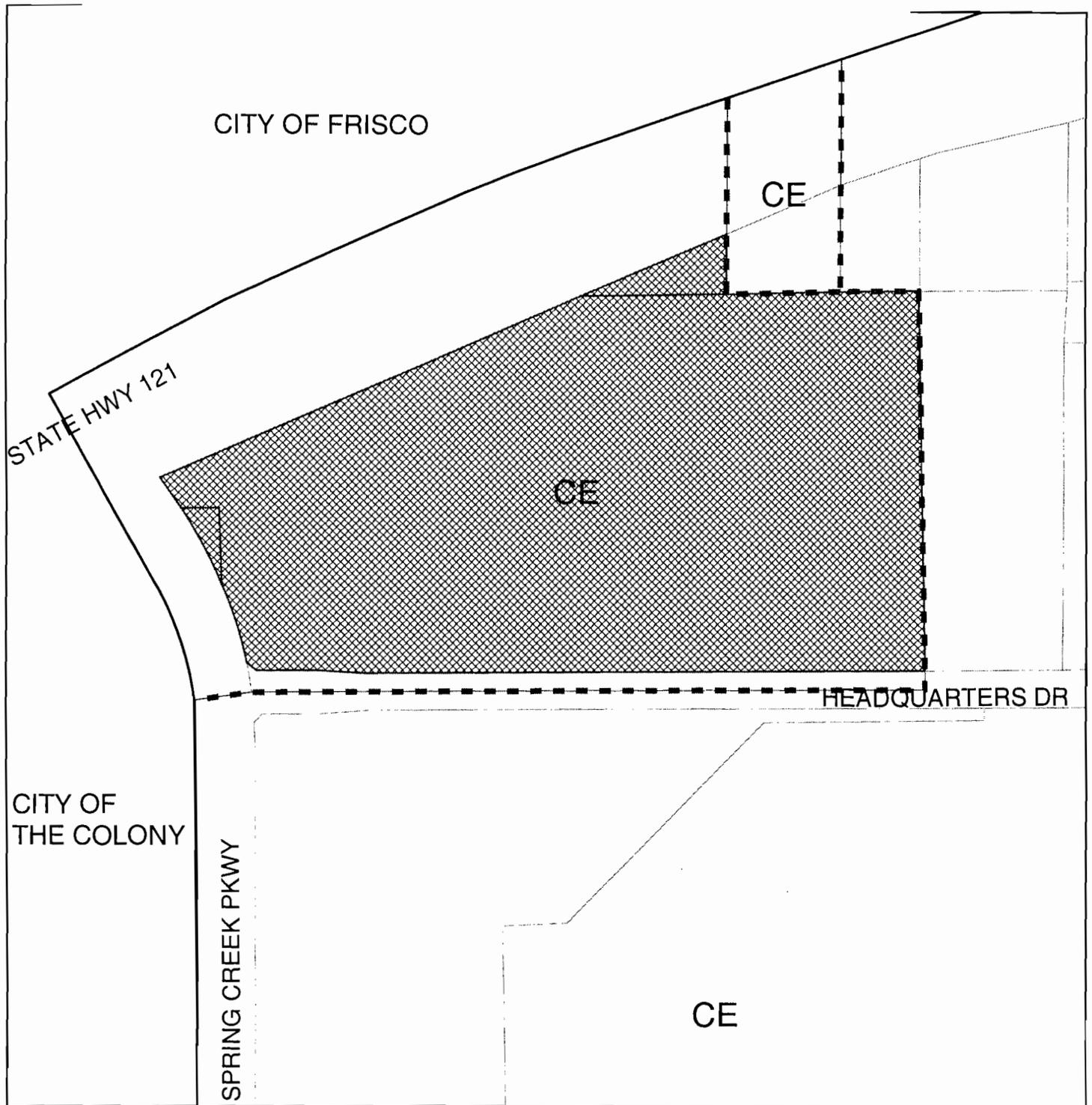
Zoning: COMMERCIAL EMPLOYMENT



○ 200' Notification Buffer



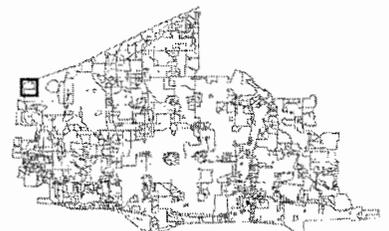




Item Submitted: CONVEYANCE PLAT

Title: PALOMINO CROSSING ADDITION  
BLOCK 1, LOTS 1 & 2

Zoning: COMMERCIAL EMPLOYMENT



○ 200' Notification Buffer





PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

NOTICE: SALT SPRING CREEK PARTNERS, L.P. and the owners of a 5.5041 acre tract of land situated in the U.P. ...

NOTICE: In a conveyance, along the east and west lines of 21st Highway 121, the following line (8) sets:

NOTICE: SALT SPRING CREEK PARTNERS, L.P. and the owners of a 5.5041 acre tract of land situated in the U.P. ...

NOTICE: In a conveyance, along the east and west lines of 21st Highway 121, the following line (9) sets:

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NOTICE: SALT SPRING CREEK PARTNERS, L.P. and the owners of a 5.5041 acre tract of land situated in the U.P. ...

NOTE: THEREFORE, KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS

THAT SALT SPRING CREEK PARTNERS, L.P. and the owners of a 5.5041 acre tract of land situated in the U.P. ...

NOTICE: In a conveyance, along the east and west lines of 21st Highway 121, the following line (8) sets:

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Table with columns: CURVE, BEARING, LENGTH, CHORD BEARING, CHORD LENGTH. Contains curve data for various segments.

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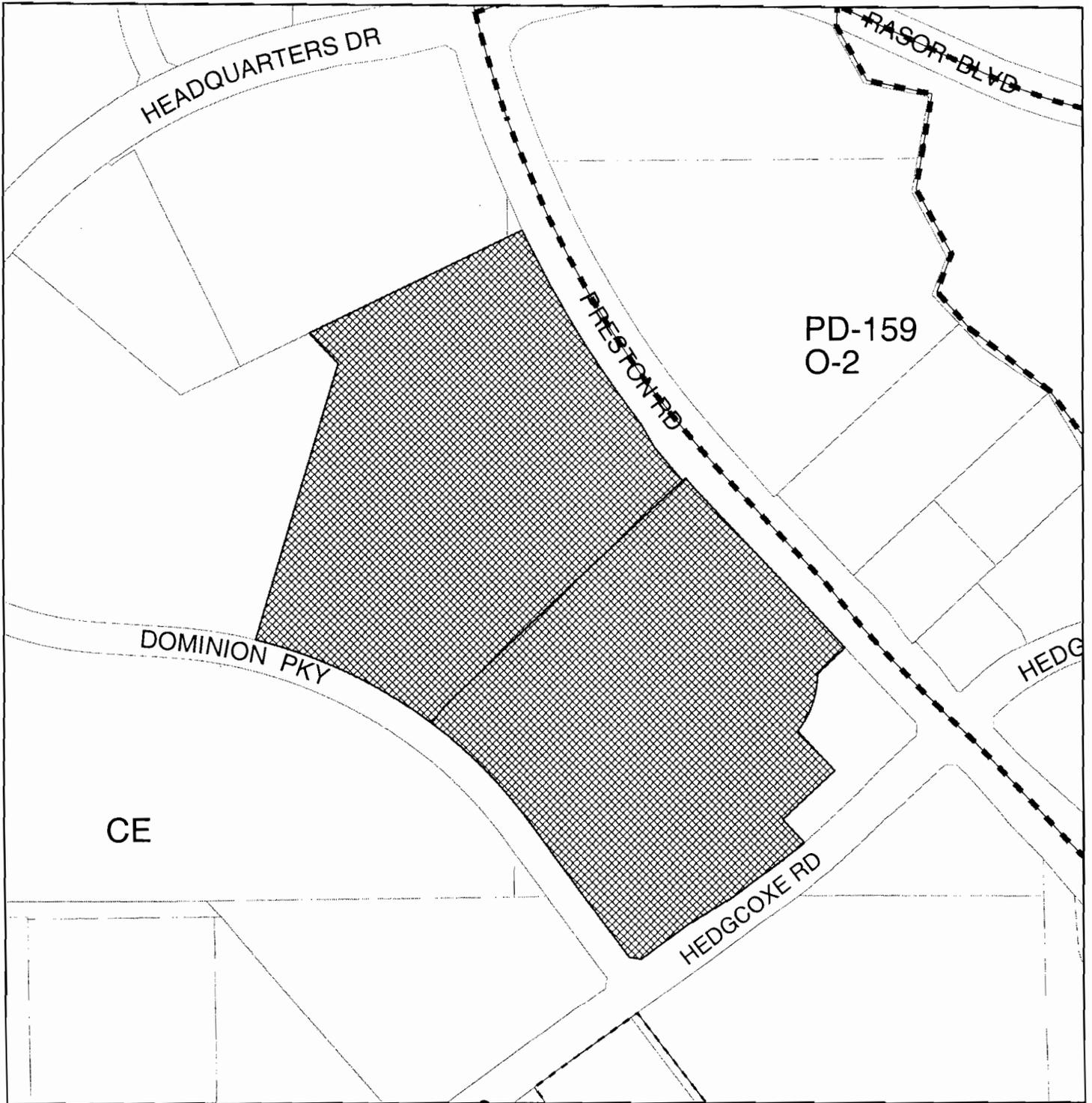
Professional Engineer information for Pacheco Koch Consulting Engineers, including name, address, license number, and contact details.

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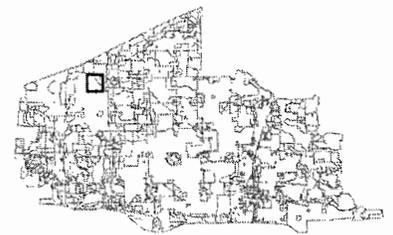
Professional Engineer information for Pacheco Koch Consulting Engineers, including name, address, license number, and contact details.



Item Submitted: REVISED SITE PLAN

Title: CAPITAL ONE ADDITION  
BLOCK 1, LOTS 2 & 3

Zoning: COMMERCIAL EMPLOYMENT

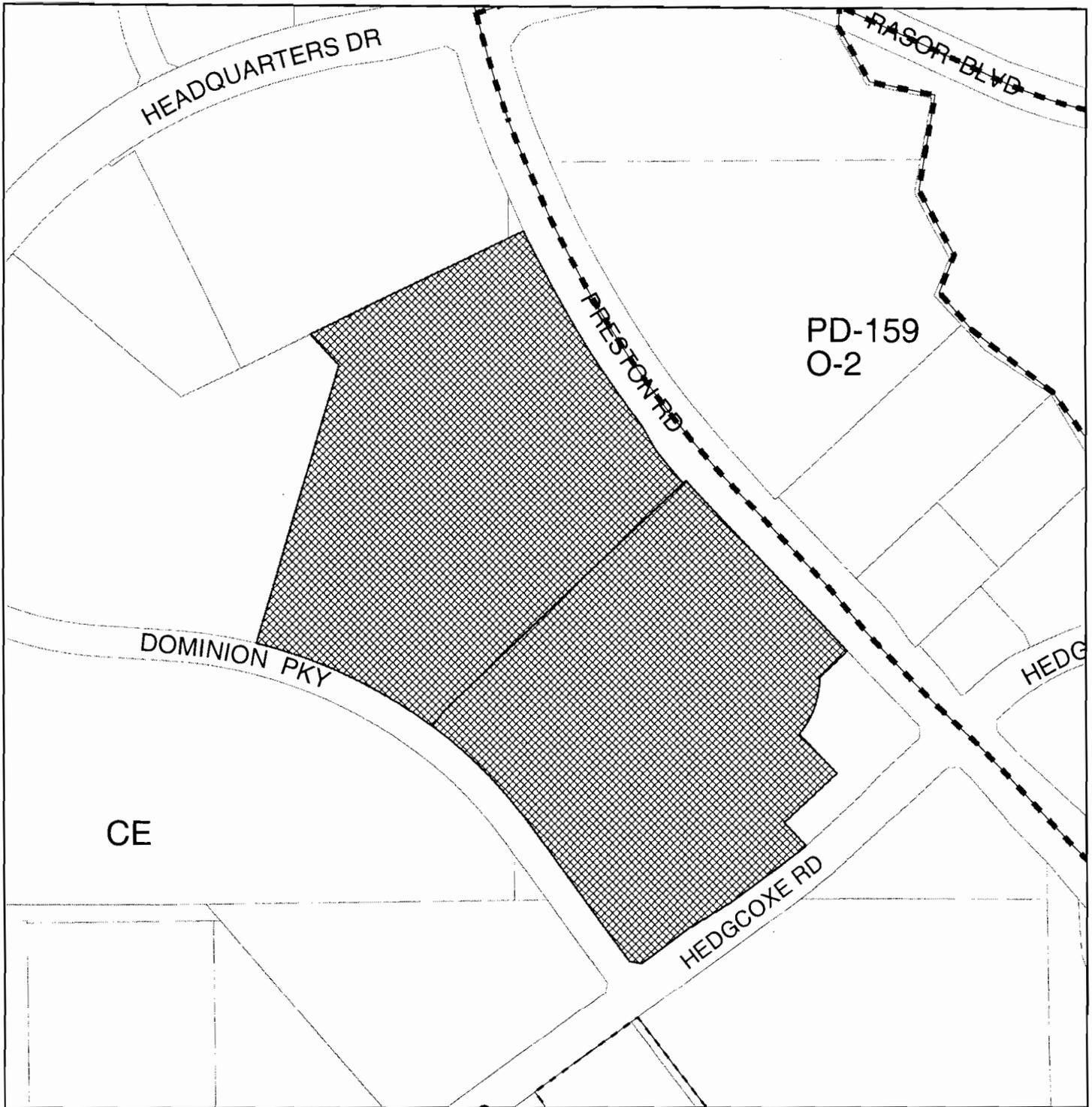


○ 200' Notification Buffer





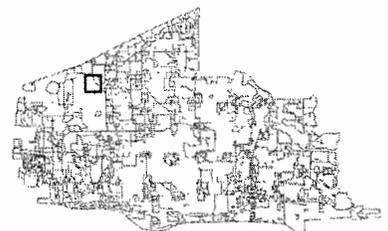




Item Submitted: REVISED PRELIMINARY PLAT

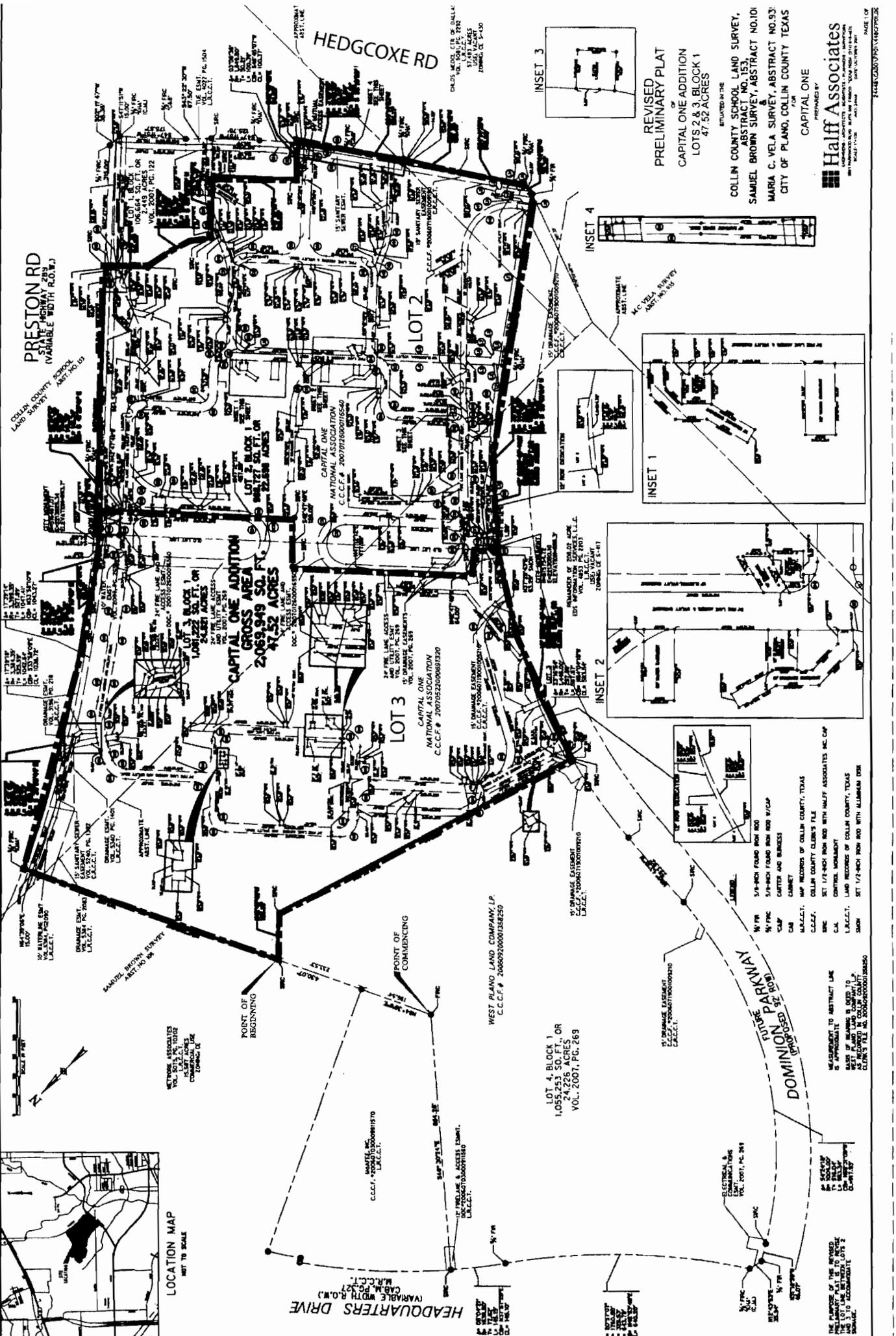
Title: CAPITAL ONE ADDITION  
BLOCK 1, LOTS 2 & 3

Zoning: COMMERCIAL EMPLOYMENT



○ 200' Notification Buffer





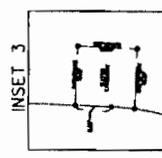
PRESTON RD  
STATE HIGHWAY 280  
(VARIABLE WIDTH ROW)

HEDGCOXE RD



LOCATION MAP  
1/4" = 100'

HEADQUARTERS DRIVE  
(VARIABLE WIDTH ROW)



REVISED  
PRELIMINARY PLAT  
OF  
CAPITAL ONE ADDITION  
LOTS 2 & 3, BLOCK 1  
47.52 ACRES

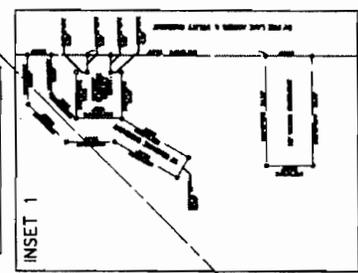
STUDIED IN THE  
COLLIN COUNTY SCHOOL LAND SURVEY,  
ABSTRACT NO. 153,  
SAMUEL BROWN SURVEY, ABSTRACT NO. 101  
MARIA C. VELA SURVEY, ABSTRACT NO. 93  
CITY OF PLANO, COLLIN COUNTY TEXAS

PREPARED BY  
**Half Associates**  
LAND SURVEYORS  
11000 WEST 15TH STREET, SUITE 1000, DALLAS, TEXAS 75244  
PHONE: (214) 343-1100 FAX: (214) 343-1101  
WWW.HALFASSOCIATES.COM

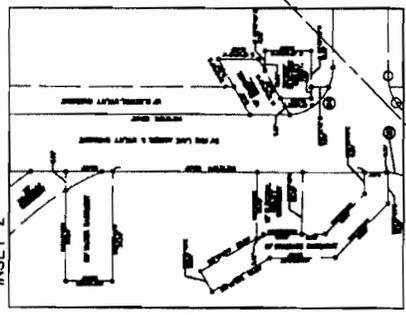
DATE: 04/27/2011 10:42:00 AM PAGE: 1 OF 2



INSET 4



INSET 1



INSET 2



INSET 5  
SET 1/4"=100' ROW 100'  
5/8"=100' FOUND ROW 100'  
5/8"=100' FOUND ROW 100' W/CAP  
CARTER AND BUSINESS  
CLUB  
MAP RECORDS OF COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS  
COLLIN COUNTY CLERK'S FILE  
C.C.C.F. # 20070522000091200  
C.C.C.F. # 20070522000091200  
C.C. CONTROL POINT  
C.C. CONTROL POINT  
L.C.C.F. # 20070522000091200  
S.M.N. SET 1/4"=100' ROW 100' WITH ALUMINUM DISK

WEST PLANO LAND COMPANY, LP  
C.C.C.F. # 20060920000158250

LOT 4, BLOCK 1  
1,055,455 S.F. OR  
24.0 ACRES, TRACT 10  
VOL. 2007, P.G. 269

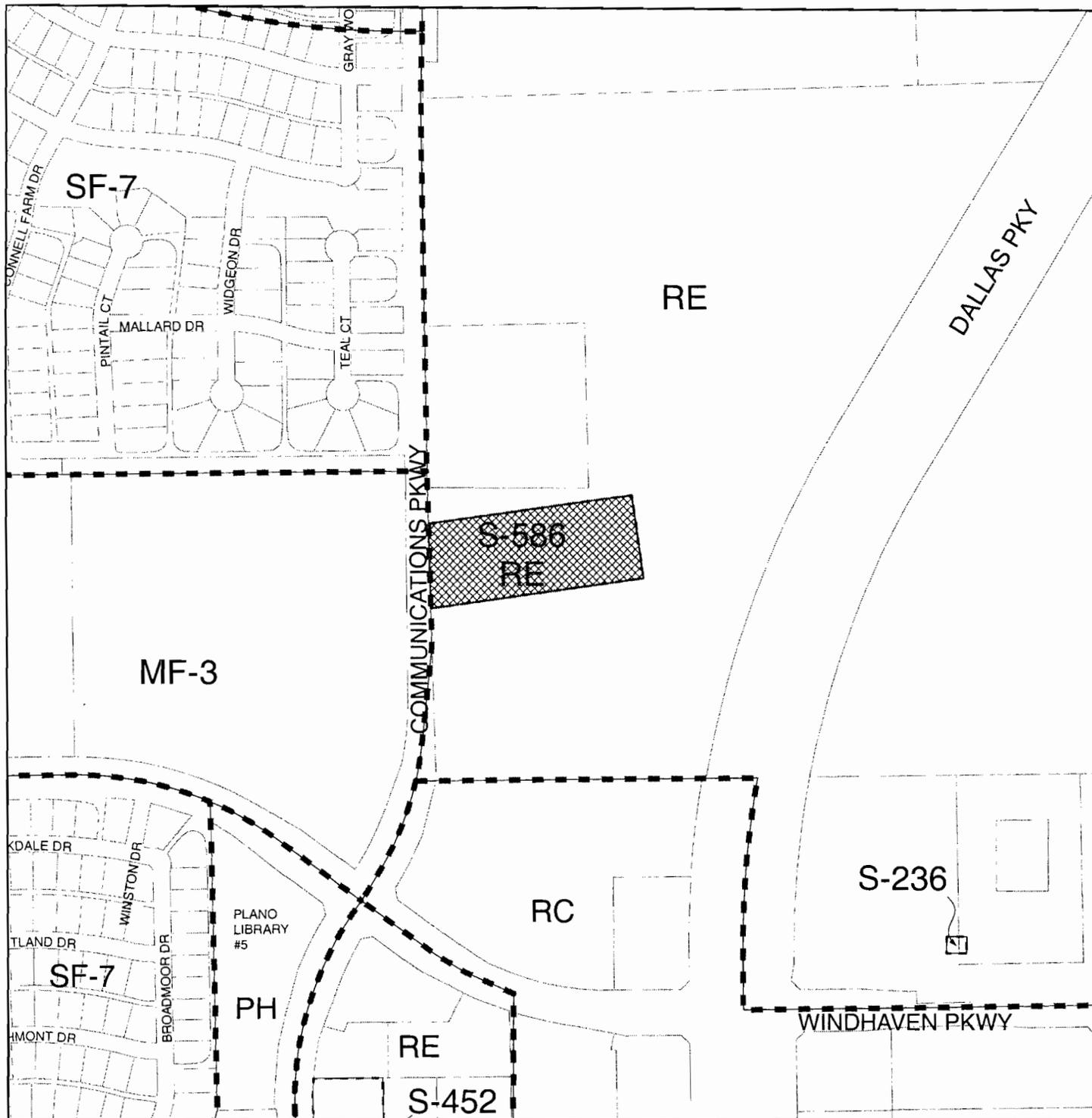
DOMINION PROPOSED  
TUBE  
SET 1/4"=100' ROW 100'  
5/8"=100' FOUND ROW 100'  
5/8"=100' FOUND ROW 100' W/CAP  
CARTER AND BUSINESS  
CLUB  
MAP RECORDS OF COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS  
COLLIN COUNTY CLERK'S FILE  
C.C.C.F. # 20070522000091200  
C.C.C.F. # 20070522000091200  
C.C. CONTROL POINT  
C.C. CONTROL POINT  
L.C.C.F. # 20070522000091200  
S.M.N. SET 1/4"=100' ROW 100' WITH ALUMINUM DISK

MEASUREMENT TO NEAREST LINE  
IS APPROXIMATE  
THE LOT LINE BETWEEN LOTS 1  
AND 2 IS TO BE ADJUSTED TO  
BE PARALLEL TO THE LOT LINE  
BETWEEN LOTS 1 AND 2  
C.C.C.F. # 20070522000091200

THE PURPOSE OF THIS INSTRUMENT  
IS TO RECONSTRUCT THE  
BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT LINE  
BETWEEN LOTS 1 AND 2  
C.C.C.F. # 20070522000091200

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BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT LINE  
BETWEEN LOTS 1 AND 2  
C.C.C.F. # 20070522000091200



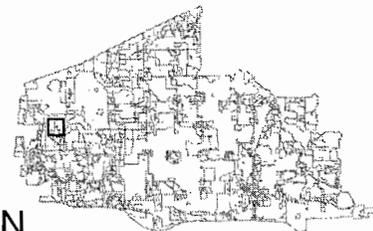


Item Submitted: PRELIMINARY PLAT

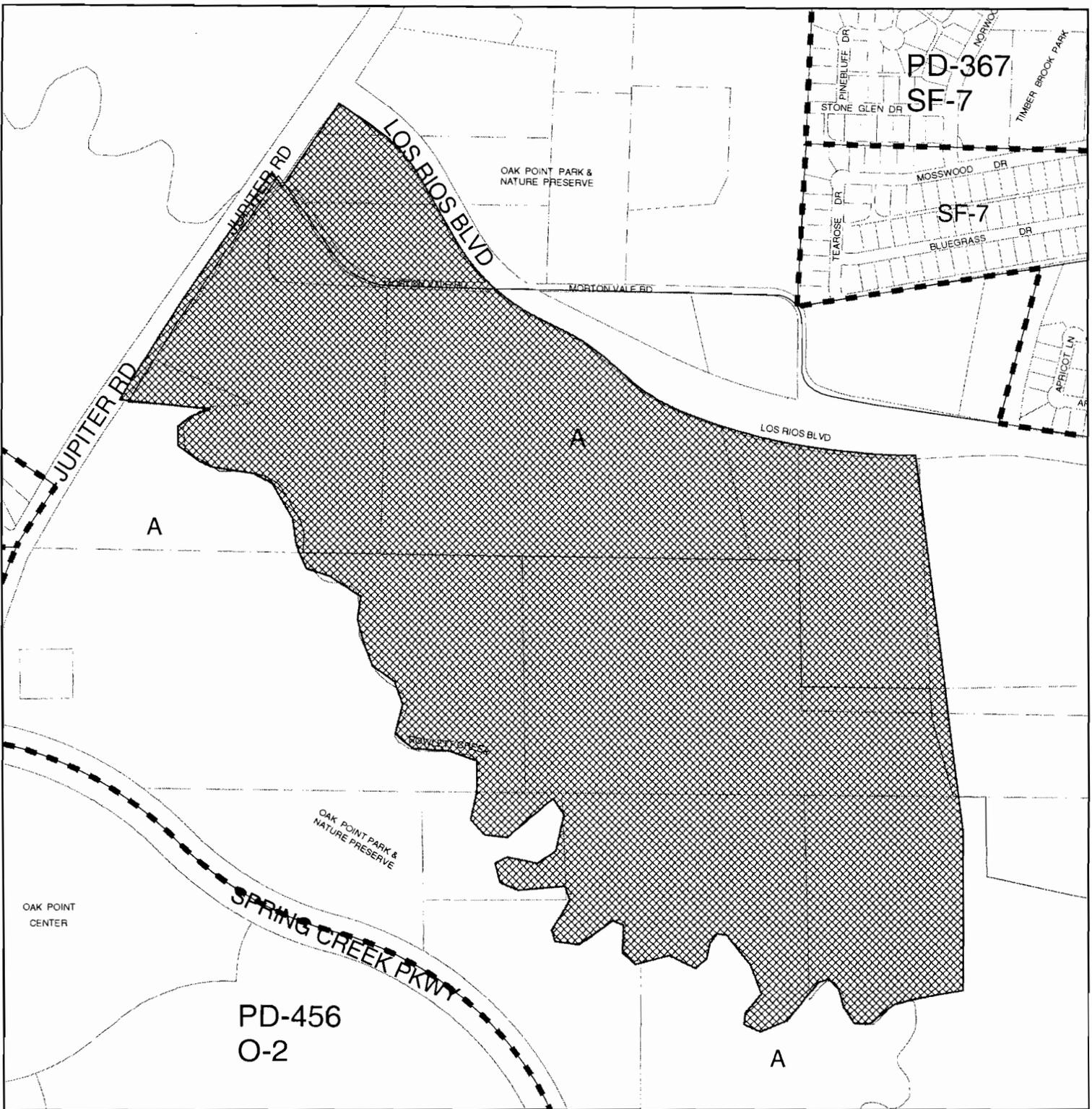
Title: COMMUNICATIONS PARKWAY SUBSTATION  
BLOCK 1, LOT 1

Zoning: REGIONAL EMPLOYMENT w/SPECIFIC USE PERMIT #586

○ 200' Notification Buffer



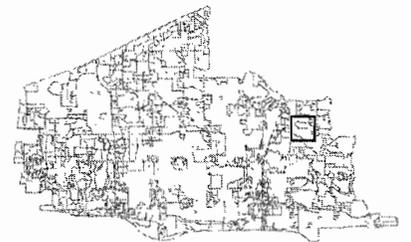




Item Submitted: PRELIMINARY PLAT

Title: OAK POINT PARK & NATURE PRESERVE  
BLOCK B, LOT 1

Zoning: AGRICULTURAL

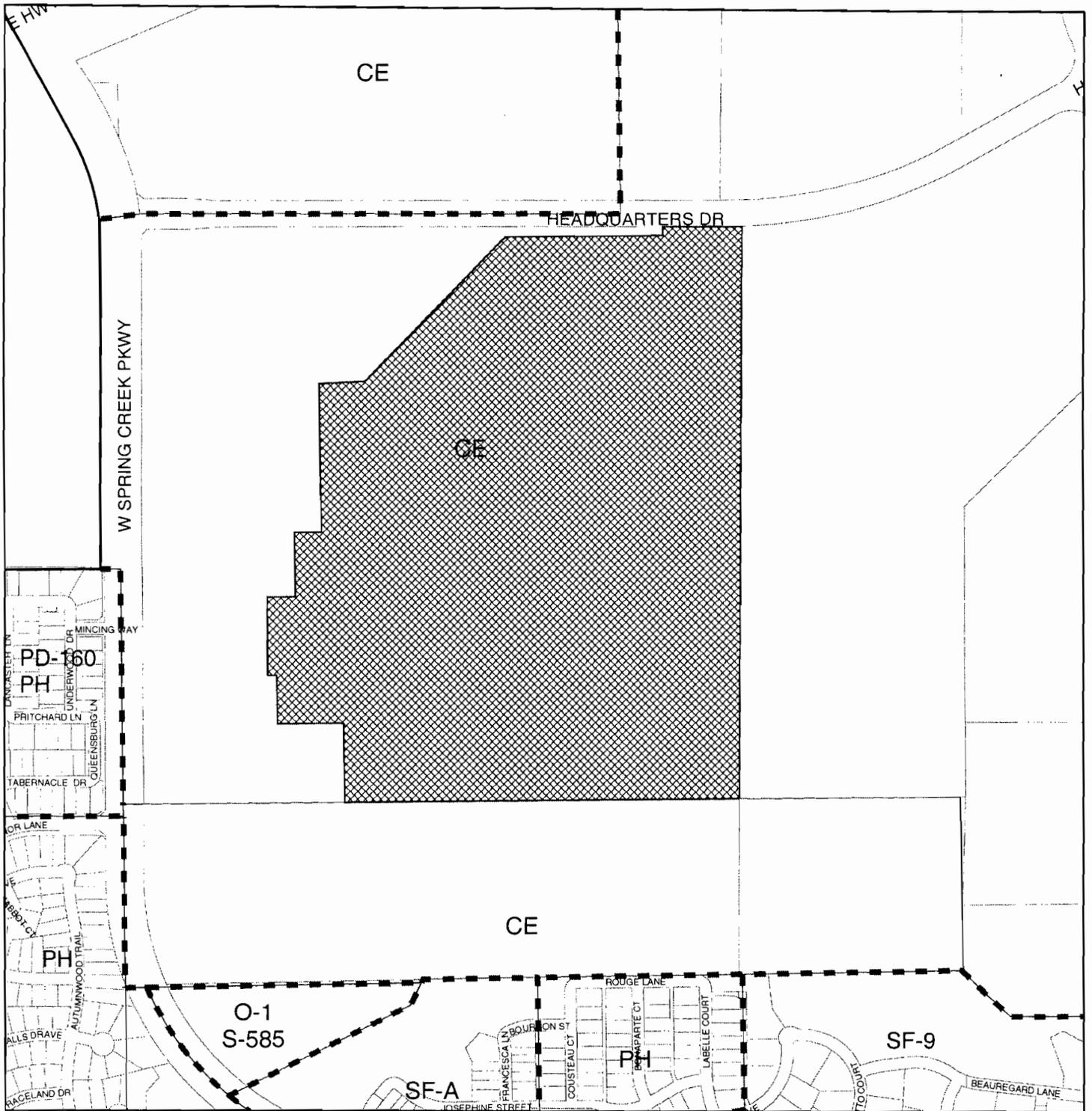


○ 200' Notification Buffer









Item Submitted: REVISED SITE PLAN

Title: FRITO-LAY NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS  
BLOCK 1, LOT 1

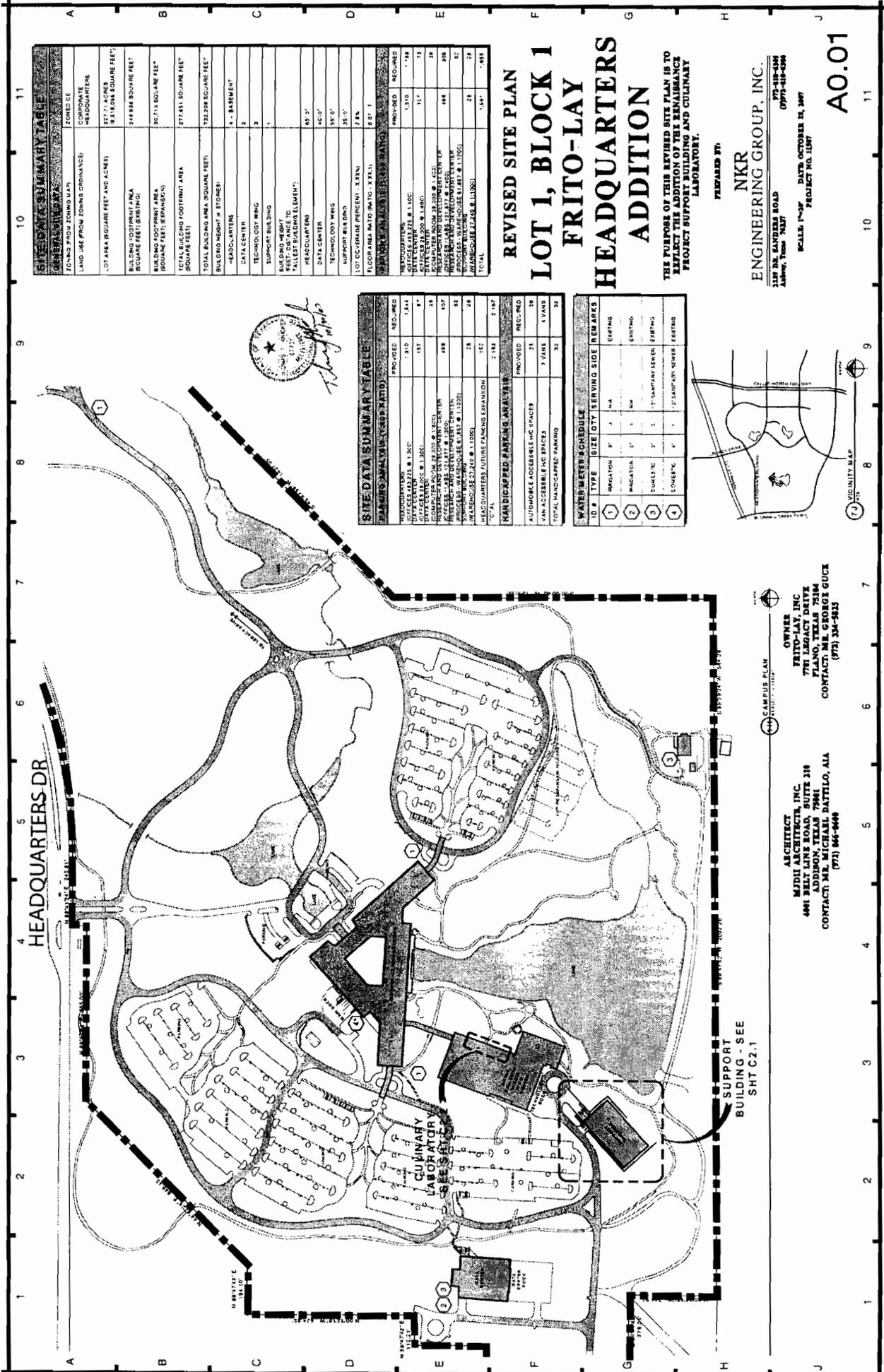
Zoning: COMMERCIAL EMPLOYMENT



○ 200' Notification Buffer



# HEADQUARTERS DR



SITE DATA SUMMARY TABLE						
GENERAL DATA						
ZONING CODE	COMMERCIAL					
LAND USE FROM ZONING ORDINANCE	COMMERCIAL HEADQUARTERS					
LOT AREA (SQUARE FEET AND ACRES)	277,651 SQUARE FEET 6.31 ACRES					
BUILDING FOOTPRINT AREA (SQUARE FEET) (EXISTING)	248,838 SQUARE FEET					
BUILDING FOOTPRINT AREA (SQUARE FEET) (EXPANDED)	302,743 SQUARE FEET					
TOTAL BUILDING FOOTPRINT AREA (SQUARE FEET)	277,651 SQUARE FEET					
TOTAL BUILDING AREA (SQUARE FEET)	332,259 SQUARE FEET					
BUILDING HEIGHT - STOREY	4 - BASEMENT					
DATA CENTER	2					
TECHNOLOGY WING	3					
SUPPORT BUILDING	1					
BUILDING HEIGHT - FEET (DETAILED TO 0.1 FEET)	48.2'					
HEADQUARTERS ELEMENT	48.2'					
DATA CENTER	48.2'					
TECHNOLOGY WING	55.0'					
SUPPORT BUILDING	35.0'					
LOT COVER (GRADE PERCENT - X.XX)	7.8%					
FLOOR AREA RATIO (F.A.R.) (X.XX)	0.97					
PARKING ANALYSIS (PERMITTED)						
HEADQUARTERS	PROPOSED	REQUIRED				
DATA CENTER	1310	1244				
DATA CENTER	157	87				
TECHNOLOGY WING	448	24				
SUPPORT BUILDING	28	107				
HEADQUARTERS FUTURE PARKING EXPANSION	151	62				
TOTAL	2167	2167				
HANDICAPPED PARKING ANALYSIS						
PROPOSED	REQUIRED					
AUTOMOBILE ACCESSIBLE P.A.C. SPACES	21	28				
VAN ACCESSIBLE P.A.C. SPACES	3	3				
TOTAL HANDICAPPED PARKING	24	31				
WATER METER SCHEDULE						
ID #	TYPE	SIZE	CITY	SERVING	SIZE	REMARKS
1	REGISTRATION	3"	44			EXISTING
2	REGISTRATION	3"	44			EXISTING
3	CUMULATIVE	3"	2			EXISTING
4	CUMULATIVE	4"	1			EXISTING

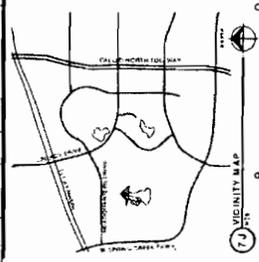
## REVISED SITE PLAN LOT 1, BLOCK 1 FRITO-LAY HEADQUARTERS ADDITION

THE PURPOSE OF THIS REVISED SITE PLAN IS TO REFLECT THE ADDITION OF THE REMAINANCE PROJECT SUPPORT BUILDING AND CULINARY LABORATORY.

PREPARED BY:  
**NKR**  
**ENGINEERING GROUP, INC.**  
3109 DE SANDERS ROAD  
Arlene, Texas 75017  
772-818-6566  
0772-818-6566

SCALE: 1"=40'  
DATE: OCTOBER 24, 2007  
PROJECT NO. 11587

**A0.01**



OWNER  
**FRITO-LAY, INC**  
776 LEGACY DRIVE  
PLANO, TEXAS 75041  
CONTACT: M. L. GUELLI, P.E.  
(972) 344-9825

ARCHITECT  
**MJDHI ARCHITECTS, INC.**  
4461 BELT LINE ROAD, SUITE 310  
ADDISON, TEXAS 75411  
CONTACT: M. L. GUELLI, P.E.  
(972) 344-9825

SUPPORT BUILDING - SEE SHT C2.1

**SEE ALL GENERAL NOTES**

1. ALL WORK SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY STANDARDS AND SHALL COMPLY WITH RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE CURRENTLY ADOPTED INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE.
2. UNDESIGNED PORTIONS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND PROVIDED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.
3. ALL EXISTING UTILITIES SHALL BE EXPOSED AND RELOCATED AS NECESSARY TO ACCOMMODATE THE PROPOSED STRUCTURE. ALL UTILITIES SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.
4. ALL EXISTING UTILITIES SHALL BE EXPOSED AND RELOCATED AS NECESSARY TO ACCOMMODATE THE PROPOSED STRUCTURE.
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20. ALL EXISTING UTILITIES SHALL BE EXPOSED AND RELOCATED AS NECESSARY TO ACCOMMODATE THE PROPOSED STRUCTURE.

**SITE DATA SUMMARY**

Zoning:	Commercial Employment
Current Land Use:	Technology Center
Proposed Use:	Support Building
Building Area:	27,240 S.F.
Building Height:	1 Story - 33'
Per Page Number:	8 of 8

**CAUTION !!!**  
**EXISTING UTILITIES**

EXISTING METRIC AND FRENCH UTILITY LINE CROSSINGS IN THIS AREA. CONTRACTOR SHALL EXERCISE EXTREME CAUTION WHILE EXCAVATING. ALL UTILITIES SHALL BE EXPOSED AND RELOCATED PRIOR TO EXCAVATION AND/OR "JOB-TACK", WHICH MAY BE REQUIRED TO EXPOSE ALL AVAILABLE PRECAUTIONS SHALL BE TAKEN IN THIS AREA.



**ARCHITECT**  
 MJJDI ARCHITECT, INC.  
 4901 BELT LINE ROAD, SUITE 210  
 ADDISON, TEXAS 75001  
 CONTACT: (972) 466-6400

**OWNER**  
 FRITO-LAY, INC.  
 701 LEGACY DRIVE  
 PLANO, TEXAS 75044  
 CONTACT: MR. GEORGE GUICK  
 (972) 334-9633

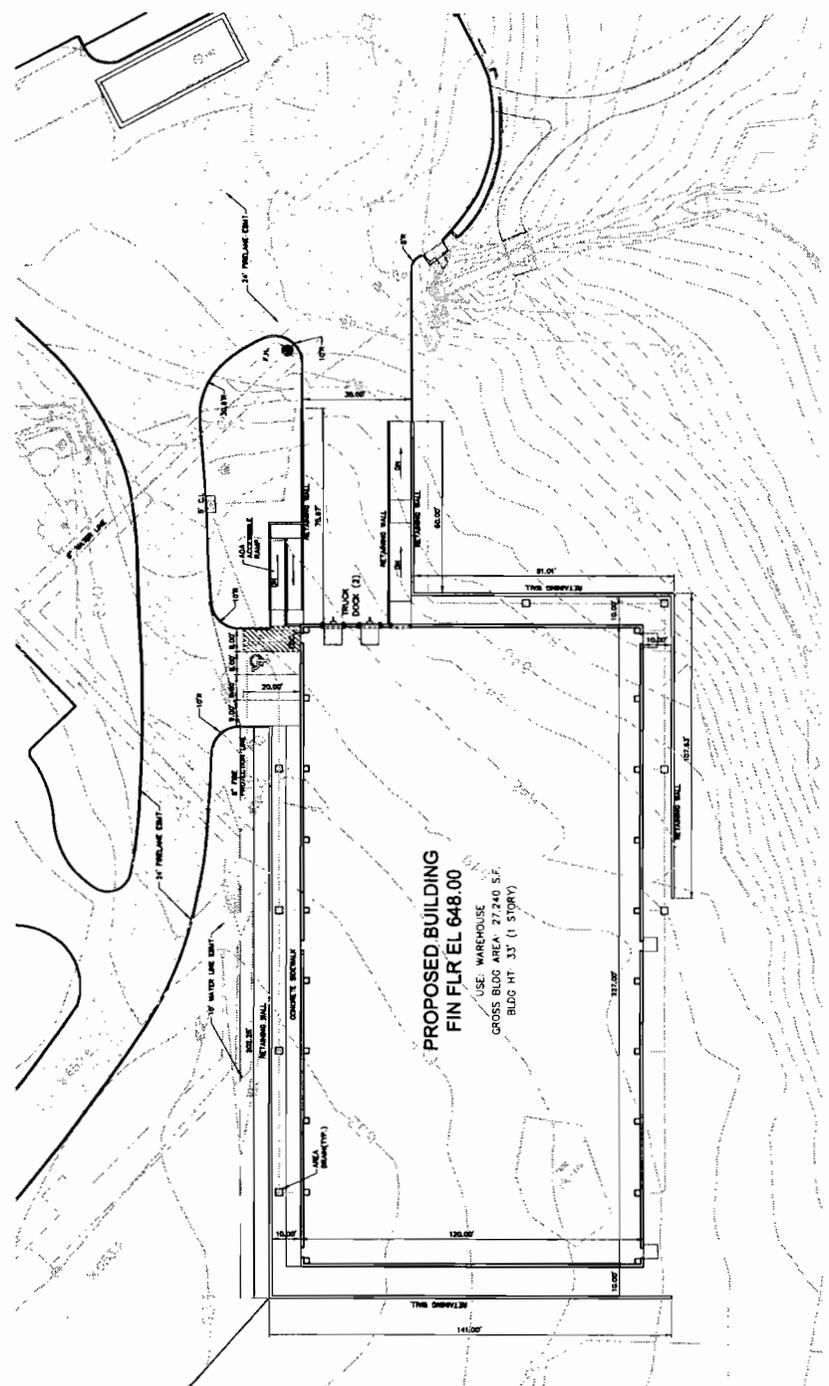
**REVISED SITE PLAN**  
**LOT 1, BLOCK 1**  
**FRITO-LAY**  
**HEADQUARTERS**  
**ADDITION**

THE PURPOSE OF THIS REVISED SITE PLAN IS TO REFLECT THE ADDITION OF THE REFINANCE PROJECT SUPPORT BUILDING.

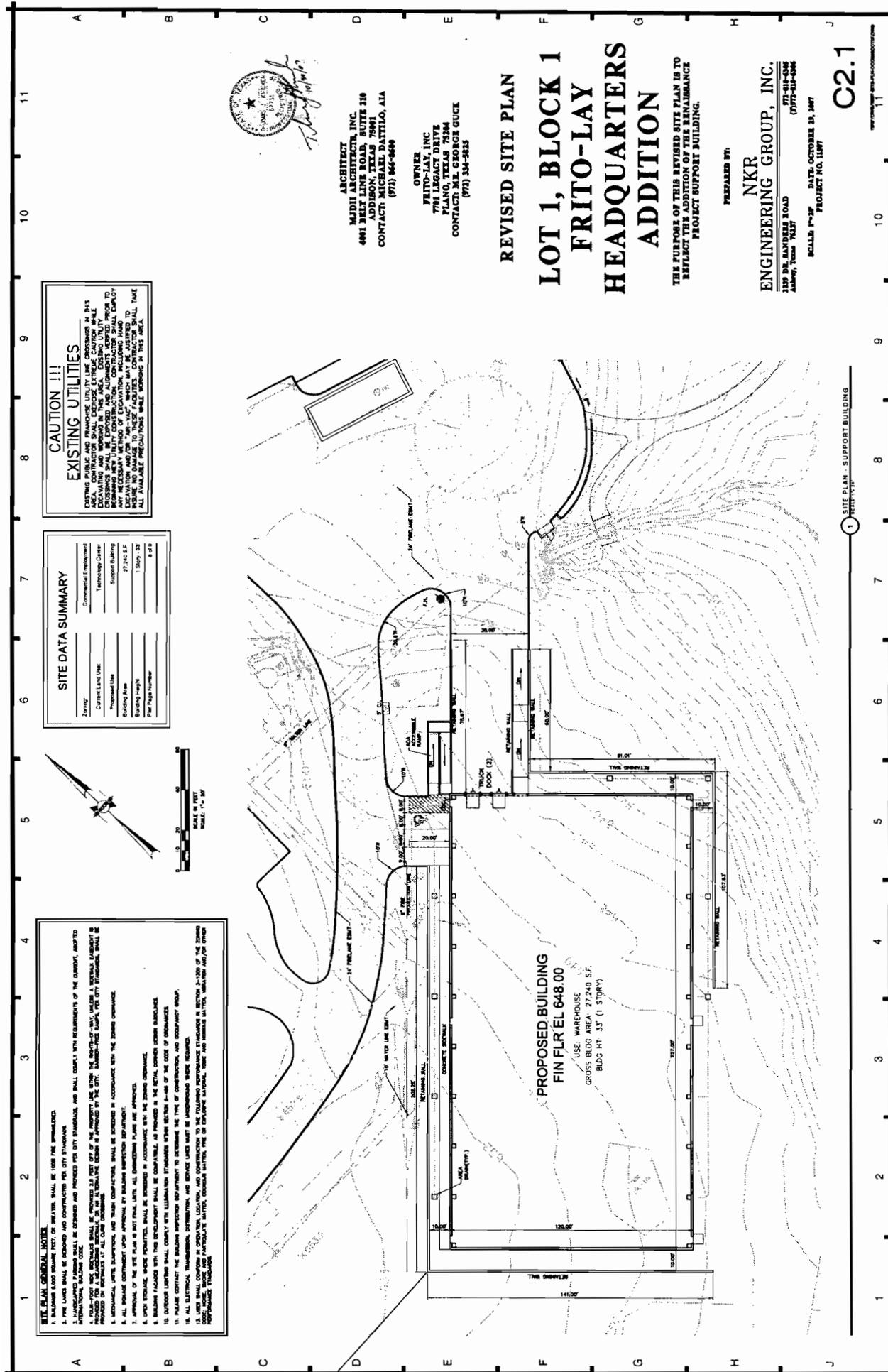
PREPARED BY:  
**NGR**  
**ENGINEERING GROUP, INC.**  
 210 DE BANDELL ROAD  
 ADDISON, TEXAS 75001  
 (972) 411-0300  
 (972) 411-0306

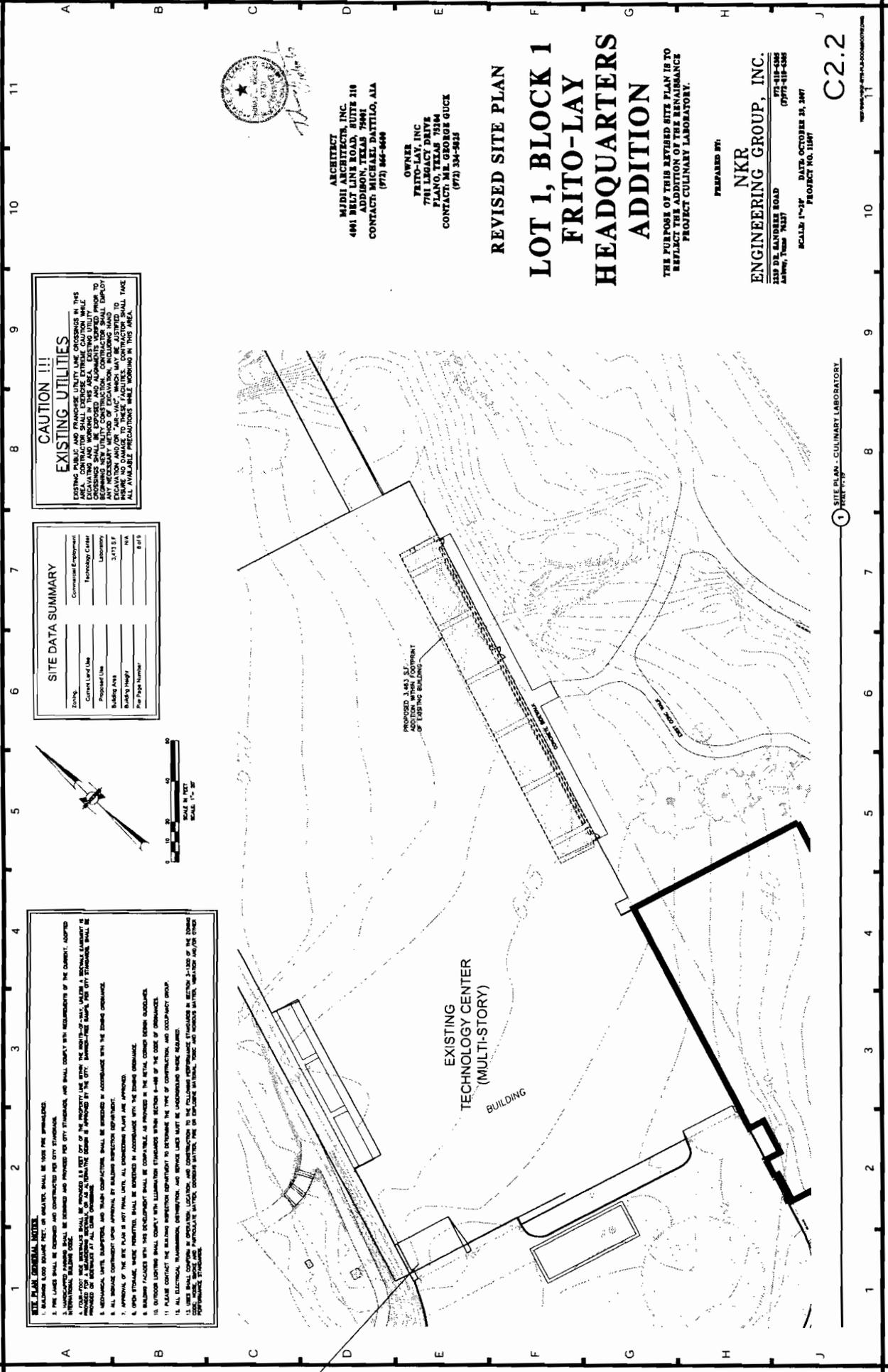
SCALE: 1"=30'  
 DATE: OCTOBER 24, 2007  
 PROJECT NO. 1187

**C2.1**



1 SITE PLAN - SUPPORT BUILDING





**SITE PLAN GENERAL NOTES**

1. THE LANDS SHALL BE EXCAVATED AND CONSTRUCTED TO CITY STANDARDS.
2. UNDESIGNED AREAS SHALL BE EXCAVATED AND FINISHED TO CITY STANDARDS.
3. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY STANDARDS.
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15. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY STANDARDS.



**SITE DATA SUMMARY**

Zoning:	Commercial Employment
Control Level:	Technology Center
Proposed Use:	Laboratory
Building Area:	3,471 SF
Block/Tract:	NA
Map Page Number:	11A
Map Title:	11A

**CAUTION !!!  
EXISTING UTILITIES**

EXISTING PUBLIC AND PRIVATE UTILITY LINE CROSSINGS IN THIS AREA SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND PROTECTED. EXISTING UTILITY LOCATIONS SHALL BE IDENTIFIED AND PROTECTED. ANY NECESSARY METHODS OF EXCAVATION, INCLUDING HAND DIGGING, SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER. CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL AVAILABLE PRECAUTIONS WHILE WORKING IN THIS AREA.



**ARCHITECT**  
MIRI ARCHITECT, INC.  
4901 WEST LANE ROAD, SUITE 210  
ADDISON, TEXAS 75411  
CONTACT: MICHAEL DATTILO, AIA  
(972) 845-8444

**OWNER**  
FRITO-LAY, INC.  
7701 LEGACY DRIVE  
PLANO, TEXAS 75134  
CONTACT: MR. GEORGE GUICE  
(972) 304-5423

**REVISED SITE PLAN**  
**LOT 1, BLOCK 1**  
**FRITO-LAY**  
**HEADQUARTERS**  
**ADDITION**

THE PURPOSE OF THIS REVISED SITE PLAN IS TO REFLECT THE ADDITION OF THE REMAINDER PROJECT CULINARY LABORATORY.

PREPARED BY:  
**NKR**  
**ENGINEERING GROUP, INC.**  
133 DE ALBUQUERQUE ROAD  
ALBUQUERQUE, NM 87101  
PREPARED BY: NKR  
DATE: OCTOBER 23, 2007  
PROJECT NO. 11847

**C2.2**

1 SITE PLAN - CULINARY LABORATORY  
SHEET 11-A

11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

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1 SITE PLAN - CULINARY LABORATORY  
SHEET 11-A

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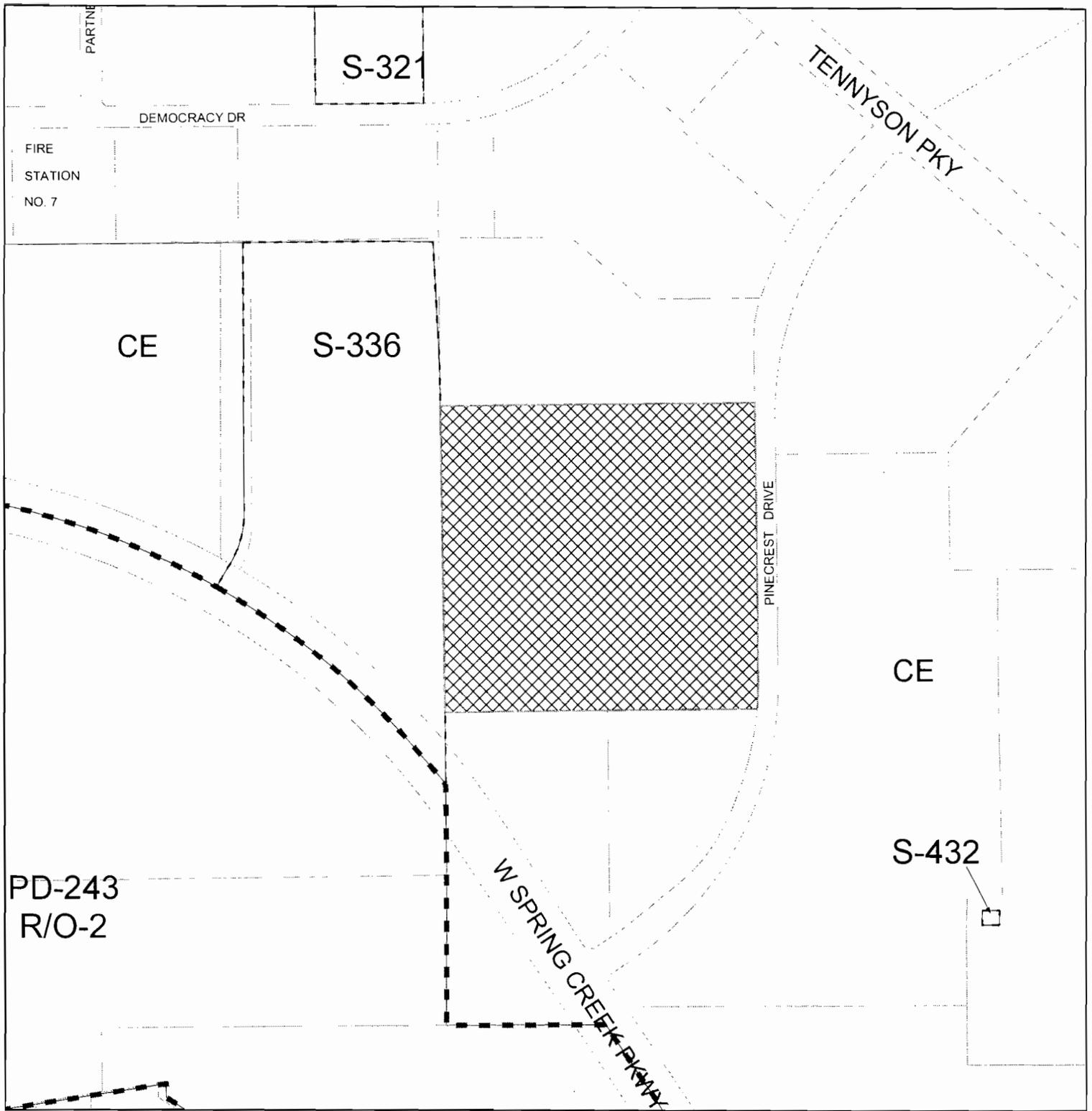
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SHEET 11-A

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SHEET 11-A

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Item Submitted: FINAL PLAT

Title: STREAM DATA CENTER  
BLOCK A, LOT 1

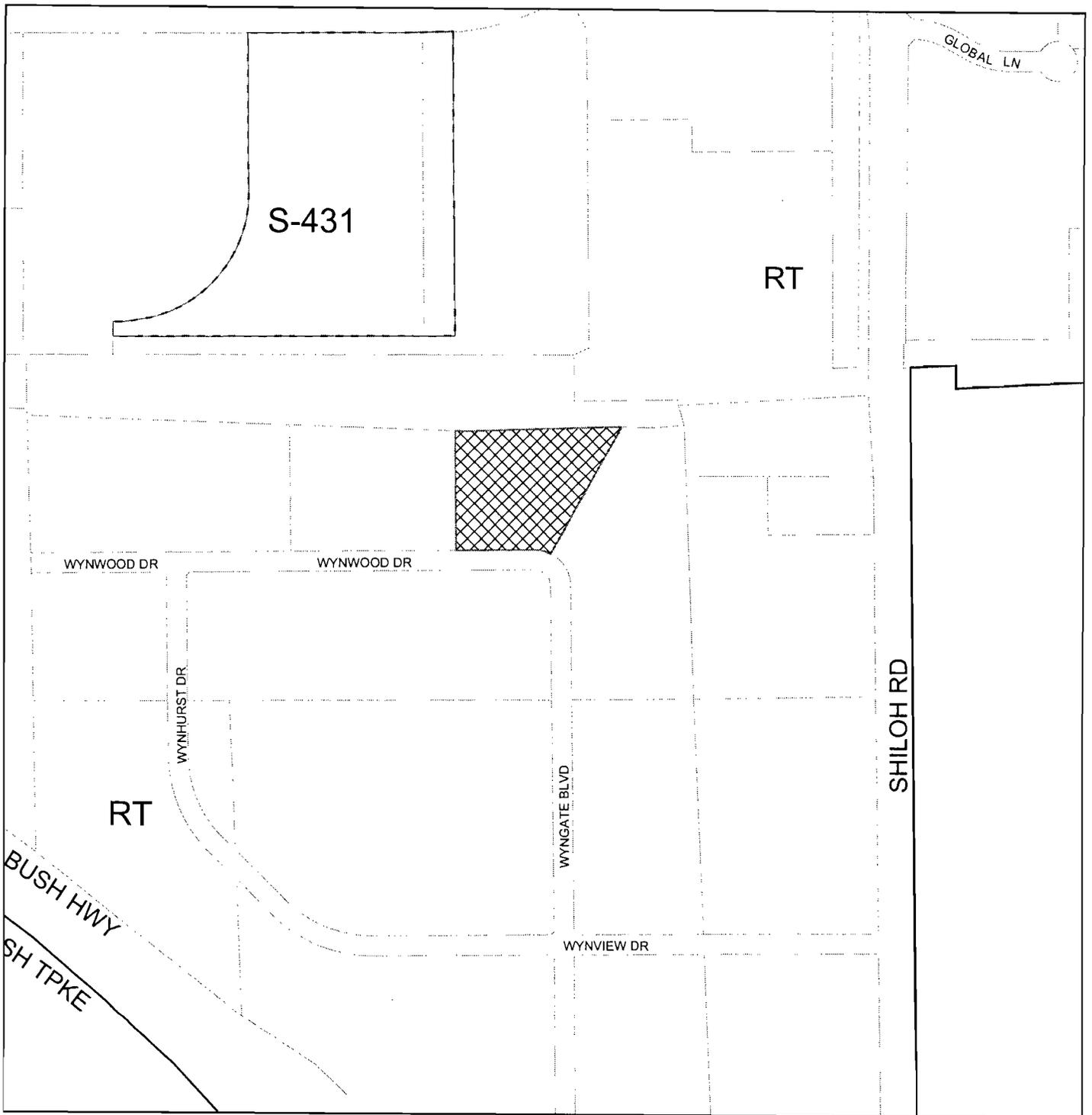
Zoning: COMMERCIAL EMPLOYMENT



○ 200' Notification Buffer



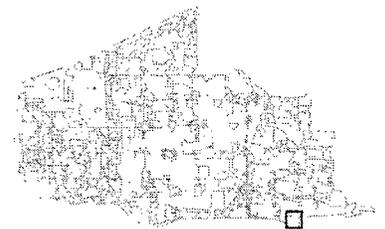




Item Submitted: FINAL PLAT

Title: TURNPIKE COMMONS  
BLOCK 1, LOT 1

Zoning: RESEARCH/TECHNOLOGY CENTER



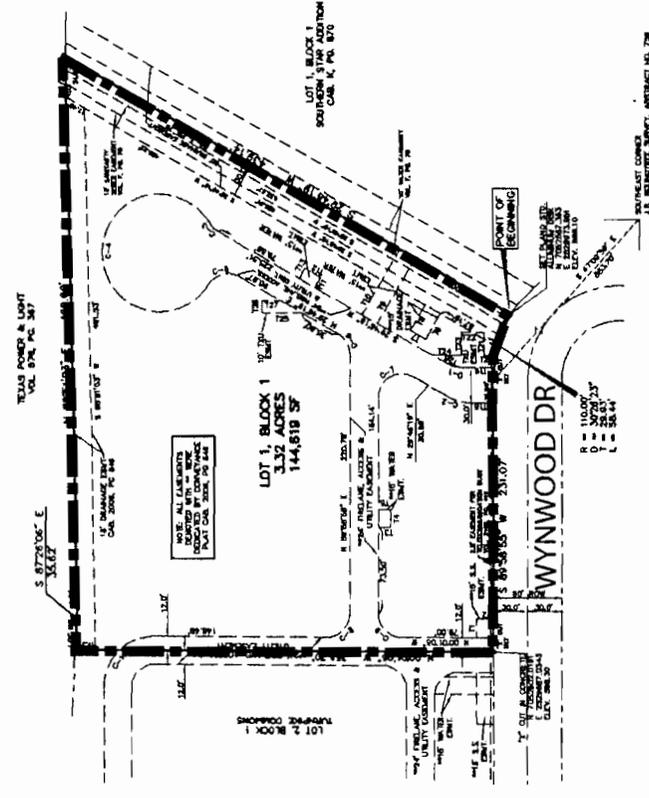
○ 200' Notification Buffer





**LINE TABLE**

STATION	CHORD BEARING	CHORD DISTANCE	CHORD BEARING
10+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
10+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
11+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
11+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
12+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
12+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
13+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
13+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
14+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
14+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
15+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
15+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
16+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
16+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
17+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
17+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
18+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
18+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
19+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
19+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
20+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
20+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
21+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
21+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
22+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
22+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
23+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
23+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
24+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
24+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
25+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
25+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
26+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
26+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
27+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
27+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
28+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
28+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
29+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
29+50	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	
30+00	N 00° 00' 00" E	100.00	



**NOTE:** The location shown on this plat is the north line of Wynwood Drive. The location of the centerline of Wynwood Drive is shown on the plat. The location of the centerline of Wynwood Drive is shown on the plat. The location of the centerline of Wynwood Drive is shown on the plat.

**OWNER'S CERTIFICATE**

I, the undersigned, being the owner of the above described property, do hereby certify that the same is as shown on the above plat, and that the same is in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the State of Texas, and that the same is in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the State of Texas, and that the same is in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the State of Texas.

**STATE OF TEXAS**  
**COUNTY OF DALLAS**

Subscribed and sworn to before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2007.

**NOTARY PUBLIC**  
 My Commission Expires \_\_\_\_\_

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 My Commission Expires \_\_\_\_\_

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**STATE OF TEXAS**  
**COUNTY OF DALLAS**

Subscribed and sworn to before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2007.

**NOTARY PUBLIC**  
 My Commission Expires \_\_\_\_\_

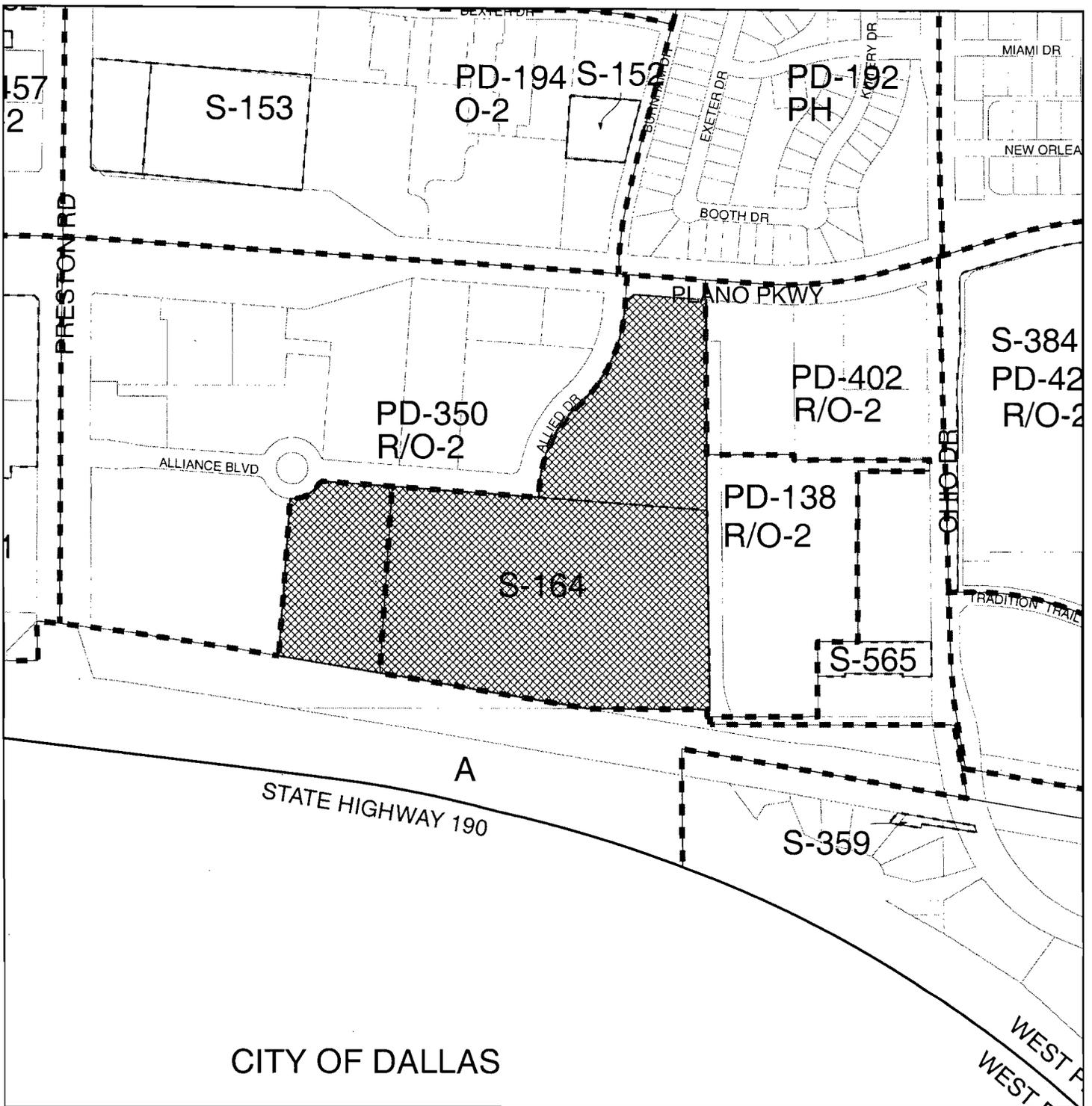
**OWNER'S CERTIFICATE**

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**STATE OF TEXAS**  
**COUNTY OF DALLAS**

Subscribed and sworn to before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2007.

**NOTARY PUBLIC**  
 My Commission Expires \_\_\_\_\_

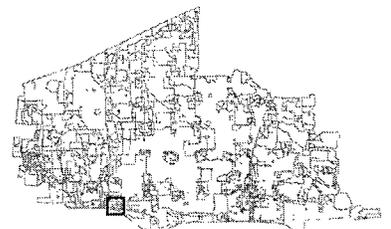


CITY OF DALLAS

Item Submitted: REVISED PRELIMINARY SITE PLAN



Title: BAYLOR MEDICAL CENTER OF PLANO  
BLOCK A, LOT 1R



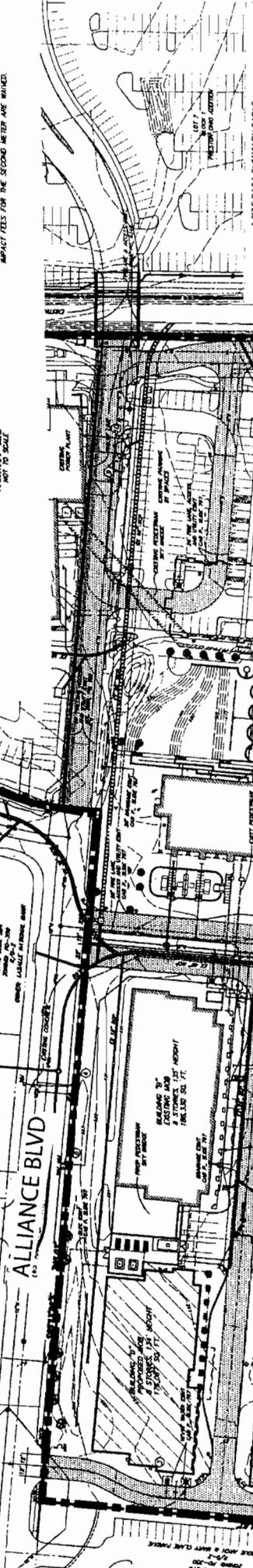
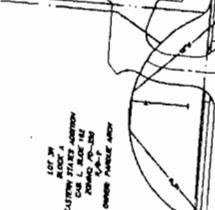
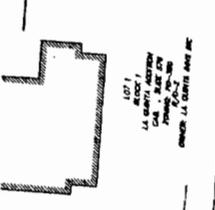
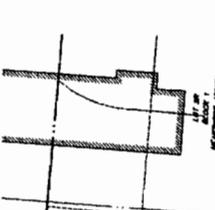
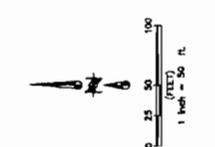
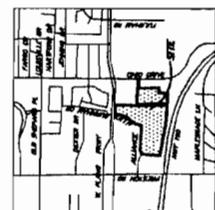
Zoning: PLANNED DEVELOPMENT-138-RETAIL/GENERAL OFFICE  
w/SPECIFIC USE PERMIT #164

○ 200' Notification Buffer



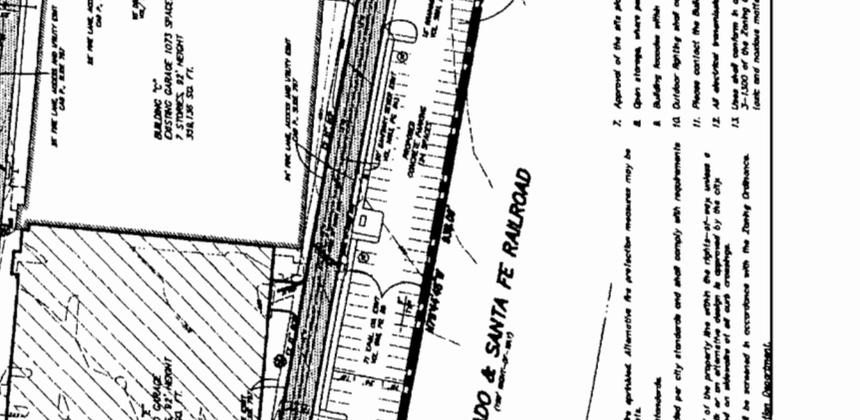
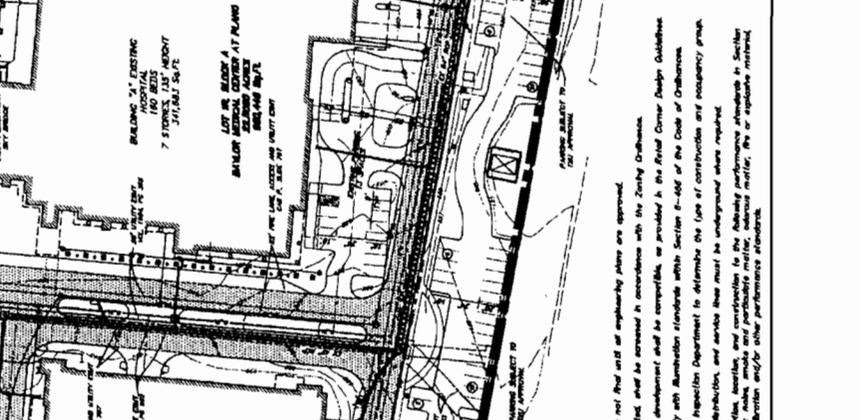
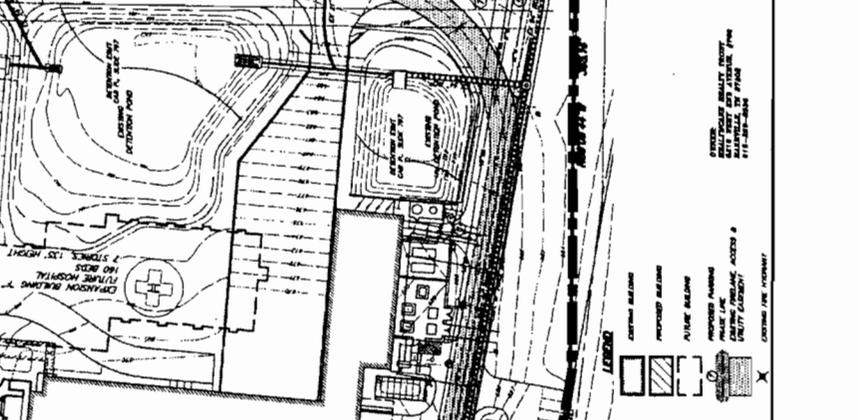
LOC.	LOCATION (BUILD)	TYPE	SIZE	VALVE SETTING	REMARKS
(1)	DOMESTIC	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	EXISTING
(2)	DOMESTIC	3/4"	3/4"	3/4"	EXISTING
(3)	DOMESTIC	1"	1"	1"	EXISTING
(4)	DOMESTIC	1 1/4"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"	EXISTING
(5)	DOMESTIC	1 1/2"	1 1/2"	1 1/2"	EXISTING
(6)	DOMESTIC	2"	2"	2"	EXISTING
(7)	DOMESTIC	2 1/2"	2 1/2"	2 1/2"	EXISTING
(8)	DOMESTIC	3"	3"	3"	EXISTING
(9)	DOMESTIC	4"	4"	4"	EXISTING
(10)	DOMESTIC	6"	6"	6"	EXISTING
(11)	DOMESTIC	8"	8"	8"	EXISTING
(12)	DOMESTIC	10"	10"	10"	EXISTING
(13)	DOMESTIC	12"	12"	12"	EXISTING
(14)	DOMESTIC	14"	14"	14"	EXISTING
(15)	DOMESTIC	16"	16"	16"	EXISTING
(16)	DOMESTIC	18"	18"	18"	EXISTING
(17)	DOMESTIC	20"	20"	20"	EXISTING
(18)	DOMESTIC	24"	24"	24"	EXISTING
(19)	DOMESTIC	30"	30"	30"	EXISTING
(20)	DOMESTIC	36"	36"	36"	EXISTING
(21)	DOMESTIC	42"	42"	42"	EXISTING
(22)	DOMESTIC	48"	48"	48"	EXISTING
(23)	DOMESTIC	54"	54"	54"	EXISTING
(24)	DOMESTIC	60"	60"	60"	EXISTING
(25)	DOMESTIC	66"	66"	66"	EXISTING
(26)	DOMESTIC	72"	72"	72"	EXISTING
(27)	DOMESTIC	78"	78"	78"	EXISTING
(28)	DOMESTIC	84"	84"	84"	EXISTING
(29)	DOMESTIC	90"	90"	90"	EXISTING
(30)	DOMESTIC	96"	96"	96"	EXISTING
(31)	DOMESTIC	102"	102"	102"	EXISTING
(32)	DOMESTIC	108"	108"	108"	EXISTING
(33)	DOMESTIC	114"	114"	114"	EXISTING
(34)	DOMESTIC	120"	120"	120"	EXISTING
(35)	DOMESTIC	126"	126"	126"	EXISTING
(36)	DOMESTIC	132"	132"	132"	EXISTING
(37)	DOMESTIC	138"	138"	138"	EXISTING
(38)	DOMESTIC	144"	144"	144"	EXISTING
(39)	DOMESTIC	150"	150"	150"	EXISTING
(40)	DOMESTIC	156"	156"	156"	EXISTING
(41)	DOMESTIC	162"	162"	162"	EXISTING
(42)	DOMESTIC	168"	168"	168"	EXISTING
(43)	DOMESTIC	174"	174"	174"	EXISTING
(44)	DOMESTIC	180"	180"	180"	EXISTING
(45)	DOMESTIC	186"	186"	186"	EXISTING
(46)	DOMESTIC	192"	192"	192"	EXISTING
(47)	DOMESTIC	198"	198"	198"	EXISTING
(48)	DOMESTIC	204"	204"	204"	EXISTING
(49)	DOMESTIC	210"	210"	210"	EXISTING
(50)	DOMESTIC	216"	216"	216"	EXISTING
(51)	DOMESTIC	222"	222"	222"	EXISTING
(52)	DOMESTIC	228"	228"	228"	EXISTING
(53)	DOMESTIC	234"	234"	234"	EXISTING
(54)	DOMESTIC	240"	240"	240"	EXISTING
(55)	DOMESTIC	246"	246"	246"	EXISTING
(56)	DOMESTIC	252"	252"	252"	EXISTING
(57)	DOMESTIC	258"	258"	258"	EXISTING
(58)	DOMESTIC	264"	264"	264"	EXISTING
(59)	DOMESTIC	270"	270"	270"	EXISTING
(60)	DOMESTIC	276"	276"	276"	EXISTING
(61)	DOMESTIC	282"	282"	282"	EXISTING
(62)	DOMESTIC	288"	288"	288"	EXISTING
(63)	DOMESTIC	294"	294"	294"	EXISTING
(64)	DOMESTIC	300"	300"	300"	EXISTING
(65)	DOMESTIC	306"	306"	306"	EXISTING
(66)	DOMESTIC	312"	312"	312"	EXISTING
(67)	DOMESTIC	318"	318"	318"	EXISTING
(68)	DOMESTIC	324"	324"	324"	EXISTING
(69)	DOMESTIC	330"	330"	330"	EXISTING
(70)	DOMESTIC	336"	336"	336"	EXISTING
(71)	DOMESTIC	342"	342"	342"	EXISTING
(72)	DOMESTIC	348"	348"	348"	EXISTING
(73)	DOMESTIC	354"	354"	354"	EXISTING
(74)	DOMESTIC	360"	360"	360"	EXISTING
(75)	DOMESTIC	366"	366"	366"	EXISTING
(76)	DOMESTIC	372"	372"	372"	EXISTING
(77)	DOMESTIC	378"	378"	378"	EXISTING
(78)	DOMESTIC	384"	384"	384"	EXISTING
(79)	DOMESTIC	390"	390"	390"	EXISTING
(80)	DOMESTIC	396"	396"	396"	EXISTING
(81)	DOMESTIC	402"	402"	402"	EXISTING
(82)	DOMESTIC	408"	408"	408"	EXISTING
(83)	DOMESTIC	414"	414"	414"	EXISTING
(84)	DOMESTIC	420"	420"	420"	EXISTING
(85)	DOMESTIC	426"	426"	426"	EXISTING
(86)	DOMESTIC	432"	432"	432"	EXISTING
(87)	DOMESTIC	438"	438"	438"	EXISTING
(88)	DOMESTIC	444"	444"	444"	EXISTING
(89)	DOMESTIC	450"	450"	450"	EXISTING
(90)	DOMESTIC	456"	456"	456"	EXISTING
(91)	DOMESTIC	462"	462"	462"	EXISTING
(92)	DOMESTIC	468"	468"	468"	EXISTING
(93)	DOMESTIC	474"	474"	474"	EXISTING
(94)	DOMESTIC	480"	480"	480"	EXISTING
(95)	DOMESTIC	486"	486"	486"	EXISTING
(96)	DOMESTIC	492"	492"	492"	EXISTING
(97)	DOMESTIC	498"	498"	498"	EXISTING
(98)	DOMESTIC	504"	504"	504"	EXISTING
(99)	DOMESTIC	510"	510"	510"	EXISTING
(100)	DOMESTIC	516"	516"	516"	EXISTING

FOR INTERNATIONAL PLUMBING CODE 608.2 TWO DOMESTIC TESTS ARE REQUIRED FOR HOSPITALS. ALL IMPACTS FOR THE SECOND TEST ARE WASHED.



\* SITE DATA SUMMARY TABLE

NO.	DESCRIPTION	AREA (SQ. FT.)	PERCENT
1	EXISTING PAVED DRIVEWAY	10,000	10.0
2	EXISTING ASPHALT DRIVEWAY	10,000	10.0
3	EXISTING CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	10,000	10.0
4	EXISTING GRAVEL DRIVEWAY	10,000	10.0
5	EXISTING SAND DRIVEWAY	10,000	10.0
6	EXISTING DIRT DRIVEWAY	10,000	10.0
7	EXISTING GRAVEYARD	10,000	10.0
8	EXISTING WOODS	10,000	10.0
9	EXISTING MEADOWS	10,000	10.0
10	EXISTING PASTURE	10,000	10.0
11	EXISTING FIELDS	10,000	10.0
12	EXISTING CRIPPLES	10,000	10.0
13	EXISTING SWAMP	10,000	10.0
14	EXISTING BAY	10,000	10.0
15	EXISTING LAKE	10,000	10.0
16	EXISTING RIVER	10,000	10.0
17	EXISTING STREAM	10,000	10.0
18	EXISTING CREEK	10,000	10.0
19	EXISTING BRANCH	10,000	10.0
20	EXISTING TRIBUTARY	10,000	10.0
21	EXISTING CONFLUENCE	10,000	10.0
22	EXISTING DELTA	10,000	10.0
23	EXISTING ESTUARY	10,000	10.0
24	EXISTING BAYOU	10,000	10.0
25	EXISTING CANAL	10,000	10.0
26	EXISTING DITCH	10,000	10.0
27	EXISTING TRENCH	10,000	10.0
28	EXISTING DRAINAGE	10,000	10.0
29	EXISTING CANALWAY	10,000	10.0
30	EXISTING WATERWAY	10,000	10.0
31	EXISTING NAVIGABLE WATERWAY	10,000	10.0
32	EXISTING MARINA	10,000	10.0
33	EXISTING DOCK	10,000	10.0
34	EXISTING WHARF	10,000	10.0
35	EXISTING PIER	10,000	10.0
36	EXISTING BREAKWATER	10,000	10.0
37	EXISTING BULKHEAD	10,000	10.0
38	EXISTING GATE	10,000	10.0
39	EXISTING DAM	10,000	10.0
40	EXISTING LEVEE	10,000	10.0
41	EXISTING WALL	10,000	10.0
42	EXISTING FENCE	10,000	10.0
43	EXISTING HEDGE	10,000	10.0
44	EXISTING BARRIER	10,000	10.0
45	EXISTING OBSTACLE	10,000	10.0
46	EXISTING HURDLE	10,000	10.0
47	EXISTING CHECK	10,000	10.0
48	EXISTING STOP	10,000	10.0
49	EXISTING CHECK DAM	10,000	10.0
50	EXISTING WEIR	10,000	10.0
51	EXISTING SLUICE	10,000	10.0
52	EXISTING LOCK	10,000	10.0
53	EXISTING TUNNEL	10,000	10.0
54	EXISTING CULVERT	10,000	10.0
55	EXISTING BOX CULVERT	10,000	10.0
56	EXISTING ARCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
57	EXISTING PIPE CULVERT	10,000	10.0
58	EXISTING TRENCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
59	EXISTING OPEN CULVERT	10,000	10.0
60	EXISTING COVERED CULVERT	10,000	10.0
61	EXISTING BOX CULVERT	10,000	10.0
62	EXISTING ARCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
63	EXISTING PIPE CULVERT	10,000	10.0
64	EXISTING TRENCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
65	EXISTING OPEN CULVERT	10,000	10.0
66	EXISTING COVERED CULVERT	10,000	10.0
67	EXISTING BOX CULVERT	10,000	10.0
68	EXISTING ARCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
69	EXISTING PIPE CULVERT	10,000	10.0
70	EXISTING TRENCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
71	EXISTING OPEN CULVERT	10,000	10.0
72	EXISTING COVERED CULVERT	10,000	10.0
73	EXISTING BOX CULVERT	10,000	10.0
74	EXISTING ARCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
75	EXISTING PIPE CULVERT	10,000	10.0
76	EXISTING TRENCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
77	EXISTING OPEN CULVERT	10,000	10.0
78	EXISTING COVERED CULVERT	10,000	10.0
79	EXISTING BOX CULVERT	10,000	10.0
80	EXISTING ARCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
81	EXISTING PIPE CULVERT	10,000	10.0
82	EXISTING TRENCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
83	EXISTING OPEN CULVERT	10,000	10.0
84	EXISTING COVERED CULVERT	10,000	10.0
85	EXISTING BOX CULVERT	10,000	10.0
86	EXISTING ARCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
87	EXISTING PIPE CULVERT	10,000	10.0
88	EXISTING TRENCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
89	EXISTING OPEN CULVERT	10,000	10.0
90	EXISTING COVERED CULVERT	10,000	10.0
91	EXISTING BOX CULVERT	10,000	10.0
92	EXISTING ARCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
93	EXISTING PIPE CULVERT	10,000	10.0
94	EXISTING TRENCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
95	EXISTING OPEN CULVERT	10,000	10.0
96	EXISTING COVERED CULVERT	10,000	10.0
97	EXISTING BOX CULVERT	10,000	10.0
98	EXISTING ARCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0
99	EXISTING PIPE CULVERT	10,000	10.0
100	EXISTING TRENCH CULVERT	10,000	10.0



1. Building 6,000 square feet or greater shall be located on the site. Alternative site location may be approved by the Building Inspection and Fire Departments.
2. Fire lanes shall be designed and constructed per city standards.
3. Handicapped parking areas shall be designed and provided per city standards and shall comply with requirements of the current, adopted International Building Code.
4. Four-foot wide sidewalks shall be provided 2.5 feet off of the property line with the right-of-way unless a different width is provided for a surrounding sidewalk or an alternative design is approved by the city.
5. Handicapped curb, curbside, and crosswalk shall be provided on all streets.
6. Handicapped curb, curbside, and crosswalk shall be provided on all streets.
7. Approval of the site plan is not final until all of the following items are approved:
8. Open spaces, when permitted, shall be designed in accordance with the zoning ordinance.
9. Building setbacks with this development shall be completed, as provided in the Final Corner Design Guidelines.
10. Outdoor lighting shall comply with illumination standards with Section 6-4-06 of the Code of Ordinances.
11. Please contact the Building Inspection Department to determine the type of construction and occupancy group.
12. All electrical transmission, distribution, and service lines must be underground where required.
13. Use of all systems, including, but not limited to, fire, gas, and water, shall be in accordance with the applicable codes and standards of the city.
14. All electrical transmission, distribution, and service lines must be underground where required.
15. Use of all systems, including, but not limited to, fire, gas, and water, shall be in accordance with the applicable codes and standards of the city.
16. All electrical transmission, distribution, and service lines must be underground where required.
17. Use of all systems, including, but not limited to, fire, gas, and water, shall be in accordance with the applicable codes and standards of the city.
18. All electrical transmission, distribution, and service lines must be underground where required.
19. Use of all systems, including, but not limited to, fire, gas, and water, shall be in accordance with the applicable codes and standards of the city.
20. All electrical transmission, distribution, and service lines must be underground where required.
21. Use of all systems, including, but not limited to, fire, gas, and water, shall be in accordance with the applicable codes and standards of the city.
22. All electrical transmission, distribution, and service lines must be underground where required.
23. Use of all systems, including, but not limited to, fire, gas, and water, shall be in accordance with the applicable codes and standards of the city.
24. All electrical transmission, distribution, and service lines must be underground where required.
25. Use of all systems, including, but not limited to, fire, gas

CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 6**

**Public Hearing:** Zoning Case 2007-47

**Applicant:** City of Plano

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #165 for Private Club on one lot on 0.9± acre located on the east side of U.S. Highway 75, 808± feet north of Parker Road. Zoned Corridor Commercial.

**REMARKS:**

This is a city-initiated zoning request to rescind Specific Use Permit (SUP) #165 for Private Club. The purpose and intent of an SUP is to authorize and regulate a use not normally permitted in a district which could be of benefit in a particular case to the general welfare, provided adequate development standards and safeguards are established for such use during the review of an SUP application.

Prior to the May 2005 election, a restaurant in Plano desiring to serve alcoholic beverages had to obtain SUP approval for a Private Club from the City of Plano and had to obtain a Private Club Permit from the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission (TABC). The election gave restaurants another option to serve alcoholic beverages by acquiring a Mixed Beverage Permit (with a Food and Beverage Certificate) directly from TABC. With the Mixed Beverage Permit, an SUP is no longer necessary.

Mario's Chiquita restaurant with SUP #165 operates with a Mixed Beverage Permit from TABC. Therefore, for "housekeeping" purposes, staff recommends that the Private Club SUP be rescinded since the SUP is not necessary for the restaurant to sell alcoholic beverages. Staff has not received a response from the property owner as to whether or not they concur with the removal of the SUP.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Recommended for approval as submitted.



CITY OF PLANO

PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 7**

**Public Hearing:** Zoning Case 2007-48

**Applicant:** City of Plano

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #176 for Private Club on one lot on 0.1± acre located on the west side of U.S. Highway 75, 838± feet north of Parker Road. Zoned Corridor Commercial.

**REMARKS:**

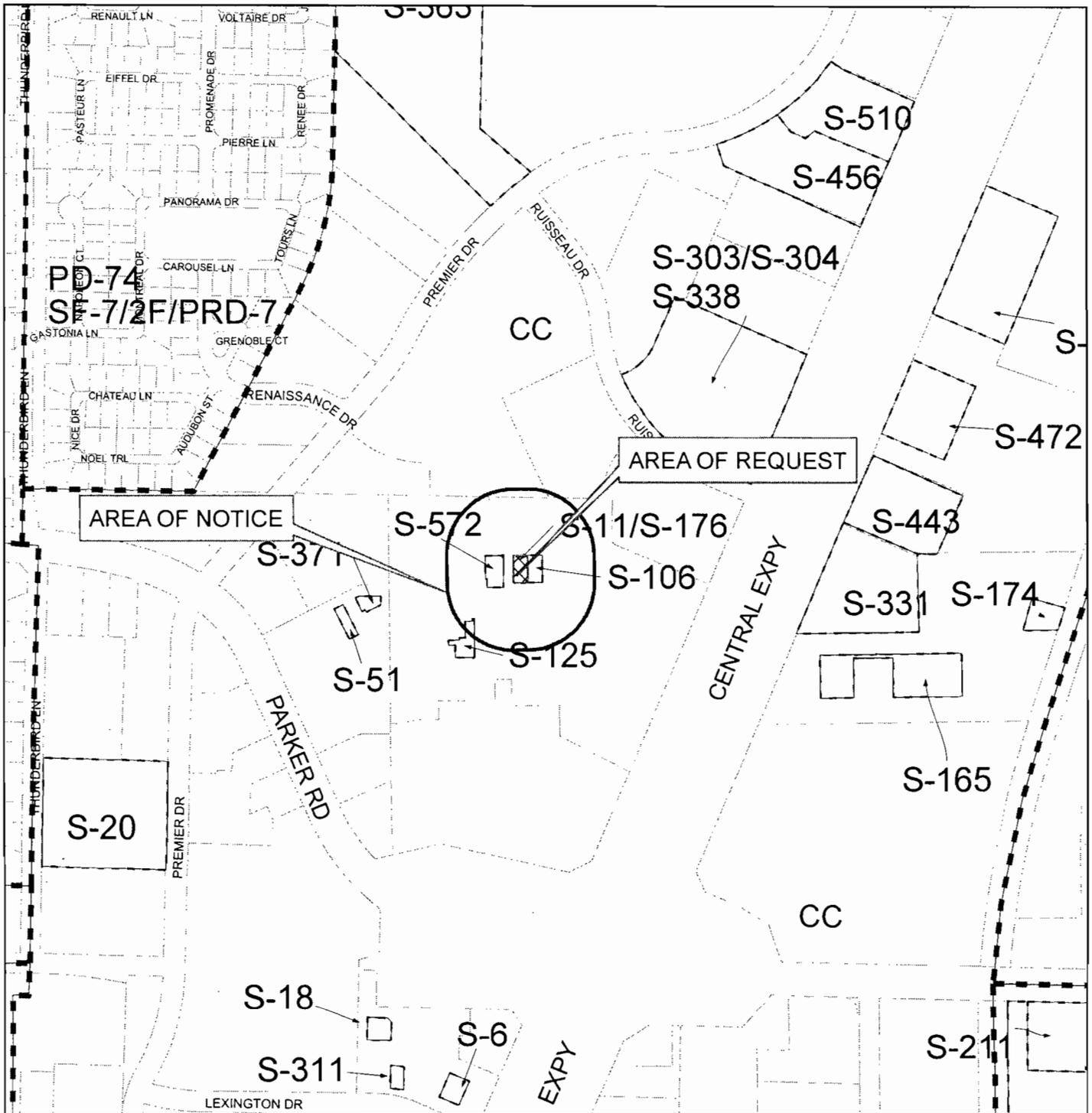
This is a city-initiated zoning request to rescind Specific Use Permit (SUP) #176 for Private Club. The purpose and intent of an SUP is to authorize and regulate a use not normally permitted in a district which could be of benefit in a particular case to the general welfare, provided adequate development standards and safeguards are established for such use during the review of an SUP application.

Prior to the May 2005 election, a restaurant in Plano desiring to serve alcoholic beverages had to obtain SUP approval for a Private Club from the City of Plano and had to obtain a Private Club Permit from the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission (TABC). The election gave restaurants another option to serve alcoholic beverages by acquiring a Mixed Beverage Permit (with a Food and Beverage Certificate) directly from TABC. With the Mixed Beverage Permit, an SUP is no longer necessary.

Greek Isles restaurant with SUP #176 operates with a Mixed Beverage Permit from TABC. Therefore, for "housekeeping" purposes, staff recommends that the Private Club SUP be rescinded since the SUP is not necessary for the restaurant to sell alcoholic beverages. Staff has not received a response from the property owner as to whether or not they concur with the removal of the SUP.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

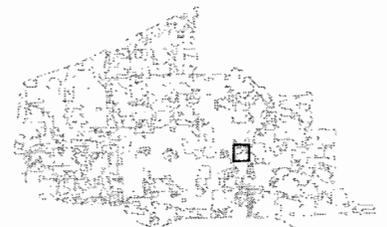
Recommended for approval as submitted.



Zoning Case #: 2007-48

Existing Zoning: CORRIDOR COMMERCIAL w/SPECIFIC USE PERMIT #11 & #176

○ 200' Notification Buffer



CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 8**

**Public Hearing:** Zoning Case 2007-49

**Applicant:** City of Plano

---

**DESCRIPTION:**

Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #178 for Private Club on one lot on 0.1± acre located on the west side of U.S. Highway 75, 1,450± feet south of 15th Street. Zoned Corridor Commercial.

**REMARKS:**

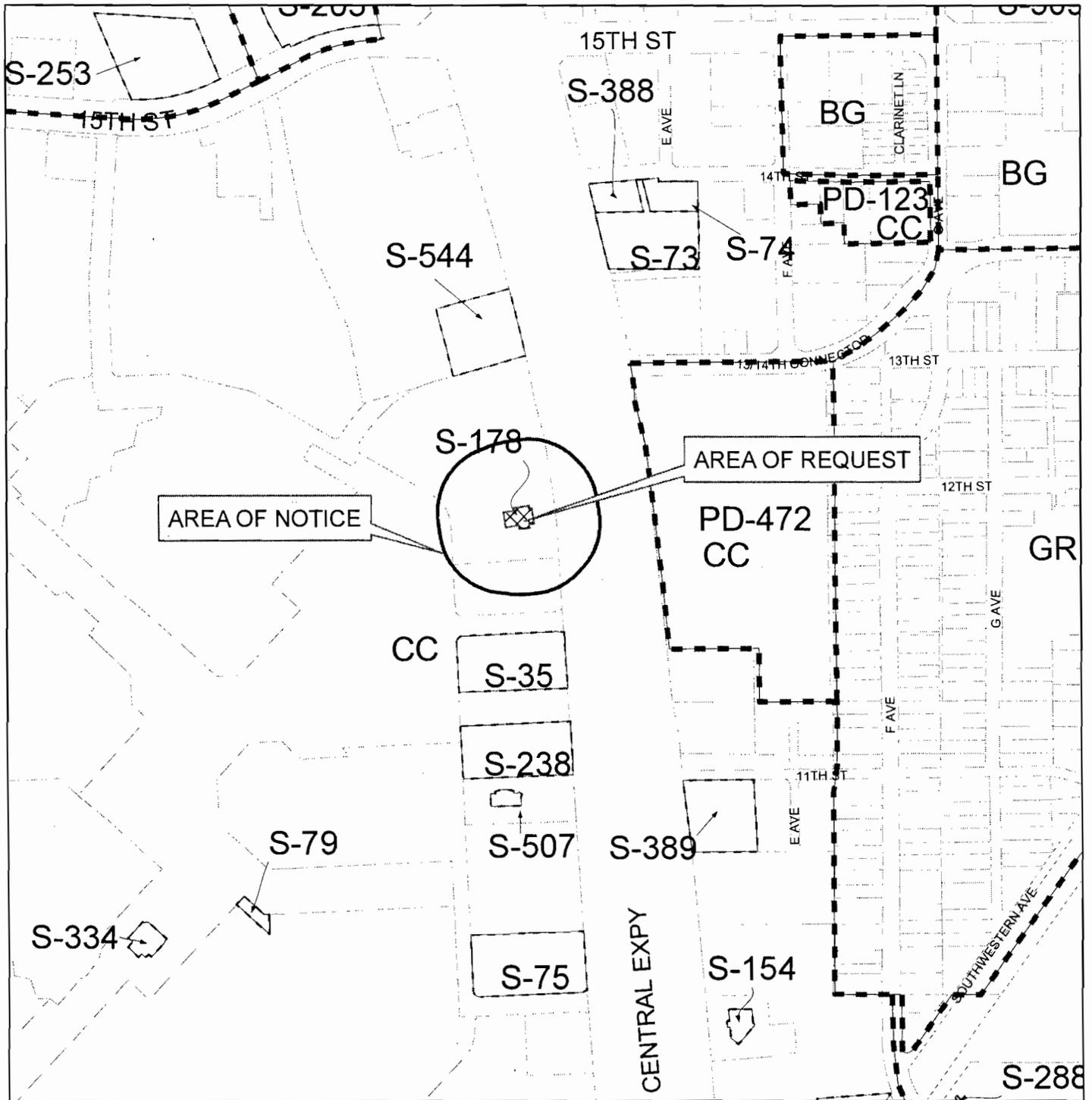
This is a city initiated zoning request to rescind Specific Use Permit (SUP) #178 for Private Club. The purpose and intent of an SUP is to authorize and regulate a use not normally permitted in a district which could be of benefit in a particular case to the general welfare, provided adequate development standards and safeguards are established for such use during the review of an SUP application.

Prior to the May 2005 election, a restaurant in Plano desiring to serve alcoholic beverages had to obtain SUP approval for a Private Club from the City of Plano and had to obtain a Private Club Permit from the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission (TABC). The election gave restaurants another option to serve alcoholic beverages by acquiring a Mixed Beverage Permit (with a Food and Beverage Certificate) directly from TABC. With the Mixed Beverage Permit, an SUP is no longer necessary.

Chipotle Mexican Grill with SUP #178 operates with a Mixed Beverage Permit from TABC. Therefore, for "housekeeping" purposes, staff recommends that the Private Club SUP be rescinded since the SUP is not necessary for the restaurant to sell alcoholic beverages. Staff has not received a response from the property owner as to whether or not they concur with the removal of the SUP.

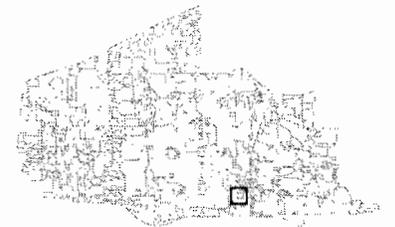
**RECOMMENDATION:**

Recommended for approval as submitted.



Zoning Case #: 2007-49

Existing Zoning: CORRIDOR COMMERCIAL w/SPECIFIC USE PERMIT #178



○ 200' Notification Buffer



CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 9**

**Public Hearing:** Zoning Case 2007-50

**Applicant:** City of Plano

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #182 for Private Club on one lot on 2.0± acres located at the northeast corner of U.S. Highway 75 and Plano Parkway. Zoned Corridor Commercial.

**REMARKS:**

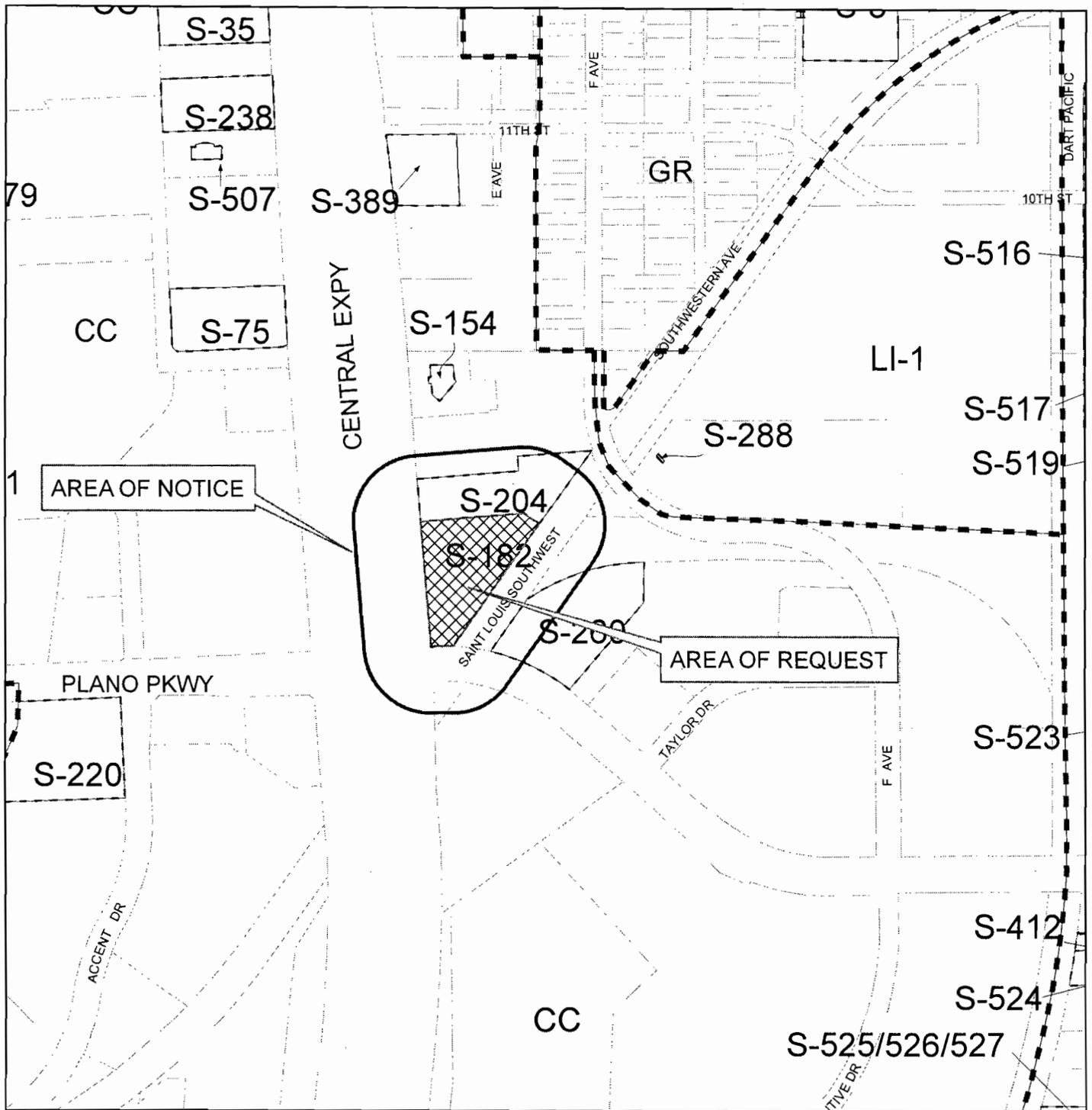
This is a city initiated zoning request to rescind Specific Use Permit (SUP) #182 for Private Club. The purpose and intent of an SUP is to authorize and regulate a use not normally permitted in a district which could be of benefit in a particular case to the general welfare, provided adequate development standards and safeguards are established for such use during the review of an SUP application.

Prior to the May 2005 election, a restaurant in Plano desiring to serve alcoholic beverages had to obtain SUP approval for a Private Club from the City of Plano and had to obtain a Private Club Permit from the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission (TABC). The election gave restaurants another option to serve alcoholic beverages by acquiring a Mixed Beverage Permit (with a Food and Beverage Certificate) directly from TABC. With the Mixed Beverage Permit, an SUP is no longer necessary.

Olive Garden Italian Restaurant with SUP #182 operates with a Mixed Beverage Permit from TABC. Therefore, for "housekeeping" purposes, staff recommends that the Private Club SUP be rescinded since the SUP is not necessary for the restaurant to sell alcoholic beverages. Staff has not received a response from the property owner as to whether or not they concur with the removal of the SUP.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Recommended for approval as submitted.



Zoning Case #: 2007-50

Existing Zoning: CORRIDOR COMMERCIAL w/SPECIFIC USE PERMIT #182

○ 200' Notification Buffer



CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 10**

**Public Hearing:** Zoning Case 2007-51

**Applicant:** City of Plano

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #201 for Private Club on one lot on 0.1± acre located on the west side of U.S. Highway 75, 393± feet north of Enterprise Drive. Zoned Corridor Commercial.

**REMARKS:**

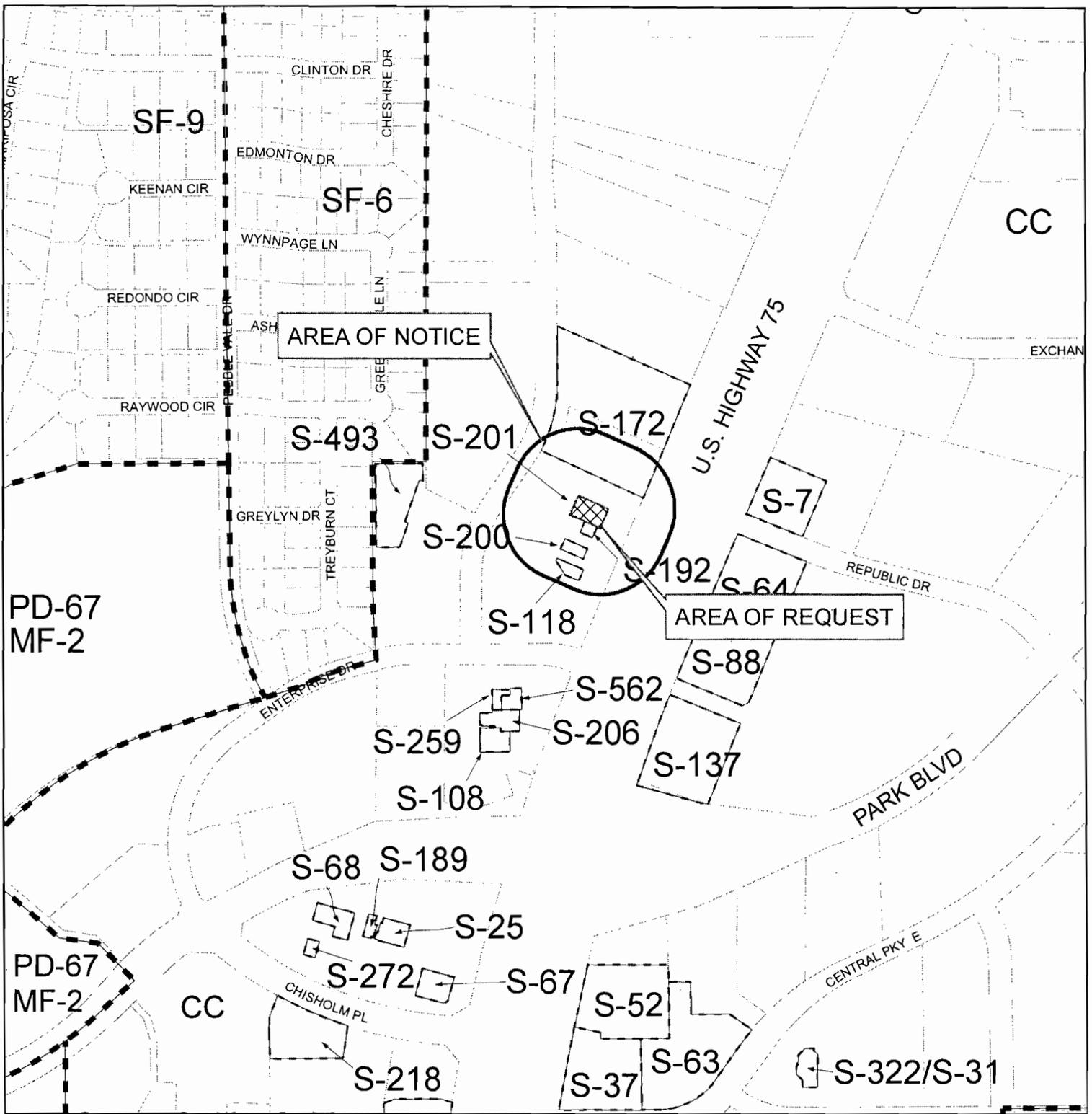
This is a city-initiated zoning request to rescind Specific Use Permit (SUP) #201 for Private Club. The purpose and intent of an SUP is to authorize and regulate a use not normally permitted in a district which could be of benefit in a particular case to the general welfare, provided adequate development standards and safeguards are established for such use during the review of an SUP application.

Prior to the May 2005 election, a restaurant in Plano desiring to serve alcoholic beverages had to obtain SUP approval for a Private Club from the City of Plano and had to obtain a Private Club Permit from the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission (TABC). The election gave restaurants another option to serve alcoholic beverages by acquiring a Mixed Beverage Permit (with a Food and Beverage Certificate) directly from TABC. With the Mixed Beverage Permit, an SUP is no longer necessary.

Mac's Bar and Grill restaurant with SUP #201 operates with a Mixed Beverage Permit from TABC. Therefore, for "housekeeping" purposes, staff recommends that the Private Club SUP be rescinded since the SUP is not necessary for the restaurant to sell alcoholic beverages. Staff has not received any responses from the property owner as to whether or not they concur with the removal of the SUP.

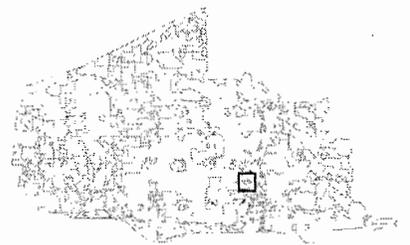
**RECOMMENDATION:**

Recommended for approval as submitted.



Zoning Case #: 2007-51

Existing Zoning: CORRIDOR COMMERCIAL w/SPECIFIC USE PERMIT #201



○ 200' Notification Buffer

CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 11**

**Public Hearing:** Zoning Case 2007-52

**Applicant:** City of Plano

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #202 for Private Club on one lot on 0.1± acre located at the northwest corner of Parker Road and Silverstone Drive. Zoned Planned Development-90-Retail.

**REMARKS:**

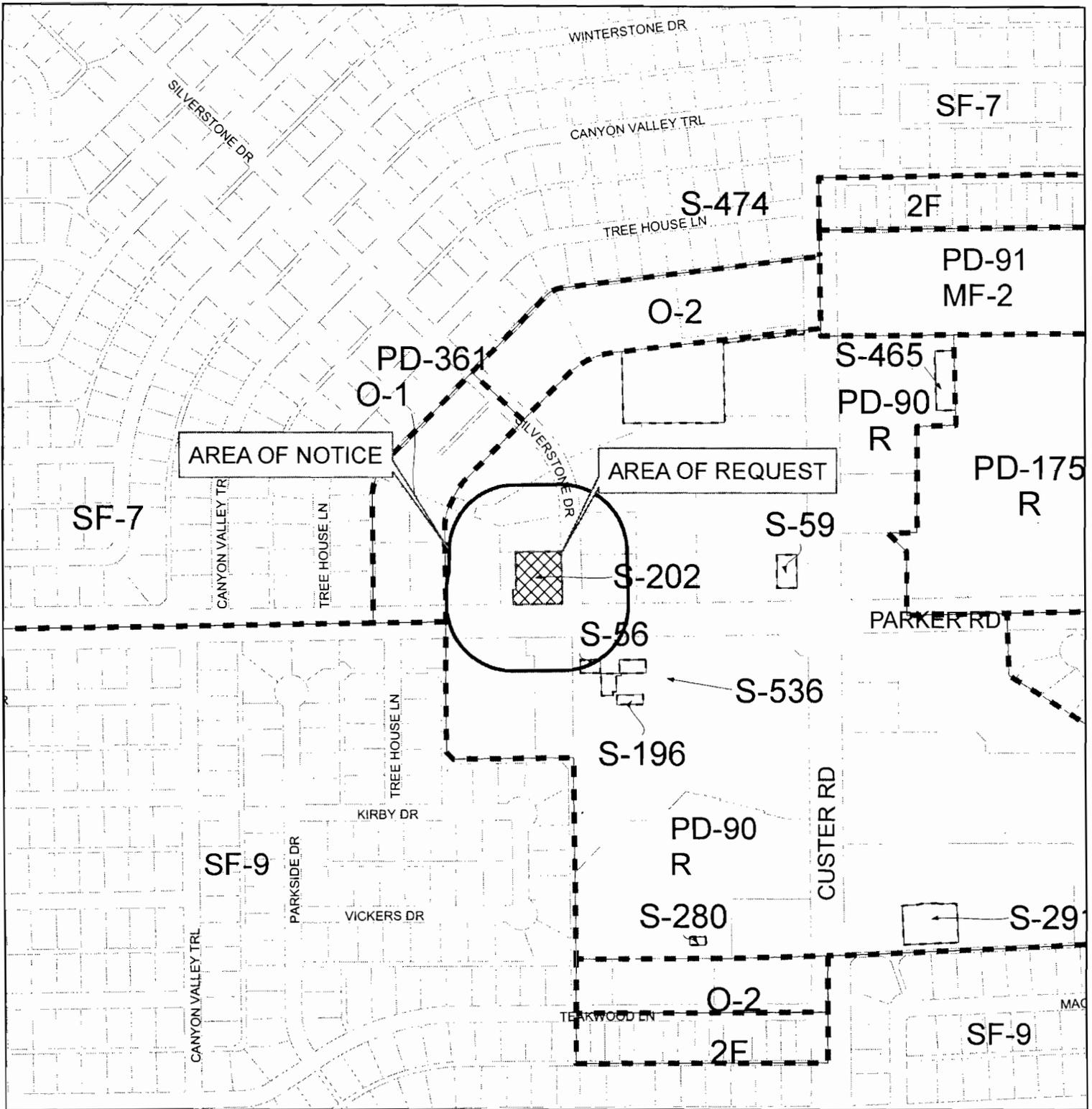
This is a city-initiated zoning request to rescind Specific Use Permit (SUP) #202 for Private Club. The purpose and intent of an SUP is to authorize and regulate a use not normally permitted in a district which could be of benefit in a particular case to the general welfare, provided adequate development standards and safeguards are established for such use during the review of an SUP application.

Prior to the May 2005 election, a restaurant in Plano desiring to serve alcoholic beverages had to obtain SUP approval for a Private Club from the City of Plano and had to obtain a Private Club Permit from the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission (TABC). The election gave restaurants another option to serve alcoholic beverages by acquiring a Mixed Beverage Permit (with a Food and Beverage Certificate) directly from TABC. With the Mixed Beverage Permit, an SUP is no longer necessary.

El Norte Mexican Grill restaurant with SUP #202 operates with a Mixed Beverage Permit from TABC. Therefore, for "housekeeping" purposes, staff recommends that the Private Club SUP be rescinded since the SUP is not necessary for the restaurant to sell alcoholic beverages. Staff has not received any responses from the property owner as to whether or not they concur with the removal of the SUP.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Recommended for approval as submitted.



Zoning Case #: 2007-52

Existing Zoning: PLANNED DEVELOPMENT-90-RETAIL w/SPECIFIC USE PERMIT #202

○ 200' Notification Buffer



CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 12**

**Public Hearing:** Zoning Case 2007-53

**Applicant:** City of Plano

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #204 for Private Club on one lot on 1.5± acres located on the east side of U.S. Highway 75, 380± feet north of Plano Parkway. Zoned Corridor Commercial.

**REMARKS:**

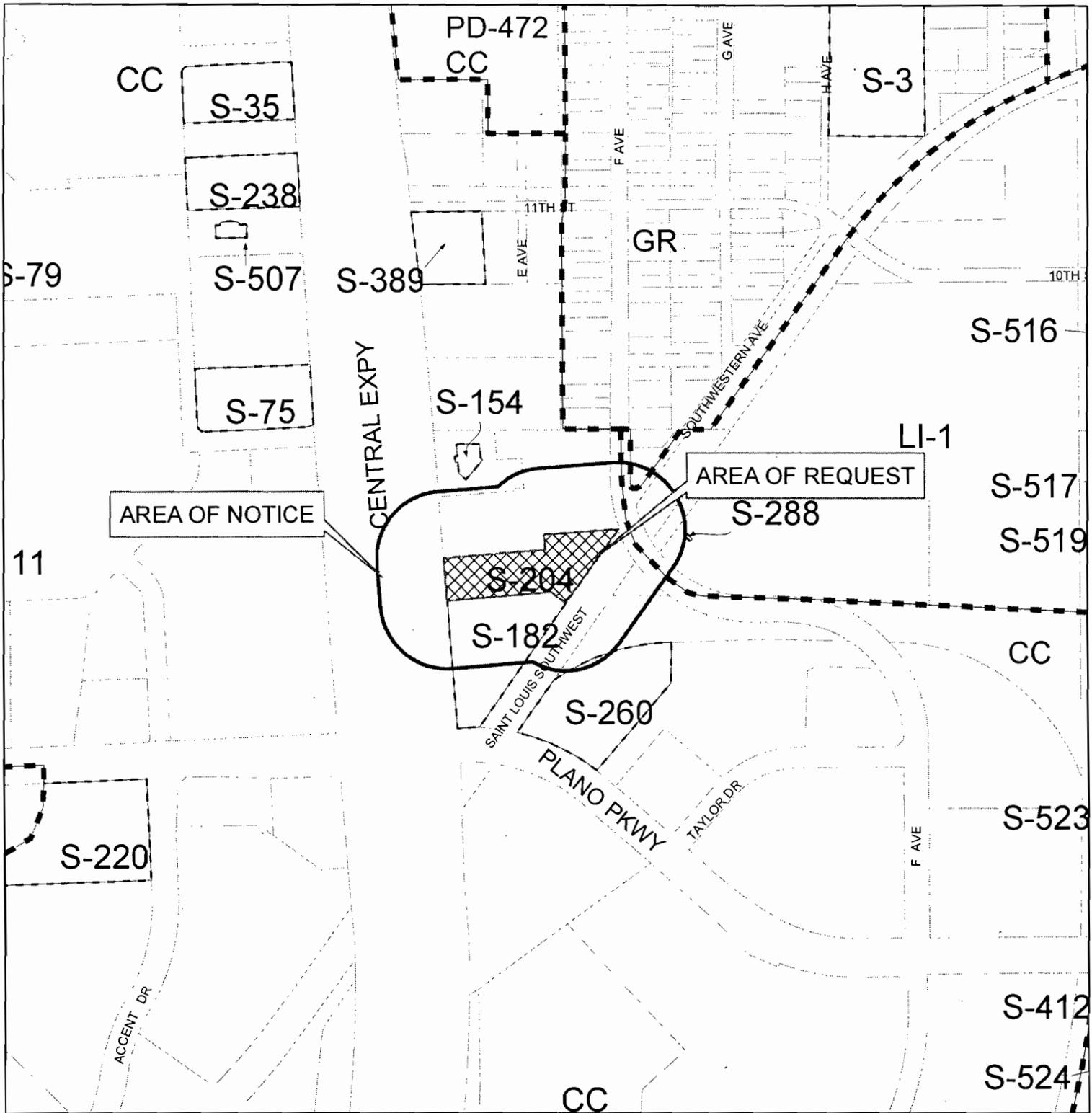
This is a city-initiated zoning request to rescind Specific Use Permit (SUP) #204 for Private Club. The purpose and intent of an SUP is to authorize and regulate a use not normally permitted in a district which could be of benefit in a particular case to the general welfare, provided adequate development standards and safeguards are established for such use during the review of an SUP application.

Prior to the May 2005 election, a restaurant in Plano desiring to serve alcoholic beverages had to obtain SUP approval for Private Club from the City of Plano and had to obtain a Private Club Permit from the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission (TABC). The election gave restaurants another option to serve alcoholic beverages by acquiring/via a Mixed Beverage Permit (with a Food and Beverage Certificate) directly from TABC. With the Mixed Beverage Permit, an SUP is no longer necessary.

Hooters restaurant with SUP #204 operates with a Mixed Beverage Permit from TABC. Therefore, for "housekeeping" purposes, staff recommends that the Private Club SUP be rescinded since the SUP is not necessary for the restaurant to sell alcoholic beverages. Staff has not received any responses from the property owner as to whether or not they concur with the removal of the SUP.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Recommended for approval as submitted.



Zoning Case #: 2007-53

Existing Zoning: CORRIDOR COMMERCIAL w/SPECIFIC USE PERMIT #204

○ 200' Notification Buffer



CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 13**

**Public Hearing:** Zoning Case 2007-54

**Applicant:** City of Plano

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Request to rescind Specific Use Permit #205 for Private Club on one lot on 1.9± acres located on the north side of 15th Street, 168± feet west of U.S. Highway 75. Zoned Planned Development-469-Corridor Commercial.

**REMARKS:**

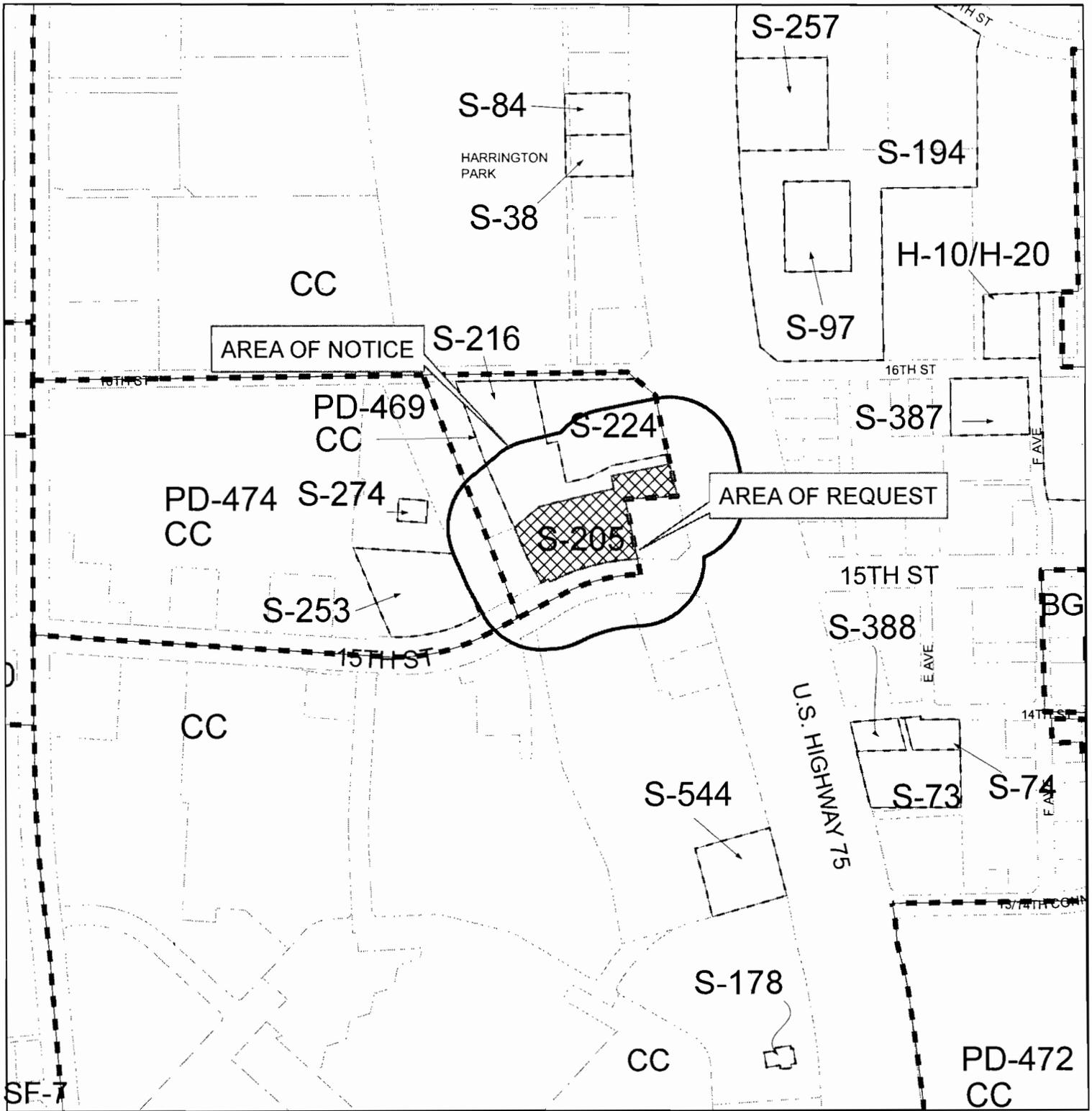
This is a city-initiated zoning request to rescind Specific Use Permit (SUP) #205 for Private Club. The purpose and intent of an SUP is to authorize and regulate a use not normally permitted in a district which could be of benefit in a particular case to the general welfare, provided adequate development standards and safeguards are established for such use during the review of an SUP application.

Prior to the May 2005 election, a restaurant in Plano desiring to serve alcoholic beverages had to obtain SUP approval for Private Club from the City of Plano and had to obtain a Private Club Permit from the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission (TABC). The election gave restaurants another option to serve alcoholic beverages by acquiring/via a Mixed Beverage Permit (with a Food and Beverage Certificate) directly from TABC. With the Mixed Beverage Permit, an SUP is no longer necessary.

On the Border restaurant with SUP #205 operates with a Mixed Beverage Permit from TABC. Therefore, for "housekeeping" purposes, staff recommends that the Private Club SUP be rescinded since the SUP is not necessary for the restaurant to sell alcoholic beverages. Staff has not received any responses from the property owner as to whether or not they concur with the removal of the SUP.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Recommended for approval as submitted.



Zoning Case #: 2007-54

Existing Zoning: PLANNED DEVELOPMENT-469-CORRIDOR COMMERCIAL  
w/SPECIFIC USE PERMIT #205



○ 200' Notification Buffer



REPLY FORM

RECEIVED

PLANNING DEPT.

Planning & Zoning Commission  
P.O. Box 860358  
Plano, TX 75086-0358



Dear Commissioners:

This letter is regarding Zoning Case 2007-54. This is a request to rescind Specific Use Permit #205 for Private Club on one lot on 1.9± acres located on the north side of 15th Street, 168± feet west of U.S. Highway 75. The requested zoning is to rescind the SUP #205 and retain the underlying Planned Development-469-Corridor Commercial (PD-469-CC) zoning. PD-469-CC zoning will remain unchanged.

**\*\*\*PLEASE TYPE OR USE BLACK INK\*\*\***

\_\_\_\_\_ I am **FOR** the requested zoning as explained on the attached cover sheet for Zoning Case 2007-54.

\_\_\_\_\_ I am **AGAINST** the requested zoning as explained on the attached cover sheet for Zoning Case 2007-54.

This item will be heard on **November 5, 2007, 7:00 p.m.** at the Plano Municipal Center, 1520 K Avenue. Please provide your written comments below regarding the proposed zoning change. If additional space is required, you may continue writing on a separate sheet, one-sided for printing purposes.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ TO HAVE PRIVATE CLUBS

\_\_\_\_\_ IS OK

\_\_\_\_\_

By signing this letter, I declare I am the owner or authorized agent of the property at the address written below.

PLANO-BABYLON C/O JOHN AVAL *[Signature]*  
Name (Please Print) Signature

601 W. 15TH STR. PLANO 10-10-07  
Address Date

BT

CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 14**

**Public Hearing:** Zoning Case 2007-55

**Applicant:** Haggard Enterprises Limited

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**DESCRIPTION:**

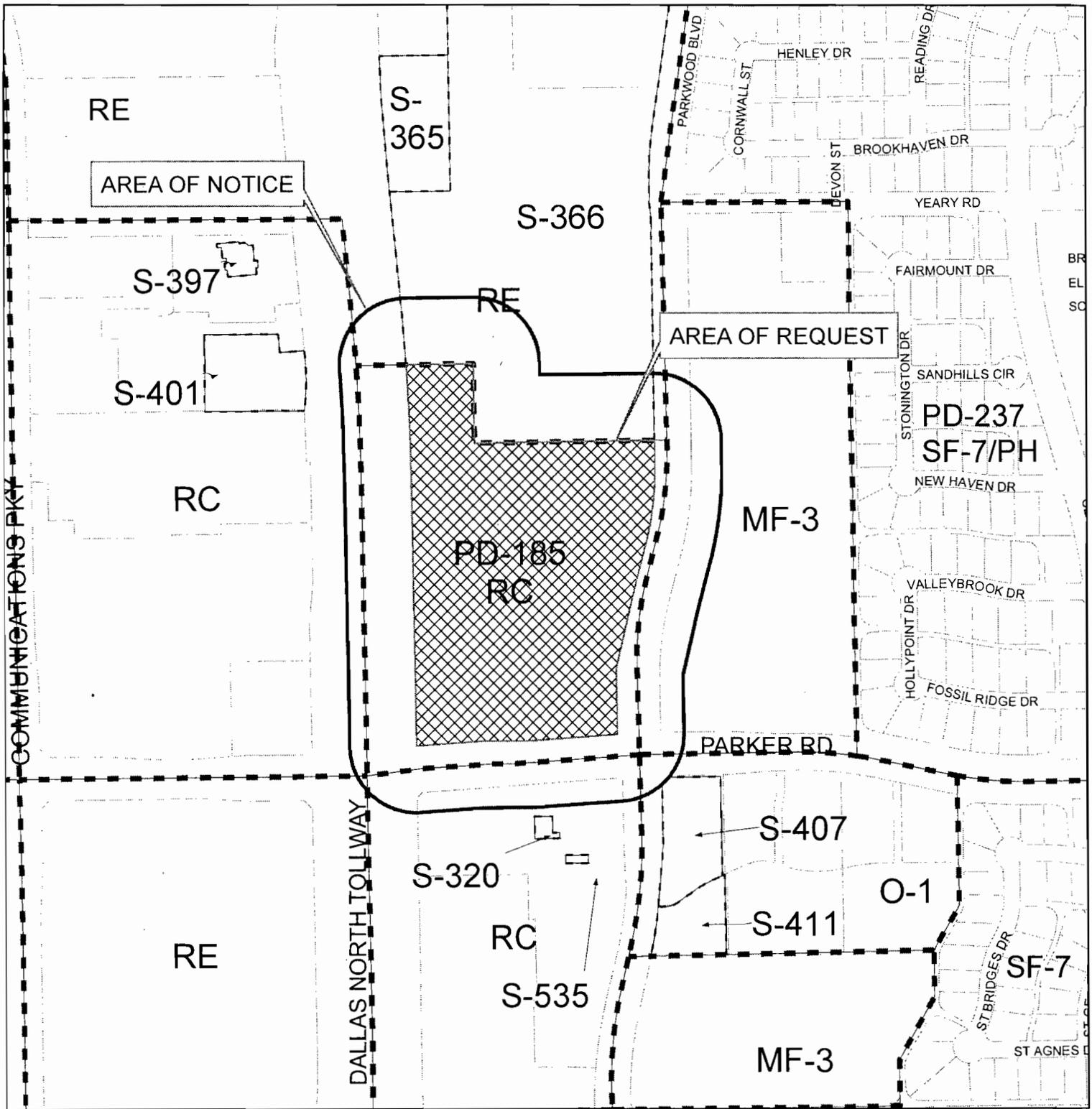
Request to amend Planned Development-185-Regional Commercial development standards on 14.8± acres located at the northeast corner of Parker Road and Dallas North Tollway. Zoned Planned Development-185-Regional Commercial.

**REMARKS:**

The applicant is requesting that this item be tabled until the Monday, November 19, 2007, Planning & Zoning Commission meeting to allow additional time to work through outstanding issues pertaining to the property.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Recommended that the Planning & Zoning Commission accept the applicant's request to table this item until the November 19, 2007, Planning & Zoning Commission meeting.



Zoning Case #: 2007-55

Existing Zoning: PLANNED DEVELOPMENT-185-REGIONAL COMMERCIAL

○ 200' Notification Buffer



CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 15**

**Public Hearing - Replat:** All Star Skate Addition, Block A, Lot 1R

**Applicant:** Branom Properties

---

**DESCRIPTION:**

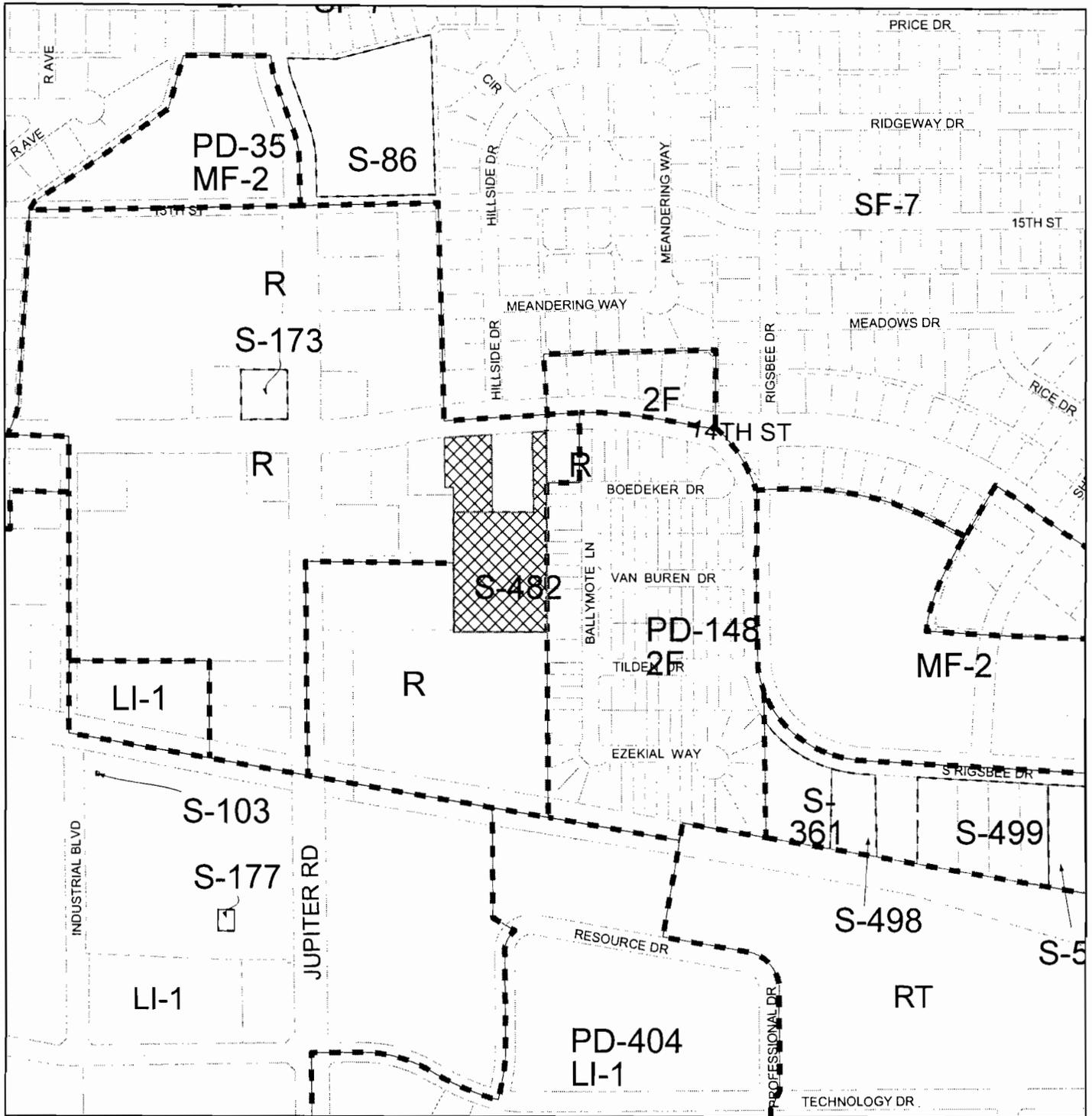
Commercial amusement (indoor) on one lot on 3.1± acres located on the south side of 14th Street, 400± feet east of Jupiter Road. Zoned Retail with Specific Use Permit #482. Neighborhood #68.

**REMARKS:**

The purpose of the replat is to combine two lots into one lot and provide the necessary easements.

**RECOMMENDATIONS:**

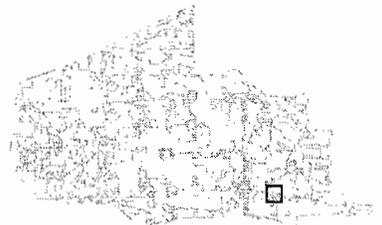
Recommended for approval as submitted.



Item Submitted: REPLAT

Title: ALL STAR SKATE ADDITION  
BLOCK A, LOT 1R

Zoning: RETAIL w/SPECIFIC USE PERMIT #482



○ 200' Notification Buffer





CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 16**

**Public Hearing - Replat:** E.I.G. II Addition, Block 1, Lot 2R

**Applicant:** OCS Family Limited Partnership

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**DESCRIPTION:**

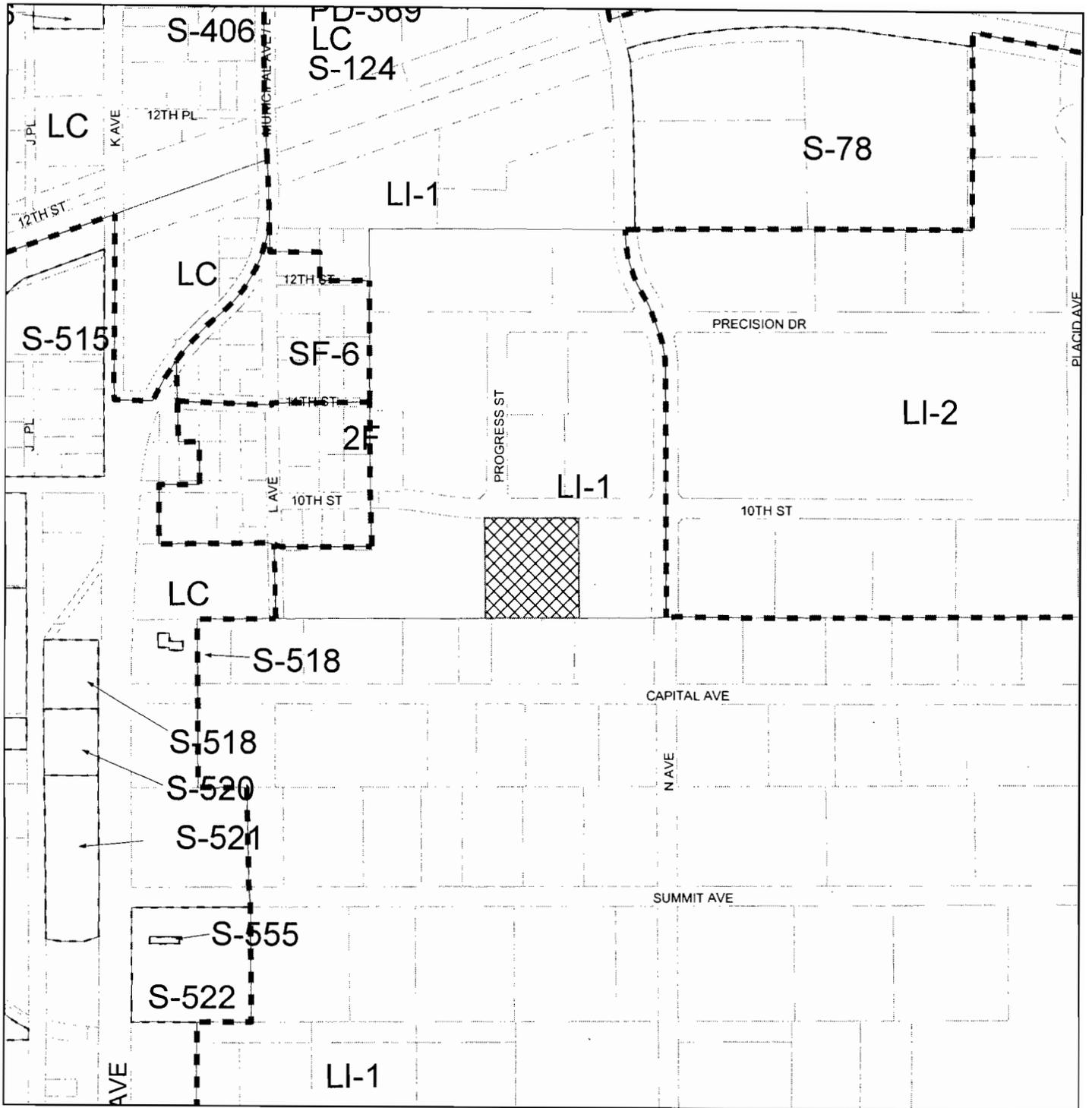
Office and warehouse building on one lot on 2.0± acres located south of 10th Street, 208± feet west of N Avenue. Zoned Light Industrial-1. Neighborhood #67.

**REMARKS:**

The purpose of the replat is to provide utility easements needed for the development.

**RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Recommended for approval as submitted.



Item Submitted: REPLAT

Title: E.I.G. II ADDITION  
BLOCK 1, LOT 2R

Zoning: LIGHT INDUSTRIAL-1



○ 200' Notification Buffer





CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 17**

**Public Hearing - Replat:** Grainger Addition, Block 1, Lot 1R

**Applicant:** W. W. Grainger, Inc.

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**DESCRIPTION:**

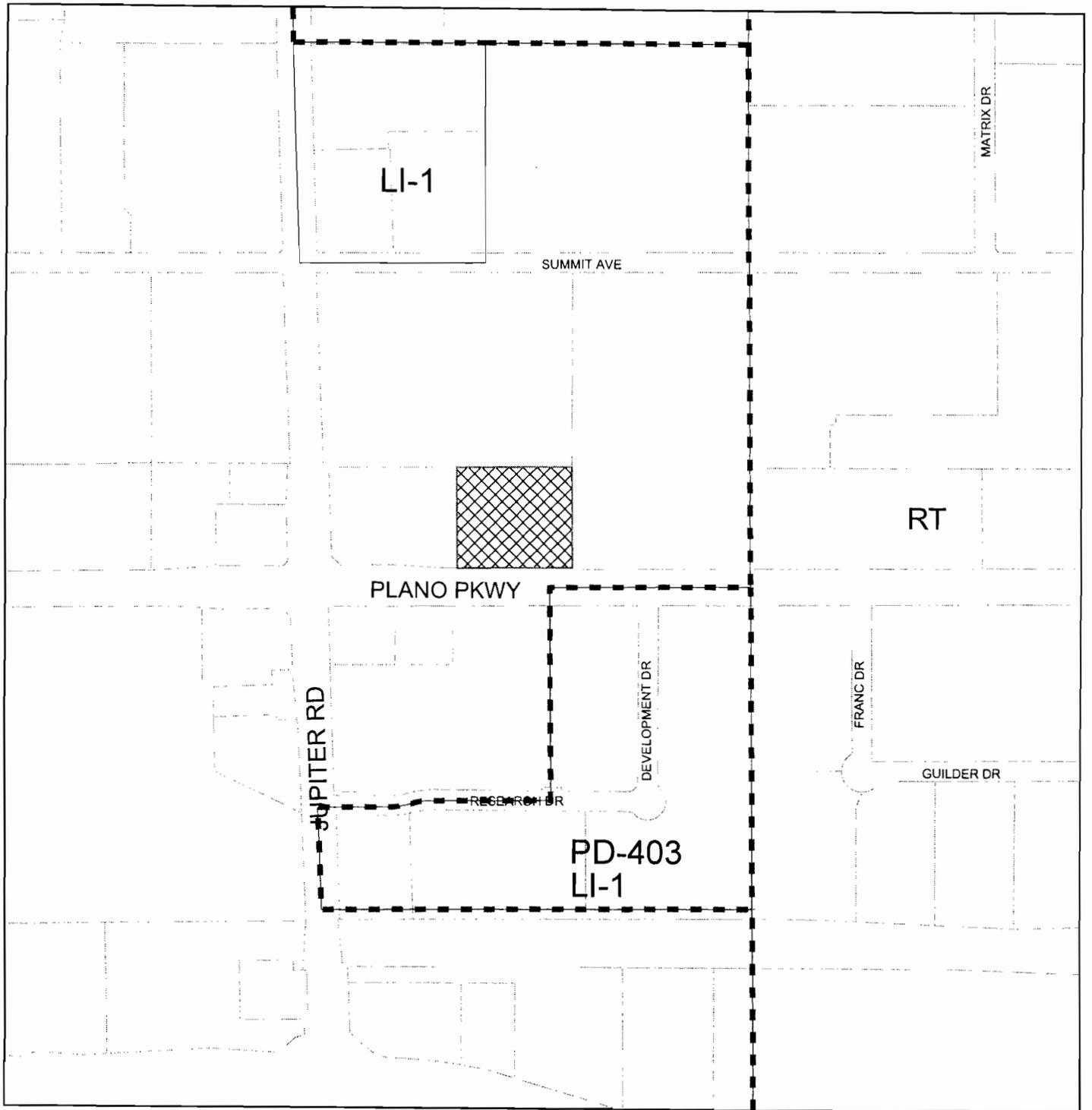
Warehouse/Distribution center on one lot on 2.5± acres located on the north side of Plano Parkway, 415± feet east of Jupiter Road. Zoned Light Industrial-1. Neighborhood #68.

**REMARKS:**

The purpose of the replat is to abandon a portion of the existing fire lane and utility easements and dedicate a new fire lane and other utility easements.

**RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Recommended for approval as submitted.



Item Submitted: REPLAT

Title: GRAINGER ADDITION  
BLOCK 1, LOT 1R

Zoning: LIGHT INDUSTRIAL-1



○ 200' Notification Buffer





CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 18**

**Public Hearing - Preliminary Replat:** United National Bank Addition, Block 1,  
Lots 1R & 2R

**Applicant:** Comerica Bank and CVS Caremark Corporation

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Retail building and bank on two lots on 3.2± acres located at the northeast corner of Parker Road and Premier Drive. Zoned Corridor Commercial. Neighborhood #36.

**REMARKS:**

The purpose of the preliminary replat is to create new lot lines and provide the necessary easements.

**RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Recommended for approval subject to additions and/or alterations to the engineering plans as required by the Engineering Department.

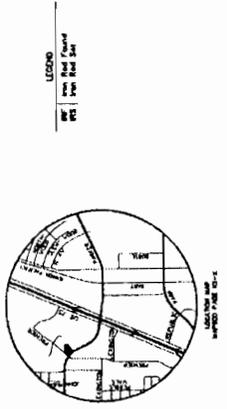
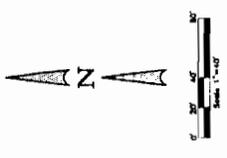


Winkelmann Associates, Inc. 2100 PITTENGER, F.A. 15003  
 ARCHITECTS & ENGINEERS  
 PREPARED FOR THE DEVELOPER BY WINKELMANN ASSOCIATES, INC.

PRELIMINARY PLAT  
 UNITED NATIONAL BANK ADDITION  
 3.186 ACRES

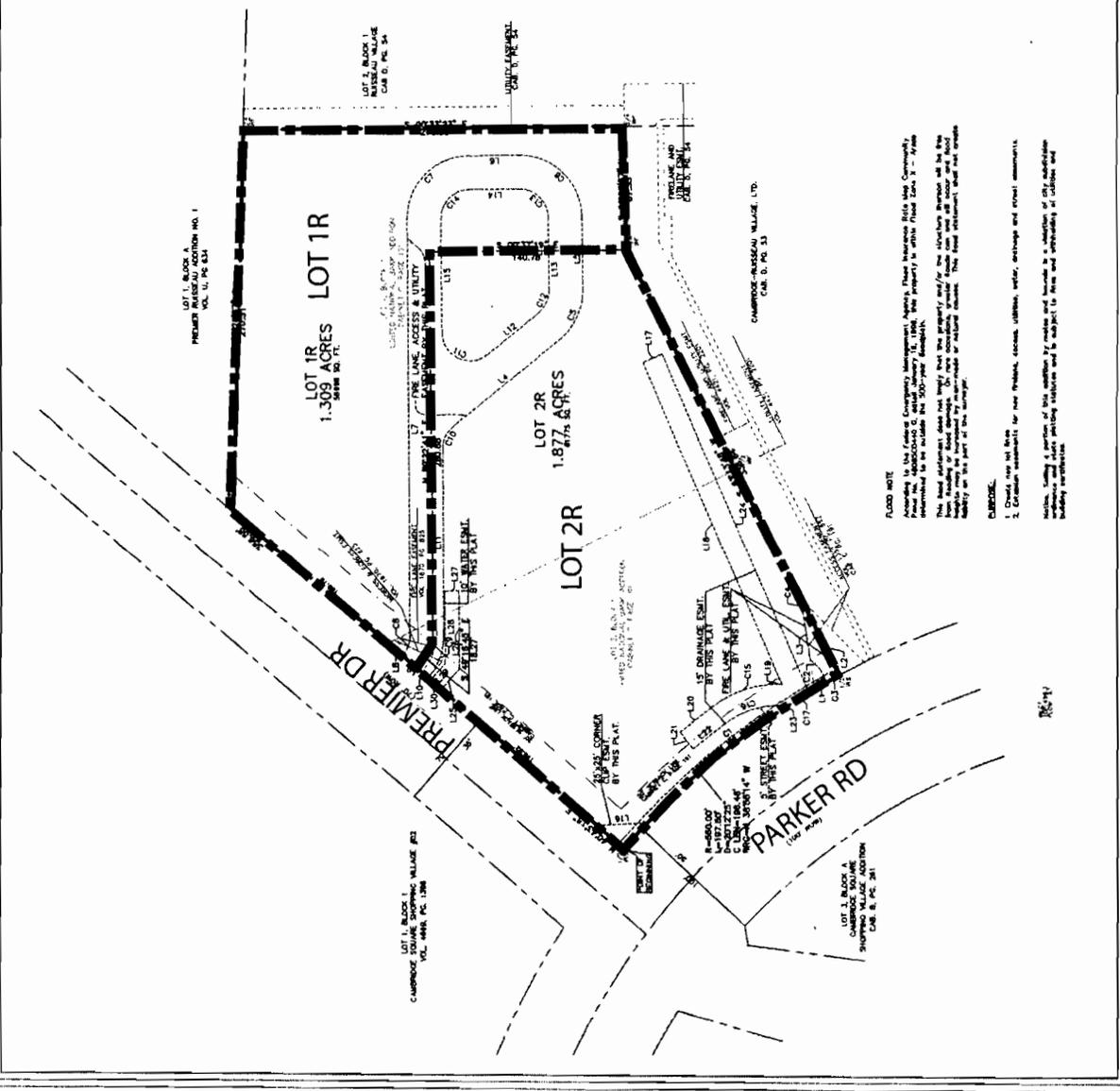
PRELIMINARY REPLAT  
 UNITED NATIONAL BANK ADDITION  
 DONALD ROBERTSON, JR. TRACT, ABSTRACT NO. 738  
 COLLIER COUNTY, TEXAS  
 ROAD A REPLAT OF LOTS 1 & 2, BLOCK 1  
 UNITED NATIONAL BANK ADDITION  
 RECORDED IN GABRIEL C. PL. 191, MAP RECORDS OF COLLIER COUNTY, TEXAS

Project No. 43769PL1.DWG  
 Drawn by: R.E. BNE  
 Checked by: DMB  
 Date: 10/29/2017



CURVE TABLE				
No.	Data	Radius	Length	Ch. B
C1	287.27M	286.00	188.43	538.54+1.41E
C2	337.50+1.9	15.00	9.32	511.51+3.37W
C3	0.765+1.1	540.00	8.84	508.81+3.71E
C4	513.40+1.9	19.84	2.17	448.03+3.17W
C5	51.36+3.3	44.00	39.89	383.54
C6	90.00+0.0	44.00	88.12	62.23
C7	89.51+0.4	44.00	88.00	82.14
C8	41.08+3.7	20.00	14.37	14.08
C9	41.08+3.7	4.00	31.81	30.84
C10	51.47+3.8	20.00	18.08	17.47
C11	128.72+3	20.00	44.37	35.98
C12	51.36+3.3	20.00	18.13	17.52
C13	90.00+0.0	20.00	31.42	28.38
C14	83.91+0.4	20.00	31.36	29.35
C15	38.38+3.6	77.50	52.18	57.28
C16	38.38+3.6	81.50	42.18	47.38
C17	145.18	260.00	17.18	17.15

LINE TABLE		
No.	Bearing	Length
L1	S33°21'41"E	35.83
L2	N83°13'41"E	53.51
L3	S01°21'01"W	34.08
L4	S58°38'54"E	97.82
L5	N82°24'30"E	51.48
L6	N02°33'30"W	37.00
L7	S89°33'27"W	298.35
L8	N48°41'37"W	67.72
L9	S50°51'27"W	24.40
L10	S48°13'37"E	67.72
L11	N89°33'27"E	134.32
L12	S32°38'54"E	47.25
L13	N82°24'30"E	51.48
L14	N02°33'30"W	37.00
L15	S48°13'37"E	67.72
L16	S50°51'27"W	24.40
L17	N48°41'37"E	281.72
L18	S48°13'37"E	19.33
L19	N89°33'27"E	55.56
L20	N02°33'30"W	60.00
L21	S89°33'27"W	51.80
L22	S48°13'37"E	51.80
L23	N48°41'37"W	15.87
L24	S50°51'27"W	0.00



**FLOOD NOTE**  
 According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency's Flood Insurance Rate Map Community, the subject property is in Flood Zone X-1. The property is within Flood Zone X-1. Areas determined to be suitable for 500-year floodplain.  
 This flood information does not constitute a warranty of any kind. The information is provided for informational purposes only. The user of this information should consult with a qualified professional engineer or architect for more information. The flood information shall not be used for any other purpose without the written consent of the provider.

**CURTAINS**  
 1. Check use lot lines.  
 2. Curtain easements for new fences, access, utilities, water, drainage and other easements.  
 3. Curtain easements for existing fences, access, utilities, water, drainage and other easements.  
 4. Curtain easements for existing fences, access, utilities, water, drainage and other easements.  
 5. Curtain easements for existing fences, access, utilities, water, drainage and other easements.

8/14/17



Winkelmann & Associates, Inc.  
 2100 W. 19th Street, Suite 100  
 Fort Worth, Texas 76102  
 (817) 336-1100

AMSTRONG DEVELOPMENT PROPERTIES, INC.  
 2100 W. 19th Street, Suite 100  
 Fort Worth, Texas 76102  
 (817) 336-1100

PRELIMINARY PLAT  
 UNITED NATIONAL BANK ADDITION  
 3.186 ACRES

Project No.: 43149-00  
 Commission By: B.E.  
 Drawn By: DKB  
 Date: 10/29/07

**OWNER'S CERTIFICATE**  
 COUNTY OF COLLIN  
 I, the undersigned, being the owner of a tract of land in the County of Collin, Texas, and being all of Lots 1 and 2, Block 1, United National Bank Addition, recorded in Collin County, Texas, and being more particularly described as follows: [Description of land]

**COMMISSIONER'S CERTIFICATE**  
 COUNTY OF COLLIN  
 I, the undersigned, being the County Commissioner of Collin County, Texas, do hereby certify that the above described land is the property of the County of Collin, Texas, and that the same is being offered for sale in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Constitution and the laws of the State of Texas.

**NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC**  
 WHEREAS, the undersigned, being the County Commissioner of Collin County, Texas, do hereby certify that the above described land is the property of the County of Collin, Texas, and that the same is being offered for sale in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Constitution and the laws of the State of Texas.

**PRELIMINARY REPLAT**  
 UNITED NATIONAL BANK ADDITION  
 DONALD ROWLETT SURVEY, ABSTRACT NO. 738  
 COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS  
 3.186 ACRES  
 BEING A REPLAT OF LOTS 1 & 2, BLOCK 1  
 RECORDED IN CARRANT C. P. 191, MAP RECORDS OF COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS

**OWNER'S CERTIFICATE**  
 COUNTY OF COLLIN  
 I, the undersigned, being the owner of a tract of land in the County of Collin, Texas, and being all of Lots 1 and 2, Block 1, United National Bank Addition, recorded in Collin County, Texas, and being more particularly described as follows: [Description of land]

**COMMISSIONER'S CERTIFICATE**  
 COUNTY OF COLLIN  
 I, the undersigned, being the County Commissioner of Collin County, Texas, do hereby certify that the above described land is the property of the County of Collin, Texas, and that the same is being offered for sale in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Constitution and the laws of the State of Texas.

**NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC**  
 WHEREAS, the undersigned, being the County Commissioner of Collin County, Texas, do hereby certify that the above described land is the property of the County of Collin, Texas, and that the same is being offered for sale in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Constitution and the laws of the State of Texas.

**PRELIMINARY REPLAT**  
 UNITED NATIONAL BANK ADDITION  
 DONALD ROWLETT SURVEY, ABSTRACT NO. 738  
 COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS  
 3.186 ACRES  
 BEING A REPLAT OF LOTS 1 & 2, BLOCK 1  
 RECORDED IN CARRANT C. P. 191, MAP RECORDS OF COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS

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 RECORDED IN CARRANT C. P. 191, MAP RECORDS OF COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS

CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 19**

**Public Hearing - Revised Preliminary Replat & Revised Site Plan:** United City  
Center Addition, Block 1, Lot 3R

**Applicant:** Agnich Independence, LP

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Retail building on one lot on 0.7± acre located at the southeast corner of 15th Street and Independence Parkway. Zoned Planned Development-125-Retail/General Office. Neighborhood #65.

**REMARKS:**

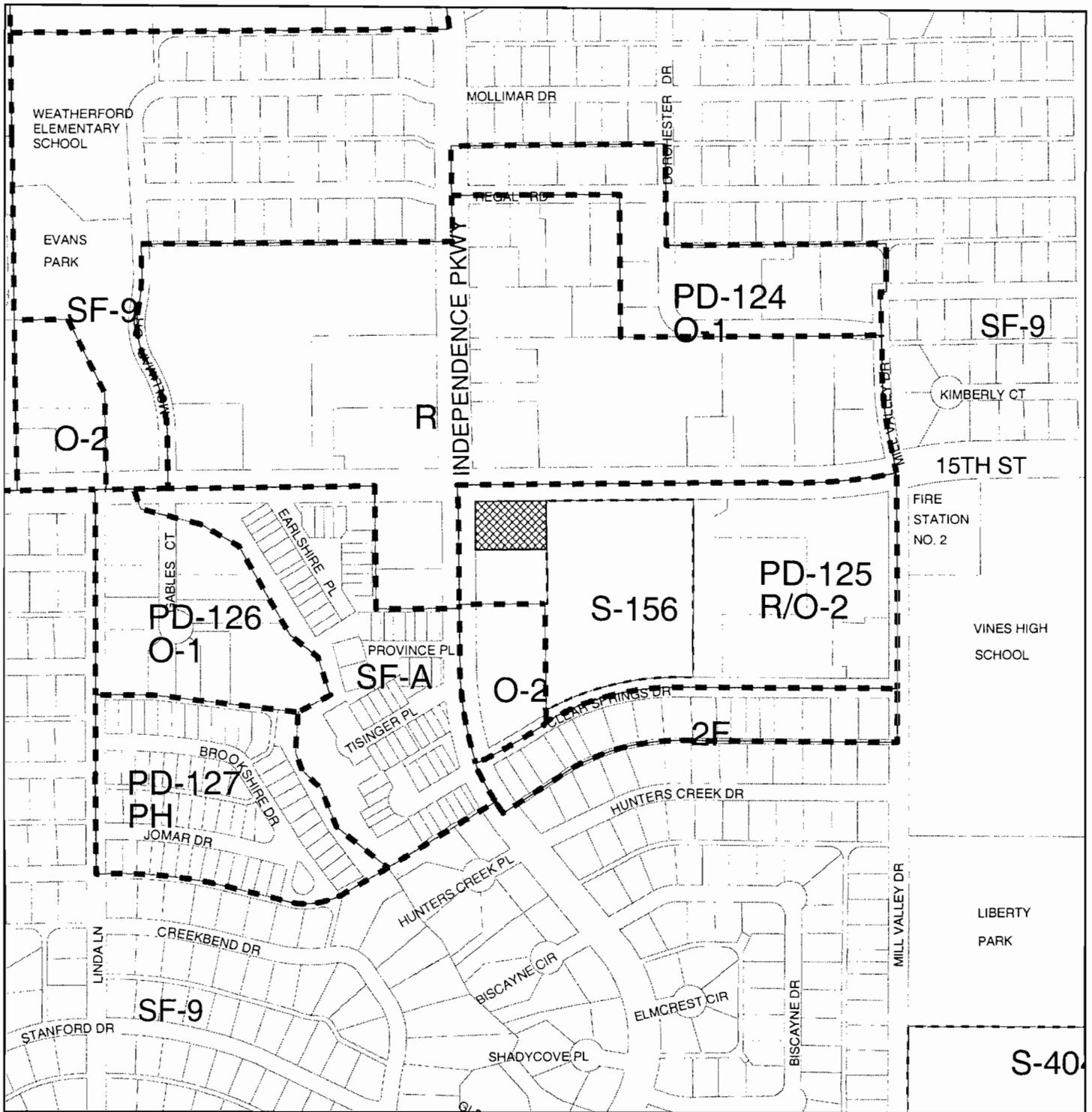
The purpose of the revised preliminary replat is to propose easements necessary for development.

The purpose of the revised site plan is to propose a retail building.

**RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Revised Preliminary Replat: Recommended for approval subject to additions and/or alterations to the engineering plans as required by the Engineering Department.

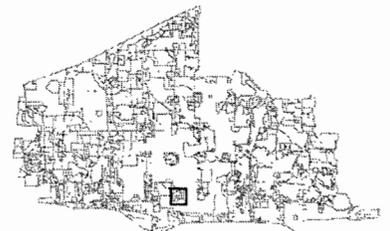
Revised Site Plan: Recommended for approval as submitted.



Item Submitted: REVISED PRELIMINARY REPLAT & REVISED SITE PLAN

Title: UNITED CITY CENTER ADDITION  
BLOCK 1, LOT 3R

Zoning: PLANNED DEVELOPMENT-125-RETAIL/GENERAL OFFICE







CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 20**

**Public Hearing - Replat:** The Shops at Legacy Town Center (North),  
Block C, Lots 1R & 5

**Applicant:** The Karahan Companies

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**DESCRIPTION:**

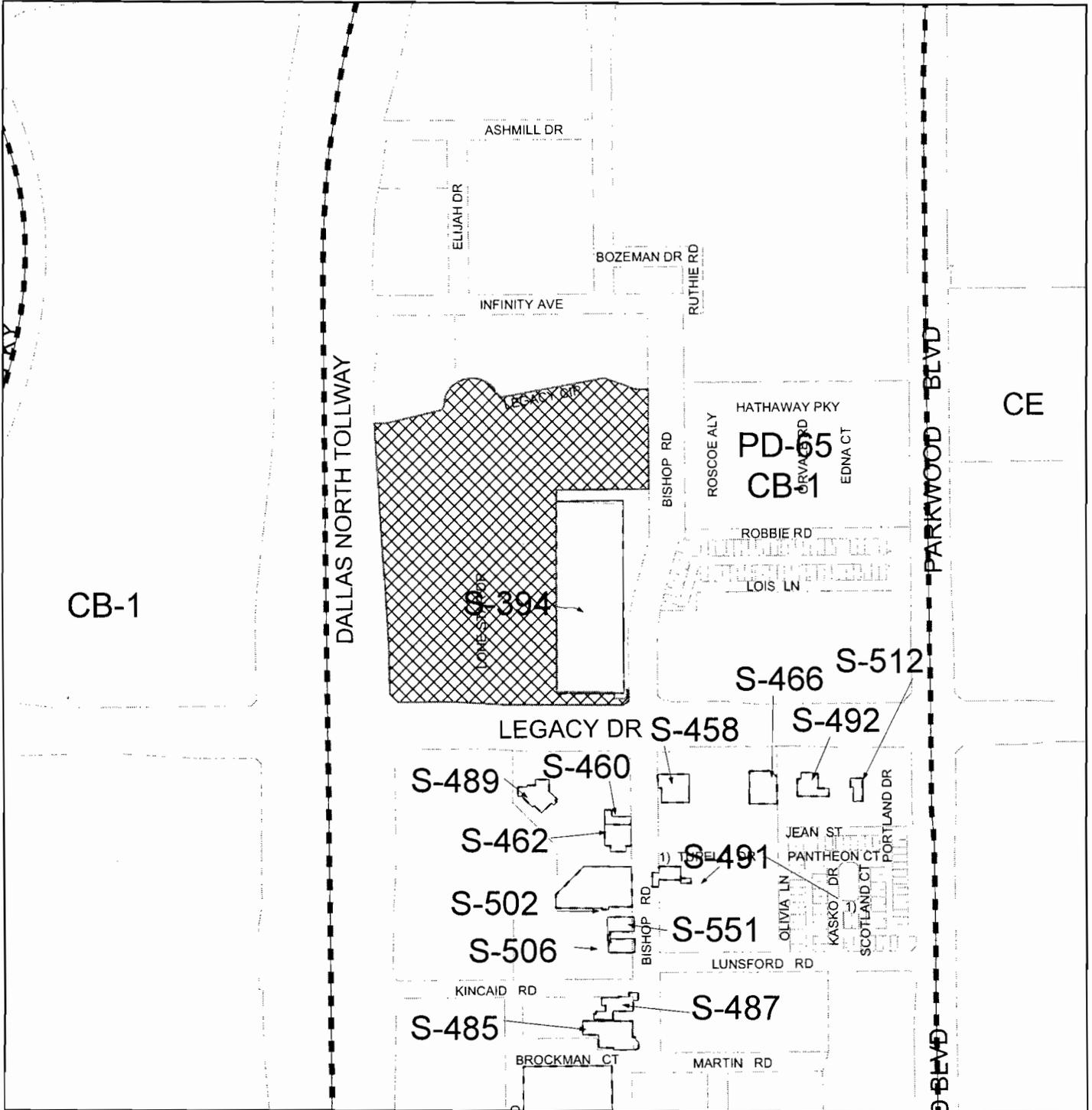
Retail, restaurant, office, and multifamily residential on two lots on 13.0± acres located at the northeast corner of Dallas Parkway and Legacy Drive. Zoned Planned Development-65-Central Business-1. Neighborhood #8.

**REMARKS:**

The purpose of this replat is to subdivide the existing Lot 1 into two lots, Lot 1R and Lot 5, and dedicate easements necessary for development.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

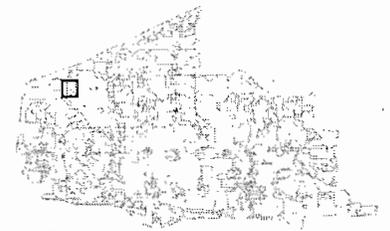
Recommended for approval as submitted.



Item Submitted: REPLAT

Title: THE SHOPS AT LEGACY TOWN CENTER (NORTH)  
BLOCK C, LOTS 1R & 5

Zoning: PLANNED DEVELOPMENT-65-CENTRAL BUSINESS-1







CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 21**

**Discussion and Direction:** Comprehensive Plan Update

**Applicant:** City of Plano

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Discussion and direction on the update of the Land Use and Transportation Elements of the Comprehensive Plan.

**REMARKS:**

**First Draft**

Attached to this staff report are the first drafts of the Land Use and Transportation Elements of the Comprehensive Plan along with proposed changes to the Land Use Plan and Thoroughfare Plan maps. Most of the technical information for the Transportation Element came from the Traffic Engineering Division.

This marks the first revision of the Land Use and Transportation Elements in the new format of the Comprehensive Plan. Both chapters were last updated in 2004 and reflect the current status of changing conditions and trends. The two elements have changed from the 2004 update as follows:

- Increased emphasis on the land use and transportation connection.
- Updated commuting patterns from the 2000 Census.
- A new subsection under Introduction called "Critical Issues" is a summary of the major issues presented throughout the Land Use and Transportation Elements.
- Increased focus on efficient use of the existing transportation system instead of system expansion.
- Preservation of undeveloped land along expressway corridors and within major employment centers, such as Legacy and Research/Technology Crossroads, for future economic development opportunities.

- Increased emphasis on approaches such as Transportation Demand Management to use the current transportation system more effectively and improve regional air quality as opposed to more expensive and disruptive physical changes to the transportation system.
- Establishment of criteria to prioritize transportation projects that would best meet Plano's transportation goals in a cost effective manner.

## **Map Changes**

Two map changes are proposed for the Land Use Plan:

- First, land uses outside of Plano at the northwest corner of Plano Parkway and International Parkway should be removed from the Land Use Plan map. This area encompasses Air Park which at one time was considered for annexation into Plano. It is not part of the city's extra-territorial jurisdiction (ETJ) and is recommended for deletion to avoid confusion.
- The second change is to reflect residential development occurring north of Windhaven Parkway, from the Dallas North Tollway to Spring Creek Parkway.

Two amendments to the Thoroughfare Plan are also proposed:

- A Type E thoroughfare (four lanes undivided) that would connect Legacy Drive and Spring Creek Parkway near K Avenue has been removed and will be replaced with a configuration of two Type F thoroughfares (two lane roadways with 60 feet of right-of-way). One will go east from K Avenue, the other going north of Spring Creek Parkway. The current plan was based on a previous development proposal for this area that would have extended Legacy Drive east and south of K Avenue to connect with Spring Creek Parkway. This alignment bisected tracts of land, complicated development of the area, and was recently modified during the review of a land study.
- The second amendment involves Chaparral Road east of K Avenue. Recent analyses by the city staffs of Allen and Plano indicate that the roadway could be downgraded from a Type C (six lanes divided) to a Type D (four lanes divided) thoroughfare east of Jupiter Road. This amendment is appropriate for projected traffic volumes and will prevent inconsistencies in the design and construction of the roadway in the two cities.

## **RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff seeks the Commission's direction on objectives and strategies, their relationship to the key factors along with the proposed Land Use and Thoroughfare Plan map changes. Minor editing suggestions may be forwarded to staff at the convenience of the commissioners.

# COMPREHENSIVE PLAN LAND USE ELEMENT

## INTRODUCTION

### Purpose

This Land Use Element analyzes land use and development patterns occurring in the city today, provides a general guide for the development and use of all land within the City of Plano, and establishes a vision for the city's future land use patterns. This text is supported by the Land Use Plan, which provides a graphical representation of the city's objectives regarding land use.

### Major Issues

As Plano continues its transition from a developing to a developed city and from an outer tier to a first tier suburb, policies and land uses must be adapted to address these changing conditions. Despite the fact that much of Plano's residential land has been developed, there are a number of issues related to land use that warrant policy discussion. The Dallas-Forth Worth Metroplex is projected to continue to grow quite rapidly - adding three million people by 2030. Much of this growth will likely take place in cities on the urban fringe. However, Plano should play a leadership role in assuming some of this growth and searching for strategies that can help mitigate impacts, such as road congestion and air and water pollution, as well as to improve the quality of life for Plano's citizens. This will require housing outside of traditional neighborhood areas, redevelopment, urban centers and new and likely denser housing types. It is essential to accommodate this growth while retaining Plano's basic development pattern and character.

Preserving suitable, well located land for economic development is important to Plano's long term viability. Although it may seem expedient to convert land currently undeveloped and zoned for nonresidential use for residential development, properties in major corridors and employment centers should generally be reserved for employment generating uses. The limited availability of undeveloped land will require that its future development is carefully aligned with the City's economic development objectives.

This document addresses ways that Plano can maintain and enhance its position in the region as well as adapt to changing conditions. Striking a balance between competing demands and accommodating some of the population growth projected for the region will be a challenge for the City. This document addresses ways that Plano can maintain and enhance its position in the region as well as adapt to changing conditions. Plano's ability to effectively address infill development and redevelopment will also become increasingly important.

## **MAJOR THEMES**

Three major themes are used throughout the Comprehensive Plan: Livable City, City of Organized Development, and City in Transition. These themes are used here to organize land use strategies according to various goals. The first theme, "Livable City", addresses issues that impact the sustainability of the city as it relates to Plano remaining an attractive place to live and work. "City of Organized Development" considers existing and future land use patterns. "City in Transition" focuses on the changing regional context, technology and similar influences on Plano's future. These themes are used to analyze current and future land use needs for the city based on current conditions and trends.

### **Theme I - Livable City**

Quality of life is one of the top priorities of the City of Plano's planning efforts. A careful balance of land use activities helps create a sustainable physical environment which, in turn, enhances the daily lives of those who live and work in Plano. This theme establishes ways in which the city will maintain its livability by effectively integrating daily activities - residence, work, education, culture and leisure - into a diverse environment.

### **Theme II – City of Organized Development**

Plano has experienced significant growth over the past three decades but today that growth is leveling off. The city has relied on a comprehensive planning strategy, supported by the future land use plan, to guide this growth and its physical arrangement. This ongoing process of assessing needs, setting objectives, implementing programs and monitoring progress has resulted in an organized land use pattern. This section examines how existing and future development patterns can be used to further enhance the community.

### **Theme III – City in Transition**

For many years Plano has been a "developing" community and its planning efforts have been primarily focused on addressing issues related to this new growth. Now that the majority of the city's development and infrastructure is in place, infill development, redevelopment and revitalization are becoming the city's primary opportunities for new development. In its new role as an inner tier suburb, the city is also seeing new types of development, including mixed use and higher density projects such as Legacy Town Center. This theme examines factors contributing to and resulting from the transition to a maturing city.

### **Key Factors**

Key factors have been identified for each of the major themes. The discussion of these factors in each section will further explain the major themes as well as provide a basis for the objectives and strategies outlined for each theme.

## **THEME I – LIVABLE CITY**

### **Regional and Local Changes**

As noted earlier, Plano is located in one of the fastest growing regions and counties in the country. The population of the DFW area is projected to grow by three million by 2030. Collin County, with Plano and rapidly developing cities such as Allen, Frisco, and McKinney, is going to be home to a major portion of this growth. Between 1990 and 2000, Collin County increased in population by over eight percent annually, reaching a total of 491,675 persons. Forecasts for Collin County project more than 1.1 million residents by 2030.

Despite the limited availability of raw land, Plano's location and multitude of assets - including the availability of mass transit, proximity to post-secondary educational institutions and abundant employment opportunities - will continue to make it a very desirable place to live and work. As regional growth and development proceeds Plano must continue to work with neighboring cities to address land use, transportation, environmental issues and other matters of mutual concern.

### **Mobility**

Quality of life is heavily influenced by the level of local and regional mobility. For many years Plano has benefited from a very efficient roadway system that has made it easy to travel within the city and to make connections to other cities in the region. Projected local and regional growth, coupled with limited opportunities to expand the roadway system, will place increase interdependence between land use and transportation.

Expanded employment opportunities through economic development can actually have a positive impact on mobility. More Plano residents can travel shorter distances to and from work and wide array of shopping, dining, and entertainment establishments. Persons living in other cities and working in Plano can also travel in the opposite direction of the primary traffic flow during peak hours.

### **Environmental Impacts**

The City of Plano values the environment and actively seeks ways to enhance the quality of life by improving air quality as well as protecting and conserving water resources. Air pollution comes from many sources including factories, power plants, dry cleaners, cars, buses, trucks and even windblown dust and wildfires. Because it is diffused, air quality is a concern that impacts all residents in the DFW region. This pollution can threaten the health of human beings, trees, lakes, crops, and animals, as well as damage the ozone layer and buildings. Under the Clean Air Act, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulates air pollution for the region as a whole.

Water pollution impacts the use of water for drinking, household needs, recreation, fishing, transportation and commerce. Because of this, water quality is a concern shared by many cities in the Metroplex. Water quality is affected by the design and layout of development. Plano's Zoning and Subdivision Ordinances have recently been

updated to include storm water management practices and additional updates may be necessary in the future.

Water is supplied to Plano and many other cities in the region by the North Texas Municipal Water District (NTMWD). However, each city is responsible for implementing its own policies governing local water consumption. Contracts with the water district are often structured so that cities must commit to purchasing a set amount of water, which provides little financial incentive for water conservation. At the same time, NTMWD must have a dependable return on investment in order to meet the current and future needs of the cities it serves. The district must cover the costs of its fixed assets and develop new water resources for its growing customer base. This would not be possible with fluctuating revenues. Therefore, NTMWD and its member cities will need to continue exploring alternatives that encourage water conservation without inhibiting system maintenance, upgrades, and capacity increases.

The availability of natural resources will have an increased impact on the ability of the region and individual cities to support livability. It will become increasingly incumbent upon the City of Plano to facilitate the efficient use of water, energy, and other critical resources. The availability of natural resources also impacts building design and construction materials. Properly formulated codes and ordinances can support the use of energy efficient and sustainable development and construction practices while promoting quality and cost effectiveness.

### **Objectives for Theme I – Livable City**

- **Objective A.1** Provide for local land use strategies that reflect changing regional and local trends and conditions.
- **Objective A.2** Continue to implement development policies that ensure the protection of the environment and the supply of essential resources.

### **Strategies for Theme I – Livable City**

- **Strategy A.1** Regularly monitor, review, and update the Comprehensive Plan, Zoning Ordinance, and related documents to ensure their effectiveness in meeting the needs of the community. Update the Land Use and Transportation Elements every three years.
- **Strategy A.2** Where possible, zone property and configure development to provide complementary uses and to foster good connections between them using a combination of streets, trails, and sidewalks for vehicular, pedestrian, and bicycle circulation.
- **Strategy A.3** Regularly monitor development and building regulations to ensure that they provide for the efficient use of natural resources and promote environmental quality. When possible, incorporate sustainable building and design practices into development regulations.

- **Strategy A.4** Continue to work with adjacent cities and regional agencies to develop land use patterns that promote enhanced regional mobility.

## **THEME II – CITY OF ORGANIZED DEVELOPMENT**

### **Local Context**

Today, much of the residentially zoned land in Plano is developed and there are few large undeveloped properties of any type remaining in the city. As Plano matures, the focus of development is shifting towards infill tracts that have been passed over for development for various reasons, as well as the redevelopment of under-performing and obsolete properties.

Careful consideration should be given to compatibility when new uses are being introduced into developed areas. This is especially true when nonresidential uses are developed in close proximity to residential uses. The city currently has zoning standards for certain types of activities when placed in proximity to residential districts (residential adjacency standards). These standards should be monitored regularly to ensure that they provide the desired guidance for infill development.

### **Land Use Absorption**

Plano experienced development at an extremely rapid pace during the 1970s, 1980s and 1990s. Today, over 95 percent of the land zoned for residential use in the city has been developed. Further residential development is expected over the next few years, albeit at a slower rate. Retail and office development typically trail residential because these uses are generally dependent on the number of households within a certain distance. Plano still has a significant amount of nonresidential land available for development. In fact, only about 60 percent of “Commercial” land has been developed to date. As this land is absorbed, it will be important to monitor any shifts in the land use mix as this information will be a key indicator of the need for city services including the provision of parks and open space. (The Land Use Absorption Table can be found in the appendix).

### **Variety of Land Uses Opportunities**

A community’s land use system should accommodate a wide range of opportunities for its existing and future residents. Sometimes, efforts to create more pleasant and appealing surroundings can result in a narrow range of land uses that actually detract from the “Livable City” concept. For example, opportunities for persons of various ages and life styles to live in a community can be hampered by limited the range of housing types permitted in a city. In addition, residents require the availability of a broad range of services. Some of these services, such as automobile repair, are less than attractive and appealing than others and there is a tendency to reduce or isolate their locations.

Plano’s Zoning Ordinance and Atlas generally provides for a broad range of residential and nonresidential uses. The ordinance also includes development standards that reduce the impacts of certain uses on their surroundings. The Residential Adjacency Standards are a good example of this approach. As Plano reaches full development,

there will be more situations in which uses that traditional considered to be less desirable, are more desirable uses. It will be important for the City to find ways to enhance the transitions between uses as opposed to reducing the opportunities for uses that are necessary to serve the needs of Plano residents.

### **Balanced, Consistent Zoning\***

Plano's land use pattern is generally organized around a system of major, east-west and north-south thoroughfares spaced at one mile intervals. Each one square mile of land area has developed as a neighborhood with low density single-family housing surrounding an elementary school and city park. The outer edges of the neighborhoods often include higher density housing with direct access to the major thoroughfares. Most of the corners of the intersections of the thoroughfares are zoned for retail uses. (This typical neighborhood format is described in more detail in the Housing Element.)

Although this arrangement is very efficient and easy to navigate, it has contributed to a zoning imbalance. The city currently has more land zoned for retail and office uses than is likely to be supported by the market over time. Much of this land is located at major intersections. In the past, all four corners at many of these intersections were zoned for some form of retail or commercial use. This resulted in the development of almost 60 square feet of retail per capita (approximately three times the national average). As new retail centers are developed in surrounding cities, this amount of retail can no longer be fully supported and some retail facilities have become vacant or underused. It is unlikely that the city will need to rezone additional property for retail use unless a certain market area is clearly lacking locations for shopping and service facilities.

Economic conditions and the development market trends sometimes change quickly, resulting in an imbalance in the amount of land for a given use. Periodic monitoring of development activity and the zoning classifications of remaining undeveloped properties assists the city in projecting and preparing for future land use needs. It will be necessary to convert some of the undeveloped or under-producing retail properties to other uses. While residential development may be difficult to accommodate because of the limited size of these parcels (as defined in the Housing Element), it may be possible to create mixed-use environments including mutually supportive uses such as residential and neighborhood retail or office.

As Plano matures, some zoning imbalances are becoming more apparent. As the supply of undeveloped land diminishes, properties that were previously overlooked are being considered for development. Many of these properties will require rezoning to accommodate development supported by the market. Some of these sites, because of their size, shape, location, and/or access will not be well suited for their proposed uses. The city will have to make difficult decisions regarding the long-term use of these "leftover" tracts.

*\*Please refer to Policy Statement No. 2.0 for detailed strategies on addressing this issue.*

## **Coordination with Public Infrastructure, Facilities and Services**

Plano's development pattern is carefully intertwined with its system of public infrastructure, facilities and services. As noted previously, most neighborhoods are organized around an elementary school and neighborhood park. The City has also made a concerted effort to acquire flood plains and adjacent properties to create an elaborate system of greenbelts, hike and bike trails, and parks of various sizes and types. Other facilities such as libraries, recreation centers, fire stations, and police stations are carefully located to serve efficient, effective service to Plano residents and businesses. (For more information, see the Parks and Recreation and Public Services and Facilities Elements.)

Changes to the City's development pattern can impact to the public sector's ability to provide the level of services that its citizens have come to expect. They can even affect health safety, and welfare. For instance, adding residential units to an area may impact the ability of the Police and Fire Departments to provide adequate and timely emergency services. Similar issues arise in regard to roadways, utilities, and related public infrastructure. High intensity nonresidential uses typically generate more traffic trips than low intensity residential areas. On the other hand residential uses sometimes have a greater impact on utility requirements like sanitary sewer. (See Utilities Element.) Therefore, land use and development decisions must be carefully coordinated with the public sector's ability to provide public infrastructure, facilities and services in an orderly and timely fashion.

## **Continuous Planning Process**

The city's planning program is necessarily an ongoing and cyclical process of assessing needs, setting goals, implementing programs, and monitoring progress. The Land Use and Transportation Elements are regularly updated. An extensive effort to identify and prioritize key issues is an integral part of the plan revision process, as is community participation and regional coordination. This effort includes public meetings to solicit concerns and ideas from the citizens. Modifications to the Land Use Element often lead to changes in development review procedures, zoning, and other city policies. The Zoning Ordinance, Subdivision Ordinance, Master Facilities Plan, and the Community Investment Program (CIP) are examples of "next step" documents and are critical to the success of the city's planning and development process. The Comprehensive Plan should continue to be utilized for general guidance for policy formulation in these areas.

## **Objectives for Theme II – City of Organized Development**

- **Objective B.1** Ensure that the provision of city infrastructure, facilities and services is coordinated with development and maintained or modified as needed to meet required service levels and the needs of a changing population.
- **Objective B.2** Provide for a balanced and efficient arrangement of Plano's land resources to accommodate housing, employment, shopping, entertainment, and recreation.

- **Objective B.3** Ensure land use compatibility by grouping complementary land use activities, especially those that are mutually supportive, and continuing to implement policies that minimize the impact of potentially incompatible activities.

### **Strategies for Theme II – City of Organized Development**

- **Strategy B.1** Maintain the Master Facilities Plan as the interdepartmental guide to coordinate the planning, development and redevelopment of City of Plano facilities in concert with changing community needs and expectations. Coordinate the Community Investment Program (CIP) process with the objectives in the Master Facilities Plan.
- **Strategy B.2** Annually formulate and update a five-year CIP based on the Comprehensive Plan. Review annual updates to the CIP with the Planning & Zoning Commission.
- **Strategy B.3** Consider requests for rezoning areas planned or zoned for nonresidential use to residential districts based on the guidelines included in Policy Statement 2.0.
- **Strategy B.4** Use Plano's Comprehensive Plan, particularly the Land Use Plan, and related policies, to guide the zoning of properties in a manner that minimizes incompatibilities between uses.
- **Strategy B.5** Regularly meet with city departments and other local government entities to ensure development and redevelopment within the city can be supported with the necessary facilities and services
- **Strategy B.6** Make amendments to the Zoning Ordinance (text and atlas) based on the strategies of the Comprehensive Plan. This consideration should include evaluation of the following:
  - Intent of the plan in its entirety;
  - Physical character of the property affected;
  - Adequacy of public facilities (existing and proposed); and
  - Relationship to adjacent land uses (existing and proposed).

### **THEME III – CITY IN TRANSITION**

Cities evolve over time and as they do new challenges and opportunities emerge. Plano developed very rapidly during the 1970s, 1980s and 1990s. Today that growth is slowing and the city is challenged with some aging and dated development. The City also has an overabundance of retail development that, in some cases, is struggling. The long-term vitality of the City will depend on its ability to address issues such as these in a timely and appropriate manner.

In 1998, the City initiated a Neighborhood Planning Program focused on older, at-risk

neighborhoods. This program creates partnerships with residents to develop strategies for improving and sustaining their neighborhoods. Another project that is helping the city gracefully evolve is the enhancement of downtown Plano and the older neighborhoods surrounding it. This example is illustrative of both historic preservation and redevelopment. The original business core and the Haggard Park neighborhood have been designated as Heritage Resource Districts. Compatible mixed-use projects, Eastside Village I and II, have been developed alongside older downtown structures. New single-family homes have also been constructed in Haggard Park and in the Douglass Community. These neighborhood planning and revitalization efforts have contributed to extensive improvements to the downtown and surrounding neighborhoods. These range from investment in infrastructure to loans and grants for the rehabilitation of private homes. Funds for the latter often originate from federal programs. While these exact strategies are not appropriate for all areas of Plano, the City should continue to ensure that policies and regulations support redevelopment efforts.

The City's workforce housing initiative focuses additional attention on the need to preserve and enhance Plano's older housing stock and neighborhoods, in addition to creating viable housing options within a reasonable driving distance of Plano's employment centers. The relationship between land uses should be balanced and mutually supportive. Plano's housing stock must be varied enough to support a broad range of income levels and household preferences. This will help to ensure that the supply of housing continues to accommodate the needs of those employed by local businesses. Most of Plano's more affordable housing stock is comprised of older homes (25 years or older); these are not always compatible with the expectations of modern buyers. Further, these homes are typically less energy efficient than newer homes and more costly to maintain. It is important that Plano continue with proactive strategies to ensure the health of neighborhoods while providing for a wide range of housing options within the city.

### **Changing Demographics**

As the city matures, its population and employment characteristics are changing. Plano's population and employment are not only growing in number but also in diversity. Factors such as age, ethnicity, culture, and income directly impact the types of public and private services and facilities which a community must provide to its residents and workforce. The 2005 ACS data suggests continued significant growth among minority populations in Plano. Hispanic and Asian sectors have grown significantly in recent years. The white population now represents approximately 65% of Plano's population compared to almost 85% in 1990. As Plano becomes a more diverse community of different backgrounds and cultures, it will need to offer a wider range of public and private services and programs. Joint efforts with the school districts and other entities will be necessary to celebrate and take advantage of Plano's diversity.

Plano's population is also aging; the population over age 65 was approximately 16,000 at the time of the 2005 American Community Survey (ACS) census and is expected to more than double by 2020 (to a projected 40,000 residents). This will have an impact on Plano's housing requirements and land use demands. Currently Plano's Zoning

Ordinance provides for a range of senior housing options in several district categories. It also includes reduced requirements for parking, dwelling size, and similar accommodations based on the actual needs of senior residents. The city should also encourage the development of senior housing in urban centers which can provide a variety of services within walking distance.

### **Economic Development**

In the 1980s Plano began to attract a number of corporate citizens and emerge as an employment center. Today, Plano has a significant amount of office development in the Legacy area, along U.S. Highway 75 and within the Plano Parkway/President George Bush Turnpike (S.H. 190) corridor (including the Research/Technology Crossroads area). There are about 125,000 jobs in Plano and recent employment data indicates that number is expected to grow to approximately 167,000 by 2025.

Plano's economy also has a significant retail and service sector component. New competition from retail development is emerging in outer tier suburbs and Plano is challenged with maintaining its retail market share. The Tri-City Retail study, completed in 2003, explored this issue in-depth and identified challenges such as municipal planning practices which led to retail over-zoning; rapidly changing retail formats (nationally and regionally); and dramatic shifts in demographic characteristics, particularly age and ethnicity. Continued success of the city's retail sector will depend on its ability to address these issues appropriately.

Plano has four regional development corridors running through it or along its boundaries (S.H. 121, U.S. 75, the Bush Turnpike, and the Dallas North Tollway). These are generally comprised of the expressways themselves, two parallel arterial streets, and the land in between. Properties in these corridors tend to be highly visible, readily accessible, and suitable for many types of commercial uses. The resulting land areas are typically adequate to provide flexibility in the design and orientation of development and therefore a variety of uses are appropriate. However, the noise and traffic generated by major expressways are often not conducive to residential uses.

Two other major areas (Legacy and Research/Technology Crossroads) in northwest to southeast Plano combine with the four regional development corridors to comprise Plano's primary bases for economic development. A significant portion of Plano's undeveloped land also lies within these six areas. Because of this and the current demand for residential development, the city has fielded a number of requests to convert properties in these locations to residential use. It is important for the city to retain an adequate supply of undeveloped nonresidential land for future economic development opportunities. Therefore residential rezoning in these prime economic development bases is generally not recommended. Accommodating immediate development opportunities is not an adequate reason alone for rezoning nonresidential properties for residential purposes.

### **Development Trends**

Changes in business operations and marketing approaches often affect development

and land use patterns. This is particularly evident in the retail industry where major grocery, appliance, computer, discount department, and home improvement chains are building stores in locations where they can attract business from regional or community-wide service areas. In the past, this type of store typically anchored a small- to medium-sized neighborhood shopping center. Smaller retail stores and shops in these same centers often depend on anchor stores to attract customers. As these stores move to more regionally accessible locations, the resulting vacant spaces can be hard to fill. Creative strategies for filling these vacant "big-box" stores will be important to continued success of smaller retail centers. In some cases, the lack of demand and market saturation may make it necessary to redevelop these properties for different uses that cannot be accommodated by the current building configuration.

Another development trend that warrants discussion is the concept of "new urbanism." Proponents of new urbanism suggest that a return to more traditional forms of urban development could provide better living environments. Plano, like most suburbs, predominantly consists of a low-density, automobile-oriented development pattern. However, the success of urban centers in Downtown Plano and the Legacy Town Center have demonstrated that new urbanist concepts can be successfully incorporated into the city.

The Urban Centers Study states that development of additional urban centers may be appropriate in a few additional locations in Plano. These compact, mixed use environments can not only increase the variety of land uses within the City, but can support additional mass transit service and reduce automobile traffic. However, this style of development should not be used merely as a means of gaining additional density and zoning flexibility. This Study defines the key characteristics and design elements of urban centers and the site attributes that should be used in finding suitable locations for this form of development. True urban centers should provide opportunities for residence, employment, shopping, and entertainment in a pedestrian oriented neighborhood environment. Such centers will typically require fifty acres or more to create a successful, balanced development.

The development community is increasingly interested in mixed-use developments. Plano currently has more retail uses that can be supported in the long-term and some existing retail centers are experiencing difficulties. In recent years, the City has received inquiries and some rezoning applications for mixed-use projects on properties that are currently zoned for nonresidential use. The inclusion of residential and nonresidential uses on the same site does not constitute mixed-use development. A typical in-line shopping center or big box store with parking in front and apartments in the rear connected by a street or driveway is more representative of two separate projects sharing a common property line. The proposed apartments or other forms of residence should be more than just "filler" for the portion of the property that cannot be marketed for retail use. Instead, the vehicular and pedestrian circulation systems, parking configuration, building layout, and architectural design should all be integrated in a manner that creates a single development project.

In some cases, the subject sites may be appropriate for urban center development in accordance with the criteria established in the Urban Centers Study. In other cases, the

size, location, and other factors may make such sites appropriate for a condensed mixed-use development that does not result in a fully functional neighborhood like an urban center. Mixed-use development outside the context of an urban center should occur only when there is reasonable evidence to indicate that development of the site for nonresidential uses would not add to current market saturation and the proposed uses are integrated into a cohesive development plan.

Plano is also becoming a major medical center within the Dallas/Fort Worth region. With three major hospitals and another under construction, medical services are becoming a major component of the city's economy. This emerging trend will ensure that Plano's residents have access to excellent health care and expand the city's employment base.

### **Changing Technology**

Technological advances have greatly impacted the design and development of cities over the decades. The most obvious example is the automobile, which has affected both the overall development of cities and the design of individual site plans and subdivision plats. Other technological advances have been more subtle.

Today, advances in telecommunications and information technology are reinventing the way we live, work, and play, making it possible for more Americans to work, shop, and even socialize at home. This in turn impacts the form of our cities and service needs. For example, the ability to telecommute allows residents to reduce trips to and from work and in turn, helps reduce traffic congestion and air pollution. These technological advances have facilitated an increased number of home-based businesses. Home-based businesses could greatly benefit the viability of Plano's neighborhoods by increasing the "daytime population" and, in effect, helping deter crime. Plano should work to ensure that its codes and ordinances accommodate home-based businesses, without compromising the character and integrity of its neighborhoods. (The Technology Element of the Comprehensive Plan contains a more detailed description of this issue).

### **Objectives for Theme III – City in Transition**

- **Objective C.1** Ensure continued vitality of existing residential neighborhoods throughout the City.
- **Objective C.2** Ensure that zoning and development regulations are consistent with changing land use needs
- **Objective C.3** Ensure development standards and zoning are consistent with city-wide goals established in other policy documents, such as sustainability, workforce housing, economic development and urban centers.
- **Objective C.4** Encourage continued growth of Plano's economy by supporting appropriate infill and redevelopment initiatives.

### **Strategies for Theme III – City in Transition**

- **Strategy C.1** Utilize the Neighborhood Planning Program and other initiatives to facilitate the stabilization of existing neighborhoods. Continue to evaluate and update the program as needed to ensure its success as a planning tool.
- **Strategy C.2** Consider the use of creative and alternative suburban land use concepts, including mixed-use development in appropriate infill and redevelopment areas of the city. Review requests to rezone properties for mixed-use development in accordance with the following:
  - Finding that the conversion of nonresidential property for residential or another nonresidential use would not adversely impact the planned land use pattern for the surrounding area.
  - A plan that provides for the integration of vehicular and pedestrian circulation systems, parking, building location, and architectural design into a cohesive development.
- **Strategy C.3** Regularly monitor and report on changing population and employment characteristics to determine if public and private services and facilities are consistent with needs and expectations of the community. Make adjustments to applicable ordinances, policies, and programs as needed to address these changes.
- **Strategy C.4** Where appropriate, support opportunities and efforts to develop and redevelop properties in ways that are consistent with established policy goals, such as enhancing the local economy, providing jobs to Plano residents, and improving the city's tax base.
- **Strategy C.5** Work with developers to ensure that infill and redevelopment occur in appropriate locations. In particular, the location and design of urban centers should be consistent with the guidelines established by the Urban Centers Study.
- **Strategy C.6** Regularly monitor zoning, development and building regulations to ensure that they do not inadvertently deter redevelopment or prevent business relocation or expansion.
- **Strategy C.7** Preserve land for future employment generating opportunities, particularly within major development corridors and business parks..
- **Strategy C.8** Continue to identify and consider initiatives for Plano's existing urban centers in terms of their impact on the viability of these locations for residential, employment, entertainment and cultural activities.
- **Strategy C.9** Develop and implement specific initiatives to encourage infill and redevelopment. These initiatives should seek to promote land use compatibility and connectivity especially between residential and nonresidential uses.

- **Strategy C.10** Conduct periodic evaluations of the changing demographics, market trends, and regional influences and determine their potential impacts on infrastructure and facilities.
- **Strategy C.11** Monitor and evaluate growth in Plano's population and employment and changes in population characteristics to determine their impact on service and facility requirements.

## **APPENDIX**

### **Land Use Categories**

The Land Use Element and Plan establish categories of land use for the city as well as the general pattern in which these will occur. Unlike the zoning map, it is not parcel specific. The map, together with the policies of the plan, is used to determine the appropriate zoning classifications for individual tracts of land.

### **Residential**

#### Neighborhoods

The City seeks attractive, inclusive and cohesive residential neighborhoods with a mix of housing opportunities. Low, medium and high-density residential uses are not individually designated. Specific proposals regarding housing are included in the Housing Element of the Comprehensive Plan.

#### Non-Neighborhood

With few large tracts left for residential development, many infill and redevelopment opportunities may not fit the traditional neighborhood context. Because of this, some residential development may occur in non-neighborhood settings such as in mixed-use developments and specialized housing complexes.

### **Service and Production**

#### Downtown Business Government Center

Downtown Plano is becoming a 24-hour mixed-use community. Housing, shops, restaurants, cultural facilities and government offices comprise the major uses. Infill and redevelopment projects should be compatible with the historic character of the area. Urban density and transit-oriented design is encouraged.

#### General Commercial

General Commercial areas are intended to provide a wide range of retail, service, office, light production and research and development uses. Residential adjacency standards must be considered when general commercial areas are near residential areas.

#### Major Corridor Development

This designation applies to three areas that are served by major expressway facilities: the Dallas North Tollway Corridor, President George Bush Turnpike, and the S.H. 121 Corridor. Development in these corridors is expected to include a mix of commercial, office, and technical production uses. Floor area ratios (FAR) should range from 0.4:1 to 1:1, and heights should be limited by proximity to residential areas. Residential development is generally not appropriate within these corridors, although residential development may be considered along the southern edge of the S.H. 121 corridor. This corridor is wider than the others, but residential uses should not be closer than 1200

feet south of the future center line of S.H. 121.

### Freeway Commercial

The Freeway Commercial category is intended to define the unique character of the U.S. 75 corridor. This corridor includes major retail development including Collin Creek Mall, along with general commercial, entertainment, lodging and office uses. Basic components of the category include 1:1 floor area ratios and a 20 story maximum height limit. Lower FAR's and maximum heights are recommended for areas located within 500 feet of residential areas.

### Major Commercial

Major commercial centers may include malls and large shopping centers anchored by department stores, along with specialty shops, restaurants, theaters, offices and other uses. These centers serve both a local and regional population, and are located along regional thoroughfares. Major commercial centers usually contain 500,000 square feet plus of floor area on sites of 50 acres or more. Multi-story buildings with an overall FAR of up to 1:1 may be appropriate in conjunction with retail development.

### Community Commercial

Community commercial centers generally serve a neighborhood area of three to five miles, and include department or discount stores, grocery stores, specialty shops and restaurants along with office uses. These centers are located on sites 15 to 35 acres in size along regional expressways or at intersections of major arterial streets. Typical FAR's are less than 0.4:1. Two or three corners may be developed at intersections designated as community commercial centers on the land use plan.

### Neighborhood Commercial

Neighborhood commercial centers are intended to serve adjacent residential neighborhoods, and include grocery stores, drugstores and small retail and service uses. These centers serve a one to one and one-half mile radius and contain 100,000 to 150,000 square feet of floor area (at a rate of 30 square feet per resident of the service area). They require a site of 10 to 15 acres, and development intensity less than 0.3:1 FAR.

Neighborhood commercial centers are located at the intersections of major arterial streets. One or two corners may develop with commercial uses at intersections designated as a neighborhood commercial center on the Land Use Plan, based on the size and population of the service area.

The population of some areas of Plano will not support a typical neighborhood commercial center, and smaller neighborhood convenience centers may be appropriate for such areas. Neighborhood convenience centers contain a convenience store with gas pumps and small shops, with total retail space less than 25,000 square feet. Sites are less than five acres, yet they are larger than a single corner convenience store. Neighborhood commercial centers provide an option for partially developed retail

corners where there is little chance of additional retail development, and the remainder property is being converted to another use.

### Office

The office categories include a variety of employment uses, including office towers, medical centers, corporate campuses and small neighborhood offices. There are three categories of office development designated on the Land Use Plan – High Intensity Office, Medium Intensity Office and Low Intensity Office. High Intensity Office should include offices with FAR's up to 1:1 and building heights up to 12 stories. Medium Intensity Office areas should include development up to 0.75:1 FAR and 8-story building heights. Low Intensity Office development serves local needs and heights are typically less than 4-stories with FAR's less than 0.4:1.

### Light Industrial

The light industrial category includes a variety of industries such as research facilities, assembly or production operations, warehousing and associated administrative offices. Industrial development is limited to a 0.5:1 FAR and a maximum building height of four stories. Light industrial and associated development is appropriate in areas with access to the arterial street system and, where possible, access to the railroad system. Light industrial development is most appropriate in industrial parks or other suitable planned settings.

### Research/Technology Center (RT)

The Research/Technology Center area provides for low-density office, research and development facilities, and limited assembly operations. It is intended to attract high technology businesses similar to those currently in operation south of the President George Bush Turnpike. This area is intended to accommodate multiple users in a campus environment. Warehousing is planned to serve a supporting role in the RT area. Warehousing should generally be an accessory use to limited assembly operation and office/showroom facilities.

### Public and Semi Public (PSP)

The public and semi-public category includes a wide range of public and private uses such as colleges and universities, public and private schools, golf courses, country clubs and large private open spaces. Locations should be provided for institutional and public uses that are appropriate for the intensity and character of each.

### Parks and Recreation (PR)

The parks and recreation category includes major public open spaces as well as parks and recreation facilities serving the community. Included are floodplain areas to be preserved such as major parks, linear parks, athletic complexes and city-owned golf courses.

## **Special Areas**

There are several major transportation and land use corridors throughout the City. The four primary corridors are: U.S. 75, Plano Parkway/President George Bush Turnpike, Dallas North Tollway and S.H. 121. Spring Creek Parkway and Preston Road serve as secondary corridors. Legacy and Spring Creekwalk are two other unique land use areas in Plano. Highly visible, these corridors serve as activity centers within the City.

## Land Use Absorption Table

Zoning	Total Acres in Plano		Platted Acres		Improved Acres	
	Acres	Percent	Acres	Percent	Acres	Percent
Retail	1,592.4	3.4%	1,524.6	95.7%	1,296.1	81.4%
Retail/Office	1,256.2	2.7%	894.0	71.2%	653.2	52.0%
Office	1,251.9	2.7%	1,106.6	88.4%	757.8	60.5%
Light Commercial	347.5	0.8%	284.3	81.8%	260.7	75.0%
Commercial Employment	2,911.8	6.3%	1,909.6	65.6%	1,479.1	50.8%
Business Government	110.7	0.2%	108.2	97.7%	73.1	66.0%
Light Industrial	1,696.9	3.7%	1,364.5	80.4%	1,168.1	68.8%
Regional Employment	761.4	1.6%	376.4	49.4%	300.9	39.5%
Regional Commercial	1,022.3	2.2%	786.9	77.0%	673.6	65.9%
Central Business District	437.8	0.9%	400.4	91.5%	231.9	53.0%
Corridor Commercial	2,125.4	4.6%	1,821.8	85.7%	1,498.8	70.5%
Research/Technology	1,101.1	2.4%	651.3	59.1%	495.8	45.0%
	<b>14,615.4</b>	<b>31.6%</b>	<b>11,228.4</b>	<b>76.8%</b>	<b>8,889.0</b>	<b>60.8%</b>
Mixed-Use	141.6	0.3%	104.3	73.7%	49.4	34.9%
Single Family	25,709.0	55.6%	25,032.7	97.4%	23,039.9	89.6%
Multi-Family	2,461.7	5.3%	2,369.8	96.3%	2,221.8	90.3%
	<b>28,170.7</b>	<b>60.9%</b>	<b>27,402.5</b>	<b>97.3%</b>	<b>25,261.7</b>	<b>89.7%</b>
Agricultural	2,756.3	6.0%	1,887.9	68.5%	2,110.5	76.6%
City/Public Facilities	546.5	1.2%	546.4	100.0%	388.4	71.1%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>46,230.4</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>41,169.5</b>	<b>89.1%</b>	<b>36,699.0</b>	<b>79.4%</b>

NOTES: Land Use Absorption Table as of April 2007

1. Right-of-way (ROW) is included in all zoning categories and counted as platted and improved land.
2. The Land Use Plan reflects the desired development pattern for the City. The Zoning Ordinance regulates what can be built on a particular parcel of land today.
3. The information in this table is based on zoning not use. Please note that because of allowed uses in zoning districts, the use of a property is not always indicative of the zoning. More information on the uses allowed in each zoning classification is contained in the Zoning Ordinance.
4. Platted - refers to the official recording of a subdivision or addition, a prerequisite to obtaining a building permit.

# COMPREHENSIVE PLAN TRANSPORTATION ELEMENT

## INTRODUCTION

### **Purpose**

The Transportation Element of the Comprehensive Plan guides the development of an integrated transportation system over time. It defines the existing and proposed transportation system and addresses long range local and regional expectations. The transportation network in Plano is a critical component of the City's development pattern. It influences the placement of land uses such as housing, employment, commercial, industrial and educational facilities. Plano's transportation system impacts quality of life issues such as air quality, accessibility and choice of transportation modes.

### **Critical Issues**

Critical issues facing Plano's transportation system are regional population growth, air quality, increased traffic on expressways, increased through traffic, and roadway capacity implications. The Dallas-Forth Worth Metroplex continues to grow in population and the North Central Texas Council of Governments projects the region will add another 3 million people by 2030. More people in the area contribute to larger numbers of automobiles using the regional roadway system. Increased traffic on regional expressways and local thoroughfares leads to travel delays due to congestion, produces more emissions and decreases the region's air quality.

Plano's internal roadway system is nearly complete and capacity improvements to regional roadways are quickly consumed by growth in outlying communities. Plano is not in a position to reduce congestion and increase roadway capacity by adding more lanes of pavement. Instead, the City must rely on approaches that reduce the level of vehicular travel on its roadways, particularly during peak hours. Mass transit, bicycle transportation, Transportation Demand Management (TDM), and other techniques will need to be promoted and utilized. Different land use concepts, such as mixed-use urban centers which combine employment, residences, and related services in pedestrian friendly environments, will be part of the long term solution for regional and local transportation issues.

## MAJOR THEMES

The Transportation Element describes the City of Plano in terms of three major themes: Livable City, City of Organized Development and City in Transition. This element includes a description of factors relating to each of the themes, objectives and strategies defining the city's overall approach to transportation challenges and opportunities along with steps for implementation. The thoroughfare plan map and bicycle transportation plan map reflect existing and proposed street and bicycle trail patterns and are separate documents preceding the Transportation element text.

The "Livable City" theme addresses issues that affect the city's ability to remain an attractive place to live and work. The "City of Organized Development" theme defines the key components of Plano's transportation system, their interrelationship, and the process for monitoring and enhancing their effectiveness. The "City in Transition" theme focuses on changing conditions and trends that may require changes in the way Plano addresses the provision of transportation services over time.

### **Theme I – Livable City**

The City of Plano is an excellent place to live, work and enjoy life. Efforts to improve air quality, mass transit, bicycle transportation and access to Plano and other parts of the Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex contribute to a livable city. This section provides options to address air quality, local and regional accessibility, and the current status and future trends of these factors.

### **Theme II – City of Organized Development**

This section includes key transportation factors that have influenced the development of Plano over the past 40 years. The thoroughfare plan map displays the type, size, and placement of major roadways within the city. The relationship of land uses to various components of the thoroughfare system is defined under this theme. It also addresses efforts that make the thoroughfare system operate more safely and efficiently. This section stresses the significance of a multi-modal transportation system that facilitates mass transit, bicycle, and pedestrian use as well as automobiles.

### **Theme III – City in Transition**

Within 40 years, Plano has transitioned from an agricultural center to a bedroom suburb to an employment center and from a growing community to a city approaching full development. The City has also transitioned from an outer tier suburb on the edge of the metropolitan "commuter shed" to a first tier suburb near the center of daily home-to-work trips. A major portion of Plano's peak hour traffic results from people commuting to the city for work or passing through Plano to other major employment destinations in the region. Plano's increased population and employment coupled with growth of neighboring cities reinforces the importance of cooperative planning activities with other communities in the North Dallas region.

## **THEME I – LIVABLE CITY**

### **Air Quality**

Clean air is critical to one's health and quality of life. Air quality is becoming an increasingly important factor in the planning and development of local transportation systems. However, air quality concerns are typically driven by national efforts

through federal legislation such as the Clean Air Act of 1990. This legislation established categories for the evaluation of total emission (pollution) levels for urbanized areas. "Non-attainment areas" are metropolitan regions throughout the United States that exceed those standards. The Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex region is a non-attainment area – specifically classified as "serious" in 1998 - in regard to ozone by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's State Implementation Plan (SIP) for control of Ozone Air Pollution identified the major source of pollution in this area as emissions from motor vehicles. If this situation does not improve, the EPA could impose sanctions that would result in the loss of federal funding for major transportation projects.

This is a major regional issue that has been gaining more attention in the last few years as the Metroplex nears its air quality compliance deadline. Leaders from Plano and other cities have started to address air quality and transportation planning issues. A recent example of this effort is Plano joining other cities from across the Dallas region to address potential air pollution concerns resulting from proposed coal fueled electric generation plants. Plano should continue to work with other cities in the region to develop initiatives to improve air quality and retain federal funding needed to implement major transportation improvement projects, especially mass transit. Continued monitoring of legislation and enforcement policies will be necessary to understand measurement standards and mitigation actions. Plano should work to develop and maintain a multi-modal transportation system, including mass transit and bicycle transportation, to help improve the air quality of the Metroplex region.

The City has begun the process of replacing conventional gasoline engine vehicles in its fleet with energy-efficient hybrid vehicles. These vehicles have City logos and are visible throughout Plano. They demonstrate the City's efforts to improve air quality and reduce fuel consumption. Hybrid vehicles have proven to be a good investment for the City with high resale values and low maintenance and repair costs.

### **Transportation Demand Management**

Transportation Demand Management (TDM) was a formal requirement in the original Clean Air Act Amendment of 1990 (CAAA) for non-attainment regions like the Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex. The enforcement schedule was later amended and TDM measures became voluntary rather than mandatory. TDM includes strategies to effectively manage travel demands in a region to reduce pollution. Such strategies as the use of transit, carpooling, staggered work hours, and telecommuting reduce vehicle emissions, especially during peak hours. TDM also includes educational efforts to change the culture of single-passenger vehicle trips and inform employers and residents about different modes of transportation available in Plano.

The City of Plano should work with major employers to participate in TDM measures to reduce the number of cars using the roadway system and lead to improvement in

air quality. The following are examples of ways to partner with the private sector with TDM initiatives.

- Offer incentives to local major employers to participate in Transportation Demand Management (TDM).
- Identify businesses that can function effectively on non-traditional work hours and encourage them to use flexible scheduling.
- Pursue DART subsidies for the purchase of vehicles for van pooling and establish a program to link prospective riders living and working in common geographic areas together. Provide incentives for persons to volunteer as van pool drivers.
- Provide media exposure and award programs for companies that participate in TDM measures.

### **Transit Oriented Development**

Transit Oriented Development (TOD) is defined as a dense mix of land use activities such as residential, office, retail and entertainment located near a transit facility station. The most common forms of transit serving a TOD are light rail, commuter rail, bus rapid transit or a subway. The transit station may also be a facility where all four forms interface with local bus service and private vehicles. Residential use is often located above office and retail uses in the same building. TODs represents an alternative to the typical suburban, automobile – oriented development pattern in the Metroplex.

The densities of TODs are important because they allow a variety of uses to occur at one location, resulting in more compact development. They also increase transit ridership as a point of origin and destination. Persons residing in TODs can easily walk from homes to board a train or bus. People from outside the area can travel via bus or train to the TOD to shop or work. The Eastside Village in downtown Plano is an excellent example of a TOD.

Parking requirements are lower in TODs because of availability of transit and other services within walking distance. Streets located within TODs or denser residential infill developments can have narrower widths and reduced building setbacks that tend to slow vehicles on the street and promote a pedestrian environment, similar to those standards typically found in the Business/Government zoning district regulations. More information along with objectives and strategies regarding transit-orientated development and urban centers are found in the Land Use Element of the Comprehensive Plan.

### **Regional Mobility**

Mobility is a key component of the transportation system of a community. Plano is located in the heart of the North Dallas region and is accessible to cultural and employment opportunities throughout the area. The city is also a major employment

center for the region with significant commercial and office development located at Legacy in northwest Plano, along the Dallas North Tollway, President George Bush Turnpike, S. H. 121 and U. S. 75. During non-peak periods, these roadways, along with mass transit services, provide transportation connections in less than an hour to most destinations around the Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex. The City also has an extensive system of bicycle and walking trails that connect residential areas with recreational facilities. Work continues to coordinate trail connections from Plano to other cities in the Metroplex. These factors help make Plano a prime location for future business and residential development, contributing to the continued growth and prosperity of the City.

The availability of air transportation has contributed greatly to Plano's and the Metroplex region's growth as a major employment center. The region's location in the center of the country means that air travel times to major cities on the coasts is only two to three hours. Plano is served by two large commercial airports providing long distance domestic service, Dallas-Fort Worth International Airport (DFW) and Love Field. DFW also provides international flights. Corporate and private jet services are found at Addison Airport and Collin County Regional Airport in McKinney.

### **Objectives for Theme I – Livable City**

**Objective A.1** Promote regional efforts to improve air quality and address transportation issues in the Metroplex.

**Objective A.2** Enhance the ease of access that Plano now enjoys in the region.

**Objective A.3** Provide Plano residents with a variety of transportation options.

**Objective A.4** Facilitate involvement of major employers in programs to reduce traffic congestion and improve air quality.

### **Strategies for Theme I – Livable City**

**Strategy A.1** Monitor federal legislation regarding air quality through regional efforts with the North Central Texas Council of Governments.

**Strategy A.2** Work closely with federal, state, and regional agencies to provide for a range of transportation options to meet the changing needs of Plano residents.

**Strategy A.3** Continue to facilitate the development of Transit Oriented Developments (TODS) such as those recommended in the Urban Centers Study.

**Strategy A.4** Develop a public/private partnership with major employers to encourage participation in TDM programs.

**Strategy A.5** Offer incentives to major employers in the City to participate in TDM programs such as positive media exposure for working to mitigate traffic congestion and improve air quality in the region.

## **THEME II – CITY OF ORGANIZED DEVELOPMENT**

### **Expressway Corridors**

Plano is served by four expressways – U. S. Highway 75 (U.S. 75), State Highway 121 (S.H. 121), the Dallas North Tollway and the President George Bush Turnpike. All four expressways provide access from Plano to other cities within the Metroplex and the nation. The issues facing these corridors are future development, continued growth of cities to the north, increased traffic and roadway construction.

Though most of the U.S. 75 corridor has been developed with retail and office uses, the other three corridors still have land available for additional development opportunities. The President George Bush Turnpike comprises most of Plano's southern border and provides access to the Research Technology employment area in southeast Plano.

The Dallas North Tollway travels through the western section of Plano and provides access to the Shops at Willow Bend Mall, numerous office buildings and retail centers along with the corporate campuses found in the Legacy and Granite Park developments near S.H. 121. There has been a shift in development patterns along the Tollway corridor as well. More mixed-use projects such as the one approved at the Parker Road interchange are beginning to appear. The Legacy Town Center at the Legacy Drive interchange has experienced success and is expanding north towards S.H. 121.

S.H. 121 has the most undeveloped land adjacent to it. The highway has been expanded with the completion of three lane service roads in each direction. Interchanges at the Dallas North Tollway, Preston Road and Custer Road have been completed. Main lanes are under construction between the Tollway and Rasor Boulevard. The remainder of the main lanes will be constructed as a toll facility. One of the land use issues facing the S.H. 121 corridor is the demand for residential development. Plano has attempted to provide a 1,200 foot setback from the S. H. 121 centerline for residential development. There have been development pressures to reduce the setback distance in recent years.

### **Surface Street System**

The City of Plano has worked diligently over the past three decades to develop and maintain an extensive modern thoroughfare system. This system is characterized by a grid pattern of divided roadways interconnected with collector and local streets to provide access to commercial and residential properties throughout Plano. The Thoroughfare Plan map shows the general location and design standards of

roadways and serves as a guide to the Community Investment Program (CIP) in regard to street construction (see Plate 1, Thoroughfare Plan map). As a result, Plano has an easily navigable roadway system.

The surface street system has several roadway types such as expressways, major and secondary thoroughfares, commercial and residential streets. Table 1 on the following page contains a general description of each category and the type of thoroughfares represented. The design standards (lane widths, right-of-way requirements, number of lanes and a typical cross-section) are shown on the reverse side of Plate 1.

**TABLE 1  
ROADWAY CLASSIFICATION AND THOROUGHFARE TYPE**

<b>Roadway Classification</b>	<b>Thoroughfare Type</b>
<p><b>EXPRESSWAYS</b></p> <p>Intended to carry the highest proportion of traffic through the City at highest speeds and longest distances.</p>	<p>A, T</p> <p>Tollway, Turnpike, Freeway,</p>
<p><b>MAJOR THOROUGHFARES</b></p> <p>Intended to provide a balance of high through volume capacity and non-residential property access for the majority of trips with destinations inside the City.</p>	<p>B+, B, C</p> <p>Divided thoroughfares</p>
<p><b>SECONDARY THOROUGHFARES</b></p> <p>Intended to provide the opportunity for access and circulation of residential areas for a majority of trips with origins inside the City and to provide connections to major thoroughfares.</p>	<p>D, E+, E, F</p> <p>Includes divided and undivided thoroughfares and collector streets.</p>
<p><b>RESIDENTIAL STREETS</b></p> <p>Intended to provide direct access to all abutting residential land areas and connections to collector streets.</p>	<p>G, H</p> <p>Local streets</p>

Source: City of Plano

Most of the roadway system in Plano is complete and has been constructed to the full width and design capacity. Some opportunities exist to add through lanes to meet design standards specified on the Thoroughfare Plan. Continued maintenance of the existing roadway system and keeping increased traffic flowing efficiently and safely through the city are challenges for the future as Plano

transitions from building new streets to maximizing the roadway system already in place.

### **Local Accessibility**

Access to Plano from the Metroplex and other areas is provided by expressways, surface street system and mass transit services. Cultural facilities, shopping areas, employment centers and residential neighborhoods are readily accessible via Plano's roadway system.

Accessibility is more than just an issue of efficiency and mobility; it can also affect health and safety. For this reason, all commercial and residential subdivisions in the city are required to have at least two points of access. This allows an additional route into and out of the subdivision for emergency vehicles when an entrance is blocked or unavailable.

Sometimes, accessibility can create problems for a neighborhood. Cut-through traffic and speeding are concerns for some neighborhoods in Plano. The increased traffic becomes a nuisance and the excess speed poses safety concerns. As traffic volumes increase, more drivers will seek alternative routes to avoid busy intersections and neighborhood streets could become more desirable routes for through traffic.

The Transportation Advisory Committee, through the Safe Streets Program, works with neighborhoods to develop solutions to mitigate these problems. The first phase of addressing cut-through traffic and excess speed through residential neighborhoods is education and law enforcement. Most times, this is effective; however, if these solutions do not improve the situation, then physical changes to streets are made to slow down motorists and discourage "cut-through" traffic. Any proposals to modify streets must consider the impact on emergency vehicle access and response times before implementation.

### **Intersection Improvements**

Many years ago, the City of Plano designated certain intersections as candidates for grade-separated interchanges on the Thoroughfare Plan map. The perceived benefit was that these facilities would improve traffic flow at major intersections as Plano and surrounding communities continued to grow. However, recent studies indicated that building grade-separated interchanges is not as cost-effective as at-grade improvements. In 2004, grade-separated overpasses were removed from the Thoroughfare Plan map with the exception of interchanges involved with regional expressways.

The intersection of Legacy Drive and Preston Road should be closely monitored over time as it is in close proximity to the S.H. 121 corridor and the corporate campuses within Legacy. Additional development in these two areas could have a

significant impact on the operation of this intersection. Therefore, future traffic conditions may require re-evaluation to determine if a grade-separated interchange would be necessary, but only after all at-grade improvement options have been fully evaluated.

Most of the right-of-way has already been acquired to accommodate previously proposed grade-separated interchanges. Grade-separations are unlikely in the foreseeable future. However, it is difficult to account for various conditions that could change over time. The rights-of-way at these locations should be preserved and additional rights-of-way acquired, when necessary, to accommodate future traffic flow improvements at these locations. Loss of the rights-of-way could preclude the ability of future decision makers to fully address changing conditions. Some at-grade improvements could require extensive rights-of-way to operate safely and efficiently.

Exceptions to retaining rights-of-way should be considered for the intersections of Spring Creek Parkway and Jupiter Road, Spring Creek Parkway and Preston Road and at Plano Parkway and Coit Road. While originally planned and built as a Type A limited access service facility that could accommodate future capacity improvements, such as grade separations, the design standards for Spring Creek Parkway have been revised to provide uniform limited access without grade separations. Enhanced intersection improvements can be provided at the intersection of Spring Creek Parkway and Jupiter Road within the existing 160 foot right-of-way. The proximity of the railroad crossing on Coit Road south of Plano Parkway and the “jug-handle” ramp design will make major improvements at this location infeasible.

The Transportation Engineering Division has completed evaluation of a “Median Left-Turn” design for three intersections. The intersections are located at Spring Creek Parkway and Coit Road, Plano Parkway and Preston Road and Legacy Drive at Preston Road. The “Median Left-Turn” design is an innovative approach to reduce stacking of vehicles making left turns and to improve overall flow at major intersections. The “Median Left-Turn” design will require the additional right-of-way originally reserved for grade separations. Final designs are underway with construction planned for 2008.

### **High Accident Location/High Accident Road Segment**

The High Accident Location/High Accident Road Segment (HAL/HARS) program is used by the City of Plano’s Transportation Division to identify and develop solutions for roadway locations with a high number of vehicle collisions. The program also considers citizen complaints, maintenance and staff suggestions. This information is used to compare traffic safety and traffic flow characteristics of high accident locations. High accident locations that can be improved with low cost and quick solutions are addressed immediately. Locations that need more extensive, higher cost improvements are reviewed for consideration of placement on the Community

Investment Program (CIP). The HAL/HARS program also produces the annual traffic safety report on the effectiveness of roadway modifications and other traffic safety programs and practices.

**Traffic Signal System**

The City of Plano operates over 200 traffic signals using a wireless communications system. The system coordinates traffic signals to minimize stopping, which reduces fuel usage, and vehicle exhaust emissions. Timing of traffic signals at intersections has improved and enhanced coordination of traffic movement on Plano's thoroughfare system. This is an example of a local initiative that contributes to improvement in air quality of the Metroplex region.

There are a large number of signalized intersections and a need to balance through traffic movement with access to and from neighborhoods and business centers. Due to these factors, signalization will not overcome traffic congestion. It is a valuable tool that supports the operation of Plano's surface roadway system, but it cannot overcome conditions resulting from traffic volumes that exceed capacities.

**Regional Transit System**

Mass transit is a key factor in the provision of alternative transportation opportunities for Plano residents. Mass transit service in the form of buses and light rail is provided through the City's membership in the Dallas Area Rapid Transit (DART). Both services connect the City with major destination points and other transit systems in the Metroplex region.

Table 2 provides a description of scheduled DART Capital Improvement Projects from the 2030 Service Plan approved in October of 2006 that could impact Plano in the near future:

**TABLE 2  
PLANNED DART CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS  
ASSOCIATED WITH PLANO**

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS	NOTES	STATUS
High-Occupancy Vehicle Lane (HOV) along U.S. 75	LBJ Freeway to Bethany Road	Under Construction
North Cross-Town Corridor (Former Cottonbelt RR ROW)	Would connect Plano with DFW International Airport	Adopted in 2030 DART plan
Patron Parking Structure	Parker Road Station	Under Study

Source: Dallas Area Rapid Transit

The City of Plano has been able to maximize its membership benefits in DART through various efforts, and ridership has grown significantly. The average daily ridership on DART facilities serving Plano has increased by almost 100% from 2,800 in 2000 to 5,565 in 2006 since the arrival of light rail in 2002. Current bus service

includes a route from downtown Plano along the K Avenue corridor to the Collin Creek Mall and businesses along U. S. 75. Other bus routes in Plano connect with Collin College's Spring Creek campus and the East Plano area with the Plano Parkway, 15th Street and Parker Road corridors. The bus route then travels up Preston Road and serves the Legacy area. Another route presently serves the Dallas North Tollway corridor up to Parker Road and the Shops at Willow Bend Mall from the Medical Center of Plano at the Coit Road and 15<sup>th</sup> Street intersection. DART also has an on-call service for people with physical disabilities that make it difficult to use bus or light rail facilities. People can call and schedule appointments for transportation services. Advance arrangements are necessary.

There are gaps in the transit system, particularly with east-west service. More attention should be focused on feeder routes to the light rail stations. The challenge in extending service further west in Plano is ridership. DART has recently determined that there is little demand for bus service west of Coit Road and north of Parker Road. DART periodically evaluates all routes and eliminates those with the low ridership.

The City of Plano also has another on-call transit service through a contract with Collin County Area Regional Transit (CCART). CCART provides curb to curb transportation services for people age 60 years and older. This service is called Senior Trans. There are two vehicles that provide service five days a week and three days a week respectively. People contact CCART and arrange for the transportation they need. This service is funded through the Parks and Recreation Department and is affiliated with the Collin County Committee on Aging. Under a separate grant, CCART also provides transportation for seniors to meals provided by the Collin County Committee on Aging during lunch time at the Plano Senior Center. An interdepartmental study of transportation and other services for Plano's growing senior population is currently underway and may provide other options that can be implemented in the future.

### **Bicycle Transportation System**

The bicycle is considered a component of the multi-modal transportation system found within the City of Plano. As the city matures and neighboring communities continue to develop at a rapid pace, vehicular transportation within Plano will become more difficult. The bicycle could be a limited alternative transportation option for trips to employment centers, transit stations, shopping centers, educational institutions and cultural facilities. Recreational bicycle use is also very important. A quality recreational bicycle trail system is a major contributor to the overall quality of life of a community.

The City of Plano has an extensive bicycle transportation plan in place as indicated in the Bicycle Transportation Plan map (see Plate 2). The Bicycle Transportation Plan map shows the location and type of system available in Plano through a network of on-street routes and off-street trails. The system is divided into four

categories: the Regional Veloweb (a regional network of the bicycle trails in the Metroplex), Major Routes, Secondary Routes, and Recreational Trails.

The Six Cities Trail Plan was adopted in October of 2001, and included the cities of Allen, Frisco, Garland, McKinney, Plano and Richardson. This plan includes interconnecting bicycle transportation plans for these six cities. The Six Cities Trail Plan would utilize the alignment along the Rowlett Creek corridor, the Bluebonnet Trail and Preston Ridge Trail to create a multi-city trail plan.

Continuing improvements and expansion of the bicycle trail system will be necessary. Access across barriers such as U.S. 75 and major thoroughfares is a concern for bicyclists in Plano. The City of Plano hired a consultant to study safe crossings of major thoroughfares in 2005. Recommendations from the study for collector street crossings were included in the 2005 bond election. Additional funding for implementation of the study recommendations for major thoroughfare crossing improvements will require a future bond election. The Engineering Department received grants to improve the crossing at 15<sup>th</sup> Street and U.S. 75 interchange and to build a bicycle/pedestrian bridge over U.S. 75 at Park Boulevard. More details about bicycle transportation in Plano can be found in Policy Statement 1.0 – Bicycle Transportation.

### **Objectives for Theme II – City of Organized Development**

**Objective B.1** Provide a local roadway system with safe and efficient cross-town and neighborhood circulation and access, in accordance with the Thoroughfare Plan.

**Objective B.2** Enhance the efficiency of intersections to cope with increased traffic demand on the roadway system.

**Objective B.3** Provide for the full operation of Plano's thoroughfare system through the completion of remaining capacity improvements.

**Objective B.4** Promote the provision of a fiscally responsible, diversified transit system which addresses local and regional needs, and maximizes the benefits derived by Plano.

**Objective B.5** Promote safe and accessible recreational and destination-oriented bicycle use.

### **Strategies for Theme II – City of Organized Development**

**Strategy B.1** Review and update the Transportation Element, including the Thoroughfare Plan map every three years.

**Strategy B.2** Allow for amendments to the Thoroughfare Plan map between updates only when essential to the development of land and when supported by a study of local and system wide impacts of the proposed change.

**Strategy B.3** Conduct an annual review of existing transportation facilities, particularly major intersections, and their performance and safety records to improve traffic capacity and safety.

**Strategies B.4** Where possible, acquire rights-of-way for additional turn lanes at major intersections.

**Strategy B.5** Through the development review process and Community Investment Program (CIP), provide safe, reliable street access for daily use and for emergencies to all developed properties.

**Strategy B.6** Complete missing links of the thoroughfare system and develop roadways in accordance with design standards as indicated on the Thoroughfare Plan map and Thoroughfare Plan standards ordinance.

**Strategy B.7** Maintain a close working relationship with DART and monitor its development of plans and programs to ensure Plano's transportation needs are properly understood and addressed.

**Strategy B.8** Develop and maintain a system of bicycle routes and recreational trails for destination and recreational use that lead to cultural attractions and employment areas, mass transit facilities and residential neighborhoods.

### **THEME III – CITY IN TRANSITION**

#### **Increased Traffic Volumes**

As is the case in most cities, Plano's biggest travel demand is by automobile. This demand has grown with the City as it has matured. A measurement of the growth of automobile travel in Plano is the average traffic count of selected major thoroughfares. Roadways were selected that traveled through the most populated areas of the City. Table 3 provides average traffic counts from all sections of the selected roadways from 2000 and 2006.

**TABLE 3  
AVERAGE WEEKDAY TRAFFIC COUNT OF SELECTED MAJOR  
THOROUGHFARES**

Roadway	2000 Average	2006 Average	Change
Coit Road	34,312	37,967	10.7%
Custer Road	21,685	25,171	16.1%
K Avenue	21,541	20,365	-5.5%
Legacy Drive	32,094	32,774	2.1%
Park Boulevard	21,754	24,827	14.1%
Parker Road	28,325	26,863	-5.2%
Preston Road	42,605	44,445	4.3%
Spring Creek Parkway	24,177	25,783	6.6%

Source: City of Plano Transportation Division

The data in Table 3 indicate that six of the eight roadways increased the average weekday traffic counts from 2000 to 2006. The greatest increases were for Coit Road, Custer Road and Park Boulevard. The Cities of Allen, Frisco and McKinney have experienced tremendous growth since the 2000 Census. The North Central Texas Council of Governments estimates that Allen's population has increased by 76 percent as compared with 173 percent for Frisco and 106 percent for McKinney. The highest growth areas of the three cities are located along the Coit Road and Custer Road corridors. Park Boulevard provides east – west access into Plano. The roadway begins near Murphy and Wylie. These cities have grown by 302 and 134 percent respectively. Continued population growth in Plano's neighboring cities will contribute to increased traffic on Plano's thoroughfares as more people travel through the city for employment opportunities

K Avenue and Parker Road have experienced decreases in average weekday traffic counts. The loss of traffic may be attributed to reduced capacity along K Avenue and the construction for additional lanes for Parker Road. Drivers are seeking alternative routes to avoid traffic congestion and construction delays. Traffic congestion is a problem on K Avenue at the Legacy Drive, Parker Road and Park Boulevard intersections. Most of the intersections will receive major lane modifications to mitigate congestion.

Improvements to Parker Road east of Plano have been completed; however, work is still underway on adding lanes from K Avenue to east of P Avenue. Reconfiguration of the interchange at Parker Road and U. S. 75 will begin during spring or summer of 2008 and will last about two years. When these projects are completed, traffic volume should return and probably exceed counts from previous years.

**High Congestion Areas**

Several areas of the City are experiencing relatively high levels of traffic congestion. The five highest congestion locations are the Legacy area; the S. H. 121 corridor,

the Dallas North Tollway corridor, and the U. S. 75 interchange locations at Parker Road and Spring Creek Parkway.

Heavy traffic concentration in the Legacy area results from the corporate employment centers situated along Legacy Drive. Both Legacy Drive and Spring Creek Parkway serve regional traffic needs by providing connections between Preston Road and S. H. 121. At the present time, Frito-Lay, Inc., Cadbury Schweppes, Electronic Data Systems Corporation, the J. C. Penney Co., Inc., Countrywide Financial Corporation, Ericsson, Inc. and other companies employ approximately 37,000 persons in Legacy. Traffic congestion in the area occurs primarily during weekday morning and evening peak hour periods. However, the entertainment and retail businesses in the Legacy Town Center attract quite a few people on the weekend as well. Much more development of land is possible in Legacy, yet the vast majority of the thoroughfare system serving it is in place. Therefore, continued monitoring of traffic volumes in the area and the introduction of TDM measures and mass transit services will be essential to maintaining its significance as a major destination and employment center.

S.H. 121 passes through one of the highest growth areas in the Metroplex. Development still continues in northern Plano and the Legacy area as well as in Allen, Frisco and McKinney. Traffic count data shows a 7.2 percent increase in automobiles using the highway between 2000 and 2004, the last year data was available from the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT). The construction of the service roads and interchanges at the Dallas North Tollway, Preston Road and Custer Road has improved traffic flow along the S.H. 121 corridor. The Regional Transportation Council has awarded the North Texas Tollway Authority (NTTA) the bid to construct and operate the main lanes of S.H. 121 as a tolled facility.

Continued office and retail development along with residential growth in cities such as Celina, Frisco and Prosper along the Dallas North Tollway corridor has increased congestion during peak weekday travel periods. Backups are now beginning to occur at the Parker Road Toll Plaza. This situation may worsen with the recent extension of the Tollway from S.H. 121 to U.S. 380.

In response to the congestion trends along U.S. 75, the City sponsored a corridor improvement study for all ramps except Legacy Drive within Plano and the Parker Road interchange. TxDOT is using the study recommendations to improve the ramp placement along the U.S. 75 corridor and reconfigure the interchange at Parker Road. Both TxDOT and DART are building High Occupancy Vehicle lanes from Interstate 635 in Dallas to Bethany Road in Allen. The purpose of the lanes is to provide optimum travel conditions for vehicles with two or more persons, hybrid vehicles, and motorcycles and to encourage more people to ride share instead of traveling alone in their cars.

Use of the President George Bush Turnpike has grown immensely since the roadway opened in 1998. The North Central Texas Council of Governments

(NCTCOG) reported traffic count volumes at over 120,000 vehicles per day in 2004 at the Coit Road Toll Plaza. This figure is almost twice than the 63,000 vehicles per day projected by the North Texas Tollway Authority (NTTA) for the same year before the turnpike opened. Much development has occurred along the expressway corridor at Coit Road and in the Research/Technology Crossroads (RT) near Jupiter, Renner and Shiloh Roads. There is still a considerable amount of land available for development along the corridor and its utilization will increase traffic to even higher levels on the turnpike.

**Commuting Patterns**

In 2006, the U.S. Census Bureau released detailed information regarding commuting patterns between cities. Tables 4 and 5 list the top ten cities where Plano workers commute for employment and where people live who travel into Plano for their jobs. Plano's commute pattern has mostly been north to south for the past several decades. Table 4 shows this trend continues with Dallas and Richardson as the leading destination cities for Plano workers. While the southbound commuting pattern remains significant, other trends have emerged. Plano workers are also traveling east and west to employment opportunities in Irving, Farmers Branch, Addison, Carrollton and Garland. For the second consecutive census, data indicates that more Plano residents are commuting to jobs within the city than traveling south to Dallas.

The growth of the Legacy area and development along the Dallas North Tollway, President George Bush Turnpike, and U. S. 75 corridors during the 1990s and early 2000s have created employment centers in Plano that attract people who live within the city and in neighboring communities. Statistics from U.S. Census Bureau indicate over 62,000 people are coming into Plano to work each day while almost 71,000 residents leave daily for jobs located outside the City.

**TABLE 4  
TOP 10 COMMUTING DESTINATIONS FOR PLANO RESIDENTS  
TRIP ORIGIN – PLANO**

Work Trip Destination	Number	Percent
Plano	45,390	39.1%
Dallas	31,650	27.3%
Richardson	12,205	10.5%
Irving	3,570	3.1%
Farmers Branch	3,405	2.9%
Addison	3,035	2.6%
Carrollton	3,025	2.6%
McKinney	2,425	2.1%
Garland	2,110	1.8%
Allen	1,715	1.5%

Source: 2000 U. S. Census

Table 5 reveals some interesting trends. Almost 24,000 people are reversing the commuting patterns and traveling north from Dallas and Richardson to jobs in Plano. These reverse travel movements help mitigate peak hour patterns that typically result in greater southbound congestion in the morning and increased northbound traffic in the evening. Over 13,000 people commute to Plano from cities to the north such as Allen, Frisco and McKinney. The data from the U.S. Census Bureau indicates that many people make east-west commutes from neighboring cities as well. Over 12,000 people were coming to jobs in Plano from Carrollton, Garland, Lewisville, and Wylie. These emerging commuting patterns are expected to continue and must be considered in transportation planning efforts.

**TABLE 5  
TOP 10 PLACES OF ORIGIN FOR PLANO WORKERS  
TRIP ORIGIN – OTHER CITIES**

Place of Origin	Number	Percent
Plano	45,390	42.2%
Dallas	17,890	16.6%
Garland	6,100	5.7%
Allen	4,825	4.5%
Richardson	4,750	4.4%
McKinney	4,570	4.2%
Frisco	3,980	3.7%
Carrollton	3,075	2.9%
Wylie	1,545	1.4%
Lewisville	1,365	1.3%

Source: 2000 U. S. Census

**Future Outlook for Transportation**

It is no surprise that statistics on traffic volumes, commuting patterns and employment trends continue to document increased automobile traffic on Plano streets. With most of the thoroughfare system in place and no land available for expansion of the existing street system, the roadway service levels will continue to deteriorate and congestion at major intersections will increase. In response, other modes of transportation will need to be utilized more effectively. In particular, ridership on the mass transit system (particularly buses) must increase. Limited bus ridership has led to service changes and cutbacks in Plano. Light rail has proven to be a popular option for mass transit among Plano residents, but it is more expensive to construct due to acquisition of rights-of-way and the provision of new infrastructure. Buses use existing roadways and can be more easily allocated to meet the needs of the service area. Plano should work with DART to ensure coordination between bus routes, light rail transit origins and destinations, and major employment centers. The system should be easy to use, timely, and routed to desired destinations.

One part of the DART 2030 plan that should help the demand for east-west transit service in the region is the approval of the North-Cross Town Corridor commuter rail

line. This would connect Plano with the commuter/light rail station planned for Carrollton with service continued to Dallas-Fort Worth International Airport.

Another issue with DART is the extension of services into other cities such as Allen, Frisco and McKinney. These three cities are not currently members of DART. The Burlington Northern Santa Fe (BNSF) Railroad right-of-way along the west side of Plano is under consideration by the NCTCOG in its Regional Rail Corridor Study and Mobility 2025 update for commuter rail service. The study is considering the technical aspects of eight rail corridors around the Metroplex as well as the legislative and financial solutions required for potential regional rail service in the future. The BNSF railroad line could connect Frisco with the DART light rail line planned to arrive in Carrollton by 2010.

If Allen and McKinney were to join DART, light rail or commuter rail could be extended from its present terminus at Parker Road up the Union Pacific railroad right-of-way owned by DART. If this happens, the City of Plano should work with DART to determine the feasibility of a station at Spring Creek Parkway. The land area required for a station should be preserved. The possibility of a grade separation of the light rail line with Parker Road should also be considered.

DART's 2030 service plan eliminates the Northwest Transit Center from the DART 2030 plan. This station would have been located near the Legacy area at Tennyson Parkway and the Dallas North Tollway on property already owned by DART. Because of the continued employment, retail, and residential growth in Legacy and the increased use of traffic arteries serving Legacy, mass transit is needed in this area. This change comes at a time when more attention needs to be focused on bus service. The City will need to work closely with DART and major employers in Legacy to ensure that the station becomes part of the service plan again.

Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) could be a good option for DART to consider using in Plano. BRT operations provide service with limited stops between multiple destination points. It could use a separate lane in its own right-of-way or existing roadways. BRT service in Plano could be operated from Legacy Town Center to the proposed Northwest Transit Station and continue on to the Parker Road Transit Station.

### **Transportation Improvement Projects**

Many issues face Plano in regards to the provision of a variety transportation service options. In light of limited financial resources and availability of land required for capacity improvements, it will be important that the City get the most from its investment on projects to improve transportation. An option to consider would be the development of criteria to prioritize transportation improvement projects. Here are some examples to consider:

- Ability to mitigate traffic impacts for the least amount of cost.

- Ability to improve the utilization of existing transportation facilities.
- Relationship to other City issues such as changing demographics, growing reverse commute, and new employment centers.
- Regional as well as local significance such as potential to improve air quality.
- Fostering public/private partnerships to solve common problems including those using private investment in long term transportation solutions. Examples include encouraging large employers to participate in TDM programs and private development of major transportation infrastructure improvements.
- Fostering coordination between efficient land use and transportation system investments.

The criteria listed above could help guide decisions for funding and implementing transportation improvement projects.

### **Traffic Impact Analysis**

Plano has used Traffic Impact Analysis (TIAs) studies for many years to determine the impact of new development on the local roadway system. TIA studies typically show that new development generates more traffic and decreases level of service at intersections of major thoroughfares. Since there are very few options to improve capacity to accommodate increased traffic, the value of TIAs is questionable. A negative TIA finding does not provide the legal means to deny or delay development that conforms to zoning and subdivision regulations unless there are capacity enhancement options available. Using it as a development review tool tends to complicate rather than improve the review process, because the results often cannot be translated into specific actions. A consultant study on the use of TIAs for the City of Plano recommends that the City abandon TIAs in favor of a circulation plan for large development projects.

### **Regional Mobility**

Plano's transportation system is strongly tied to the regional network of roadways, rail, and transit services within the Metroplex. The expenditure of federal, state and local funds for regional transportation improvements is guided by the "Regional Transportation Plan for North Central Texas" (currently called Mobility 2030) sponsored by NCTCOG. The current plan is required to justify federal funding for various roadways.

The Regional Transportation Plan is a long-term, comprehensive program that stresses participation of local governments, transit authorities and TxDOT. The plan addresses mitigation of transportation problems along freeways and regional arterial roadways. In addition to roadway improvements, the plan addresses bus and rail transit service as well as high occupancy vehicle (HOV) systems for carpools and buses. Plano's transportation system must be consistent with that provided throughout the Metroplex in order to move traffic as efficiently as possible.

Inconsistencies in the transportation system could result in untimely delays and worsening of air quality due to increased exhaust emissions from idling vehicles. The City of Plano participates fully in reviews and updates of the Regional Transportation Plan to ensure the document's consistency with the city's Thoroughfare Plan.

Plano is nearing full development, but neighboring cities continue to grow rapidly. To ensure regional mobility, it is important that the transportation system within Plano interconnects with those in neighboring cities. This is accomplished through coordination with officials from surrounding cities and comparing land use and transportation plans. Plans for roadway improvements and development projects that could impact traffic on streets should be shared and evaluated.

### **Emerging Technologies – Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS)**

Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) is a nationwide effort to link new communication, information, and mapping technologies to improve transportation mobility and efficiency. The U. S. Department of Transportation (USDOT) and the Intelligent Transportation Society of America (ITS AMERICA) are working with many organizations and companies at national and international levels to make ITS a reality. The City of Plano is currently participating with DART on an Integrated Corridor Management Project on U.S. 75. This project calls for coordination of transportation groups to keep traffic moving along the U.S. 75 corridor by sharing information with local governments, transportation service agencies, major employers, roadway and transit users.

The City and the region should continue to identify and incorporate ITS elements into transportation operations. ITS represents another way to better utilize the transportation capacity that is already in place.

### **Objectives for Theme III – City in Transition**

**Objective C.1** Coordinate with neighboring cities and regional transportation agencies on critical land use and transportation issues.

**Objective C.2** Ensure that Plano's transportation system is consistent with that of the Metroplex region through review of regional and local plans.

**Objective C.3** Employ innovative programs to reduce traffic congestion on regional expressways and the City's street system.

**Objective C.4** Ensure quality mass transit services and interconnectivity with both local and regional destinations.

**Objective C.5** Minimize the impact of new development and redevelopment on the operation of Plano's thoroughfare system.

### **Strategies Theme III – City in Transition**

**Strategy C.1** Coordinate with neighboring communities to explore regional transportation approaches that would improve traffic flow within and between jurisdictions.

**Strategy C.2** Participate in the development and implementation of NCTCOG's Regional Transportation Plan and other regional coordination programs.

**Strategy C.3** Work with DART to identify and implement new bus transit alternatives in Plano. In particular, explore the provision of bus rapid transit between Legacy and the Parker Road station.

**Strategy C.4** Support DART's efforts to improve east-west transit service, including a connection to DFW International Airport.

**Strategy C.5** Work with DART and other transportation service agencies to develop plans and programs to provide transportation services for the disabled and seniors.

**Strategy C.6** Encourage expansion of DART services to new member cities using equitable funding policies.

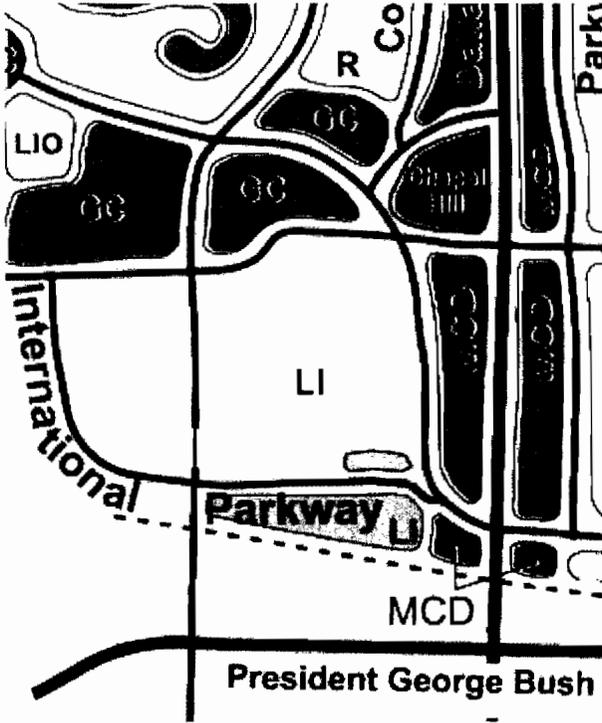
**Strategy C.7** Develop criteria to prioritize transportation improvement projects and programs that will receive funding from Plano's Community Investment Program (CIP).

**Strategy C.8** Require developers to submit site circulation plans for major development projects to improve on-site circulation and vehicle access to and from the property.

**Land Use Plan Map Amendments  
2007 Update**

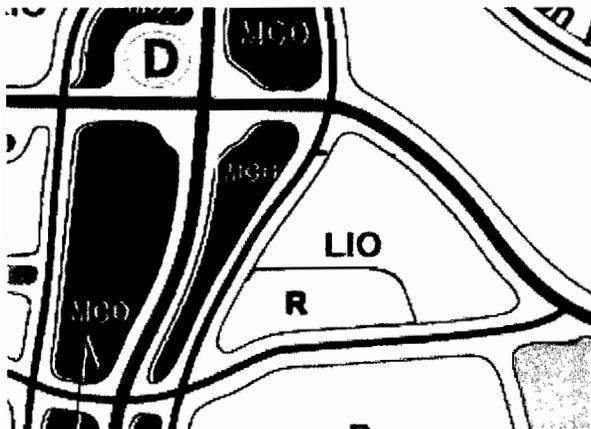
**Area 1 – Northwest International Parkway and Plano Parkway**

Delete land use designations outside of Plano's jurisdiction at the Northwest corner of International Parkway and Plano Parkway.



**Area 2 – North of Windhaven Parkway, from the Dallas North Tollway to Spring Creek Parkway**

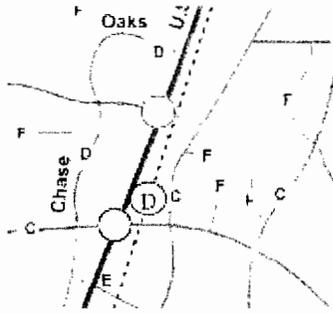
Amend land use designation to Residential from Low Intensity Office on the north side of Windhaven Parkway from the Dallas North Tollway to Spring Creek Parkway.



## Thoroughfare Plan Map Amendments 2007 Update

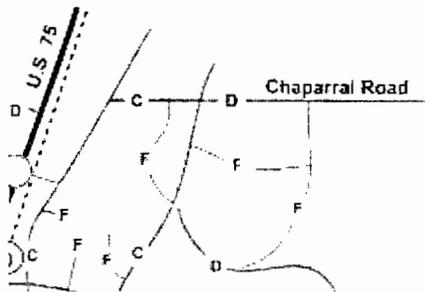
### 1. Northwest Spring Creek Parkway and K Avenue

Amend map to display original configuration of two (2) Type F thoroughfares, one extending east from K Avenue and the other extending north of Spring Creek Parkway. Current map shows Type E thoroughfare from Spring Creek Parkway connecting with Legacy Drive at K Avenue.



### 2. Chaparral Road – From K Avenue to Cottonwood Creek

Retain Type C designation for Chaparral Road from K Avenue to Jupiter Road. Amend map to show Type D designation from Jupiter Road to the Plano city limits at Cottonwood Creek.



CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 22**

**Discussion:** Discontinuation of Impact Fee Program

**Applicant:** City of Plano

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Request that the Planning & Zoning Commission, acting in its capacity as the Impact Fee Advisory Committee, consider recommending to City Council that the city's Water and Sewer Impact Fee Program be discontinued.

**BACKGROUND:**

On October 22, 2007, City Council directed staff to initiate a process for discontinuing Plano's Water and Sewer Impact Fee Program on the following basis. Although no specific process is outlined in state law for discontinuing the program, City Council requested a recommendation from the Planning & Zoning Commission as the Impact Fee Advisory Committee.

Terminating the Water and Sewer Impact Fee Program would not change the status of the Neighborhood Park Fee Program. It was established under a different state statute and can continue to function regardless of any action taken by City Council on the Impact Fee Program.

Plano's Impact Fee Program was initiated in 1990 in accordance with Chapter 395 of the Texas Local Government Code. Chapter 395 was adopted by the Texas Legislature in 1989 to establish a formal process for cities to follow before requiring developers to participate in the infrastructure costs. Since that time, Plano has collected \$44.86 million in water and sanitary sewer impact fees. Plano has typically applied a cost recovery rate of 50-55% of the maximum fee. The maximum per unit fee results from a periodic update of our land use assumptions and Capital Improvements Plan (CIP) from which the costs of providing for new growth are estimated. **If the Impact Fee Program is continued, the next update will need to be completed by February 2008.**

Plano's per unit fee is based on water meter size starting with the diameter of opening required to serve the typical single-family home (3/4 inch) and increasing to that necessary to serve a major commercial development (10 inches). The current fee schedule is attached.

Although updates are required every five years, the CIP is based on a ten-year growth period. In less than five years, Plano has already collected \$9 million (77%) of the \$11.6 million projected for the ten year period from 2003-2013. Plano's Impact Fee Fund currently contains approximately \$2.5 million of which \$1.2 million is committed to debt service in 2007-2008.

The remainder will be used for debt service in the future until all funds are expended. All funds must be applied to the installation of new infrastructure or the retirement of debt incurred to finance projects contained in the CIP. **Any excess funds not spent as proposed in the CIP must be returned to developers. Reimbursement for this purpose has not been necessary in the past.**

#### **REMARKS:**

The following points were presented to City Council in consideration of discontinuing the program.

The city is nearing completion of its basic infrastructure system and the impact fees cannot be applied to repair and replacement.

1. A major portion of Plano's future residential development will occur on small infill tracts with fewer lots and greater per unit investment by developers. Impact fees will be passed on to homebuyers in the form of higher housing costs at a time when we should create more housing opportunities, particularly for the local workforce.
2. The lack of impact fees could add to Plano's incentive package when competing with cities for business and residential development. As a DART member city, Plano lacks the ability to apply sales tax revenues to economic development like competing cities to the north. Several of the 13 DART member cities do not have impact fees. Table 1 at the end of this report provides this information.

The Utilities Element of the Comprehensive Plan, as adopted in October 2006, noted that more than 95% of Plano's water and sanitary sewer system was in place and recommended consideration of discontinuing the program before undertaking the 2008 update. The level is now nearing 100%.

Before investing \$50,000 in consulting fees for financial, engineering, and legal assistance in the update, now may be an appropriate time to terminate Plano's program. Approximately 5,060 acres (11%) of Plano's developable land is unplatted and 9,500 acres (20%) is yet to be developed. Over the past 17 years of substantial growth, the City of Plano has used its Impact Fee Program to provide for reasonable sharing of infrastructure costs with developers and new property owners. As growth levels off and Plano's attention turns to redevelopment and revitalization, impact fees will play a lesser role in meeting the city's infrastructure requirements. Instead, efforts could be shifted to encouraging new development, redevelopment and infill development to expand and stabilize the tax base. Reducing development costs by eliminating one of the fees imposed on developers should be strongly considered.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

If the Commission feels adequately informed on the matter, approval of discontinuing the Impact Fee Program is recommended. If the Commission wishes to study the matter further, it is recommended that this item be tabled until the next meeting and with directions to staff on additional information it may provide.

**TABLE 1**

**Use of Impact Fees by DART Member Cities\***

<b>DART Member City</b>	<b>Use of Impact Fees</b>
Addison	No
Carrollton	Yes
Cockrell Hill	Yes
Dallas	No
Farmers Branch	No
Garland	Yes
Glenn Heights	Yes
Highland Park	No
Irving	No
Plano	Yes
Richardson	No
Rowlett	Yes
University Park	No
<b>Total</b>	<b>Yes - 6 (46%) No - 7 (54%)</b>

\* Survey conducted by City of Plano Planning Department October 2007

**SCHEDULE 2  
COLLECTION SCHEDULE FOR  
WATER AND WASTEWATER FACILITIES**

<b>METER SIZE</b>	<b>WATER</b>	<b>WASTEWATER</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
¾ Inch Meter	\$912	\$329	\$1,241
1 Inch Meter	\$1,550	\$559	\$2,109
1 ½ Inch Meter	\$3,648	\$1,316	\$4,964
2 Inch Meter	\$4,833	\$1,743	\$6,576
3 Inch Meter	\$9,757	\$3,519	\$13,276
4 Inch Meter	\$15,229	\$5,493	\$20,722
6 Inch Meter	\$30,366	\$10,952	\$41,318
8 Inch Meter	\$48,604	\$17,530	\$66,134
10 Inch Meter	\$69,943	\$25,227	\$95,170

CITY OF PLANO  
PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

November 5, 2007

**Agenda Item No. 23**

**Discussion and Direction:** Selection of 2008 Work Session Meeting Dates

**Applicant:** City of Plano

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**DESCRIPTION:**

Discussion and direction on the selection of Planning & Zoning Commission work session dates and times for 2008.

**REMARKS:**

The purpose of this item is to select tentative work session dates for 2008. For 2007, the work session dates occur on Tuesday following the regular Planning & Zoning Commission meetings. In previous years, the Commission work session dates have alternated on Tuesday and Wednesday following the regular Planning & Zoning Commission meetings. Work session start times have generally begun at 6:30 p.m.; however, the start time can be revisited.

Attached under separate cover is a schedule that shows the regularly scheduled Planning & Zoning Commission meeting dates, City Council meeting dates, and city holidays. Generally, dates that are not highlighted on the schedule are available for work sessions subject to availability of the Council Chambers.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Recommended that the Commission select at least one day per month for tentative work session dates.